NEW YORK CLIPPER

THE OLDEST AMERICAN SPORTING AND THEATRICAL JOURNAL.

FRANK QUEEN, Editor and Proprietor. | NEW YORK, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1871. | VOLUME XVIII—No. 45. PRICE TEN CENTS.

BETROTHED.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,
BY F. J. WILLOUGHBY.

A cabin, overrun with vines;
In front, a homely flower garden,
Hedged in by stately hollyhocks,
And one tall tree that stands as warden.

On either side the well swept walk
Are beds of pinks in tangly mazes,
And row on row of buttercups,
And violets and meek-eyed daisies.

A bee hive stands upon the right,
Surrounded quite by currant bushes;
And on the left a prairie rose,
Like bashful lover, warmly blushes.

And peering 'round the cabin wall,
(The side that greets the sun's uprising),
A well, with rusty, creaking crank,
That turns with suddenness surprising.

And though you spy no human face
About this spot so beauty laden,
The bird cage by the window-sill
Hints, shrewdly, of an unseen maiden.

Ah! should you enter through the door,
Or steal a glance 'tween morning glories
That drape the window, you would see
A damsel meet for poets' stories!

What, think you, makes the sunny smile
Upon her lips delight to linger?
A tiny ring but yester eve
I slipped upon her willing finger.

ON SILVER WINGS.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "JOYCE DORMER'S" STORY.

CHAPTER I.

TWO ROOMS AT THE TOP OF THE HOUSE.

Two rooms at the top of an old-fashioned country house, that stood on the slope of a hill facing due west, so that the fierce, burning sun came pouring in through the summer afternoons, fading carpets and curtains, and making the somewhat tarnished gilding of the picture frames look more tarnished than ever, in the brilliant, uncompromising light. There was no help for it, unless the Venetian blinds were drawn down, or the outer shutters closed, and the house darkened, as though there had been a death in it. Vivid light, or almost total darkness—there was no alternative; or, at any rate, no one had ever attempted any. Therefore, sometimes, the house was closed up in the manner described, sometimes every blind was drawn up as high as it would go, every shutter thrown back, and the dazzling sunshine flooded the rooms in undisturbed brightness.

Just as it suited the humor of the master of the house. Sunshine or cloud, heat or cold, produced no regulating effect. He was his own barometer. As his will willed it, so was the weather to him, entirely independent of atmospheric influences.

A man of middle height, verging on thirty years or age—pale, restless, with dark eyes, that might have had much more in them to read if people could only have fathomed them, or if their possessor had been of sufficiently stable mood to retain one expression long enough for any one to comprehend it. But the eye shone out with such varied meaning in the space of a few seconds, that people came to the conclusion that nothing could be gathered from them, and that Jasper Seaton was a man of too changeable a character to put much faith in.

Perhaps they were right. He was passionate, and full of whims, which made him appear wavering; yet he had no lack of determination—only, unfortunately, it was overruled by caprice.

"Why has Di the two worst rooms in the house?" asked Jasper Seaton of his mother.

Mrs. Seaton was placidly sitting in the full blaze of the sun, which was gradually turning the faded roses on the carpet to a sicklier autumnal hue, which contrasted unfavorably with the deep crimson counterparts in the more shaded and secluded portions of the room.

Mrs. Seaton did not mind the sun; neither did she mind the gloom when the house was darkened. She was pleased with what pleased her son, and everything that did not please him was, in her eyes, rank heresy. Therefore his question startled her a little.

"I wrote to say that she was to have her choice of rooms," he continued.

"Of course you did, Jasper; and I showed the letter to Di—and Di flew over the house, and in and out of every room, and came down out of breath, to tell me that she would have the two at the top of the house, in the north wing, that had been shut up so long. I don't know why, unless it was that she had found a piece of tapestry on one of the walls."

"Anne wished her to have the rooms she used to have," said Jasper, half in soliloquy.

"You did not say so, Jasper, or perhaps Di would have taken them. She was very fond of Anne when she was staying here. Anne was the only one who had any influence over her. She's terribly willful."

"Pshaw!"

"Shall I tell her that Anne wished her to have her rooms? I dare say she would move down if she knew it."

"No," said Jasper; "no—don't say anything about it. She's chosen for herself; let her keep her choice. But what could have induced her to go up there?"

"She says she is so quiet."

"Quiet! What does Di care about quietness?"

"It's come upon her since her engagement; and perhaps Anne's death has had something to do with it."

And Mrs. Seaton began to sob gently at the remembrance of her lost daughter.

But Jasper only heard the first part of her speech.

"Engagement!" he repeated. "Engaged since I went away? There's not been time. And who on earth is there for her to get engaged to here?"

"I thought you would know all about it, Jasper."

"How should I?"

"Did not Di write to you?"

"Not about that. Who is it? Where did she meet him?"

Mrs. Seaton had been contemplating her son attentively, and saw that he was more than usually annoyed. She began to be doubtful of the part she had taken in countenancing the hasty engagement; so began to defend herself before she was attacked.

"I thought you would be delighted, Jasper. It will be such a relief to get Diana off our hands, and comfortably settled in life; and he's a young man of good family and ex—— that is, tolerable prospects; and I am sure that Diana is already beginning to be quite a different creature; and poor Anne, she would be sure to approve—such a very amiable young man. He——"

"Who is it?" asked Jasper Seaton, impatiently.

"I don't think you have heard his name. He came to read with the rector the day after you went off to poor Anne. Let me see—that is about two months ago. He's going into the Church. His uncle, or his godfather, or it may be his grandfather, I cannot be sure," said Mrs. Seaton——

"Never mind," interrupted her son; "what is his name?"

"Cartaret—John Carteret. His father is a chancery barrister. Rather a large family; and this is the third son. His mother is a relation of Lady Pechford, of Driffington. You remember her, don't you? I think Mr. Carteret's second name is Pechford. Yes, it is John Pechford Carteret; Rev. John Pechford Carteret it will be. It is better than we might have expected for a girl without a penny, like Di."

Jasper Seaton started slightly, then he repeated:—

"John Pechford Carteret—going into the Church! What nonsense! Quite unsuitable for a girl like Di. Is he going to teach her theology?" And his lip curled contemptuously.

"I am sure it is a great blessing," murmured Mrs. Seaton. "Other people's children are never like one's own. One never knows what to do with them. How Robert Ellis could think of leaving you guardian to his child I cannot imagine. Why couldn't he have thrown her upon his own family?"

Jasper Seaton answered nothing. He strode up and down the room in the glaring sunlight, and twenty varied expressions flitted over his restless countenance.

Mrs. Seaton did not puzzle herself with attempting to analyze them; her son was beyond her comprehension, and she was content he should be. He was her only son—her only child, now that Anne was dead. He had been more to her even than her daughter; for her daughter had been married early, and had lived all her married life in France, and had died there within the last two months, after a short widowhood spent among her husband's relatives.

"You were much too young to be made a guardian. Let me see; it's twelve years since Di came to us—going on for thirteen. It was absurd. But I dare say Robert Ellis thought you would marry her in the end; and, perhaps you might have done, if this had not fortunately happened to prevent it. Di is getting quite a woman now, and there's no saying what unlikely things may happen when people are thrown together."

Jasper Seaton might or might not have heard his mother's speculations; if he had, he paid no attention to them; he was pursuing his own train of thought.

"Only two months since! There has not been time enough!" he ejaculated.

"Oh, you know how impulsive Di is, and how she settles everything in a moment, and takes a fancy to people at first sight."

"Does she?" inquired Jasper, half sarcastically.

"Well, to some people," replied Mrs. Seaton. "If you remember, she was devoted to Anne from the first minute she saw her, and almost broke her heart when she went away again."

"Anne is not every one, and Anne was very fond of her." And a peculiar expression passed over Jasper's face. "I don't remember any one else having found favor in her eyes."

"She was infatuatedly attached to Dolly, and is just as foolish about Dolly's child—"

"Dolly was her nurse."

"Beggars, and all the idle children in the village."

"She's a sort of waif and stray herself; so, perhaps, has a sympathetic feeling."

"Very likely that may account for it," said Mrs. Seaton, a grateful ray of light breaking in upon her; "and she's as willful and idle as needs be—and, now I come to think of it, never did take a fancy to respectable people—the rector, for instance, she would go half a mile out of her way at any time rather than meet him, and she shuts her eyes all through the sermons. I believe she determines not to listen to them. No—I suppose she doesn't take much to respectable sort of people."

"Such as ourselves," suggested Jasper, cynically.

"Jasper," returned Mrs. Seaton, "you know, just as well as I do, that she's as fanciful as the day's long; and she takes a liking here, and a dislike there, without any reason whatever."

Jasper again repeated:—

"But two months—it's absurd!"

"Not at all. John Carteret was quiet, and a contrast to herself, and somehow they became friends—through opposition of character, I suppose; and before I thought of anything but their being likely to quarrel in the course of a fortnight, she came and told me she was engaged. One can't imagine how such an idea as marriage came into her head—she's seen nothing of the world."

"And therefore believes in it," added Jasper Seaton bitterly. "This is the most absurd thing that ever happened—it can't be thought of for a moment."

"Why?" and Mrs. Seaton looked up, bewildered.

She could not in the least follow out the arguments that were going on in her son's mind. She could not understand why he should wish to oppose a marriage that would relieve them of what she had long felt to be a burden. "Unless"—and here a new idea darted into her mind—"unless it may turn out a more expensive thing than her being unmarried. He might think he ought to give her a handsome dowry, as John Carteret has to make his way in the world; and doubtless he feels that he has spent enough upon her already, which I am sure he has done. Yes, he must want her to marry a rich man. Of course he does. Jasper is far seeing, and I am afraid I have been very unwise in allowing this engagement; but it's impossible to contend with such a girl as Di."

And Mrs. Seaton—without waiting for an answer to her "Why?"—felt perfectly satisfied that there was no occasion for one. So, folding her hands complacently, she basked in the great yellow rays that came burning into the room, and fell to lamenting the day that Robert Ellis had died, and sent his daughter home to England.

Jasper Seaton continued pacing up and down the room. Perhaps it was the heat that had sent the dark, angry flash across his face. Perhaps it was the dazzling light that had caused his eyebrows to contract; and yet the clear, dark eyes gleamed steadily from under them, as though gifted with the property of the eagle's.

Presently he spoke again, but without the slightest reference to the intermediate conversation.

"And so badly furnished. Where did all the rubbish come from?"

"Di chose it all, arranged it all, and was in an ecstacy of delight when it was finished. I can't think why Di wanted to change at all; her old room was much more comfortable."

"Then you have been up there, mother?"

"Yes."

"The only redeeming feature is the collection of flowers just outside the west window."

"I did not look at it. It made me shudder to see Di standing out on that unprotected ledge, or roof, or whatever it may be—she calls it a balcony. There must be a railing put up."

"Only a square of carpet in the middle of the floor."

"Di said it was summer time, and it would be cooler without carpets."

"She used not to mind the heat. And a deal table and a worsted cloth on it."

"She preferred it to any other."

"What can have come over the girl? She was so luxurious, so gorgeous in her tastes."

"I don't know. I suppose it is a new phase of character," answered Mrs. Seaton, a little wearily.

The sun was so overpowering now, that she was compelled to move more into the shade.

"I really think the blinds might be down to-day—it is so hot," said she, involuntarily.

"Hot!" replied her son, and he laid his hand upon hers.

"Why, Jasper!" she exclaimed, "your hand is as as cold as ice."

CHAPTER II.

THE OCCUPANT OF THE TWO ROOMS.

A low room in the roof, with heavy beams across; one window looking northward along a low range of hills that sloped gently down in the broad valley, their sunny sides covered in spring with a glowing mass of apple blossom; another window opening upon the flat roof of an under projection, and looking towards the west, where, evening after evening, the sun descended in a blaze of splendor, sinking to rest in a clear, cloudless space of purest daffodil, or dropping down through amethyst and crimson bars, until the distant forest seemed on fire, and then the sun was lost.

This western window looked over the valley, with its winding stream, the village spire, the dotted cottages, and the half hidden peaks of the rectory; over park-like sweeps of pasture land that lay between the house and the high road, and upon the great avenue of chestnut trees that led to the great iron gates with dolphins standing on their curled tails, executed in tolerable workmanship, on the summit of the pillars.

"It was the pleasantest room in the house," Diana had declared, when Mrs. Seaton remonstrated with her on her choice. "She liked to have a room high up: it seemed nearer to heaven."

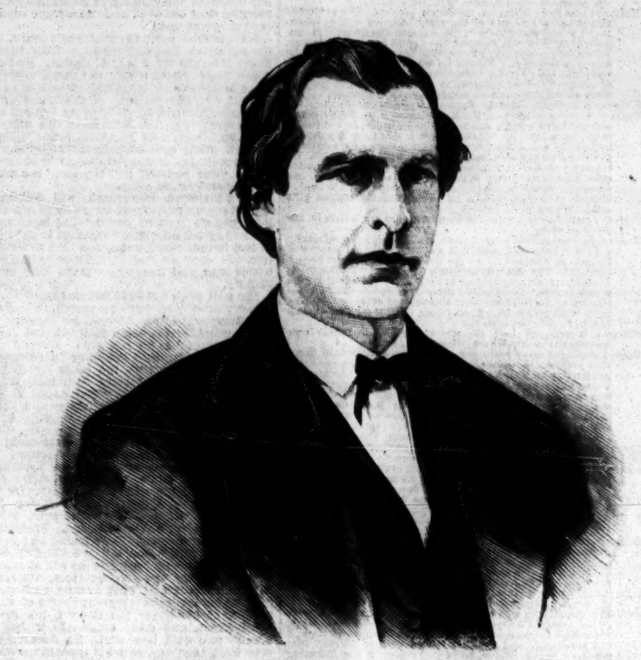
Whereat Mrs. Seaton wondered; for Diana was not given to serious meditation. One side of the room was covered with an old piece of tapestry, a good deal faded in parts, but whereupon one might trace part of the story of Persephone; and a classical dictionary, lying upon the table, showed that Di had been making researches and piecing the story together.

There was, as Jasper had said, only a square of carpet in the middle of the floor, and that of somewhat dingy appearance. Against the wall, opposite to the tapestry, were all the pictures of which Di was possessed, and which she had collected since childhood—some in frames, some without and over the fireplace—which was of Gothic design; reared on brackets, were two figures, painted bronze color—one a soldier of the time of Francis I, the other a Roman warrior. The mantelpiece boasted two plaster casts of classic subjects; two lions, after Michael Angelo, also in plaster; several china cats and dogs; a china cottage, with a scarlet roof and a chimney much too large for it; a scent bottle, and a pair of doll's candlesticks.

The furniture of the apartment consisted of one or two shabby cane chairs, a low rocking chair, a footstool, some bookshelves, an old fashioned press, and the deal table with the worsted table cover of which Jasper had spoken with so much contempt.

In fact, if one came to analyze the contents of the sitting room, one would come to the conclusion that they consisted of an assortment of odds and ends that had been turned out of every other room in the house. There was, however, one exception to the shabbiness of the general belongings, and this was a beautiful inlaid cabinet, of Indian workmanship, upon which were placed a rare Indian vase—holding at the present time a bouquet of large white lilies—and a small Bible, splendidly bound, with a gold clasp, whereon was engraven, "Diana Ellis, the Gift of her Father." That it had scarcely ever been opened was very apparent; yet, that it was held in peculiar reverence was equally apparent also.

But, despite its incongruous contents, the general effect of the room was not ungraceful; the general arrangement was harmonious, and the colors blended so as to be in keeping with the faded tapestry, whilst the brilliant scarlet of the table cover was toned down



JOHN McCULLOUGH, Tragedian.

For Biographical Sketch see Page 357.

by the rusty bindings of the books that lay upon it; the dark mahogany chest, and a great china bowl, filled with roses of all shades, from faint blush to deep crimson, whose delicate fragrance stole through the room, and mingled with the scent that the west wind wafted in from the flowers in the so-called balcony.

Into this room and the adjoining one—that served as a bed-room, and might have belonged to an ascetic—had Diana Ellis moved all her worldly possessions. As may be judged, they were not great, and had they been put up at auction it would probably have puzzled the most imaginative auctioneer to appraise them to any advantage. And in the midst of her household gods, with her head leaning against the back of the low chair, sat Diana herself, contemplating, with supreme content, the result of her labors.

Small, slender, with a slightly brunette complexion and yellow hair—regularly yellow, soft, tawny yellow, and no other color—her eyes were the deepest imaginable violet, with black lashes. She was, perhaps, more singular looking than pretty, but, as one came to know the face, the singularity grew into something more charming even than regular beauty.

There was a scornful twist in the lips, and a defiant flash in the dark eyes, and a nervous clenching of the hands that lay as passive as it was possible for one of so mobile a nature to keep them—all telling of a quick, passionate nature, unused to much control, whilst her little foot tapped impatiently on the floor. And yet Diana was comparatively at rest. Suddenly, a softer gleam stole into her eyes, and the lips parted in a half smile, as she pushed back a lock of yellow hair that had fallen down, and a flush of happiness spread itself over her face like a halo of glory.

Over twelve years since she had come to live with Jasper Seaton and his mother. How bright everything was growing all at once!

Over twelve years since, a yellow, sickly looking child, under the convoy of a good humored, sunburnt captain of an East Indiaman, had arrived at Broadmead. It had glowered furtively from under its shock of tangled hair at Mrs. Seaton and her son, and had evidently not been favorably impressed, for it screamed convulsively when they attempted to disengage it from the jovial sailor, to whom it clung like a wild animal. But when at length the separation was accomplished, and the captain drove off, the child crouched in a corner of the room and sobbed until it could sob no longer, and, exhausted, fell asleep, with its head on a footstool, and the unkempt locks lalling about, and the yellow face swollen and patched with red.

"What a very ugly child!" said Mrs. Seaton, contemplating the new arrival.

The swollen eyelids slowly unclosed, and the child gazed fixedly upon her.

"Hush, mother, she is not asleep."

"Nonsense, these Indian children don't understand much English, and this one seems a stupid little thing."

"Take care; she's doubtless picked up a good deal coming over."

"Captain, captain—me want me's captain," wailed the child."

"The captain's gone away; you won't see him any more," said Mrs. Seaton. "You must get up now, and be a good child, and not cry any more."

"Me not be good! Me not tay here! Captain, captain!"

And she began to sob louder than ever, and to scream so vehemently, that Mrs. Seaton, retiring to a distance, regarded her in despair."

"What on earth shall we do with her, Jasper?"

Jasper approached and tried his powers of consolation.

"Det away, det away, bad man!" and she raised her hand, and dealt so sharp a blow on Jasper's cheek, that he started with surprise.

"Passionate—a young tigress!" commented Mrs. Seaton, contemplating her iron her position of security. "One would think her father had been a heathen; at any rate, she's been brought up one."

Jasper looked round the room in search of some diversion, and his eye fell upon a dish of strawberries that was on the table. He put some on a plate, and, approaching cautiously, offered them to her.

"Nice strawberries," said he.

The child turned away her head languidly."

"Very nice," he continued, encouraged by her apathy, and he held the plate nearer. Still she kept her face turned away, and he laid it down beside her.

The cold edge touched one little brown hand. She started round, and, raising the plate, flung it and its contents across the room. The beautiful china shivered into fragments, and one of the strawberries, rebounding against Mrs. Seaton's delicate silk dress, left thereon a crimson stain.

"You naughty child," she exclaimed; starting up, "you very naughty, bad child" And she gave her a sharp slap on the arm.

The child uttered no cry, but looked up at Mrs. Seaton with a perplexed look, in which amazement, anger and terror, were strangely mingled. Then crouching back into the corner, she glared at Jasper and his mother like a savage creature brought to bay.

"I don't know what is to be done with her. I can't let Prime be worried with her. She'll be one person's work, that is very certain. She must be tamed before she can come into civilized society."

And Mrs. Seaton, struck with a sudden idea, rang the bell.

"Send Dolly here."

Dolly was the under-housemaid, who had recently been promoted from her village home to a situation at the great house. A buxom, comely, country girl, strong and stalwart, but withal soft and tender hearted, especially to dumb animals and young children.

"Dolly," said Mrs. Seaton, "you've been accustomed to children—see if you can make anything of that untamed one."

"Poor little soul!" said Dolly, compassionately.

Dolly had been on the look out for some days for the little Indian orphan, who was coming hundreds of miles over the sea.

"Naughty little soul!" responded Mrs. Seaton, "though I doubt if she's got one. Take her away at once, and don't let me see her again to-day."

Dolly approached her charge.

"Don't it cry, darling; poor darling, poor birdie," she said, in a sort of cooing voice, as though she were speaking to a pet pigeon. "Come with its own Dolly, theres a love. Hush it, hush it," cooed Dolly, though the child did not utter a sound. "Hush it," continued Dolly, soothingly, as she approached. "Poor pigeon, poor pigeon—hush it, hush it!"

There was some fascination in the voice or manner, for the child, thus apostrophized, suffered Dolly to take it in her arms, and, laying its head on Dolly's shoulder, was carried off in triumph.

Jasper and his mother looked at each other.

"Wonderful!" said Jasper.

"Some people have a way with children," said Mrs. Seaton. "I have not, though I scarcely call that a child; she seems like a young fiend—or, at any rate, a changeling, if one could believe in fairy superstitions. What eyes she has! They are scarcely human!"

Jasper Seaton was tempted to agree with his mother and to vituperate Robert Ellis for leaving him guardian to his child.

"She must be sent to school as soon as possible," he said. "I suppose they will know how to teach her there."

Mrs. Seaton sighed.

"If Robert Ellis did like Anne, and Anne didn't like him, I don't see that it was any reason why he should leave his child a burden to our family," she said.

Which reasoning seemed rational enough.

"He was my father's friend. Besides, I am in Robert Ellis' debt," answered Jasper, shortly.

"Well, you're in a way to repay it, with interest," returned his mother.

And Jasper answered:—

"So it seems."

Thus Diana had arrived like a whirlwind, spreading confusion in the household of Broadmead. And she continued on in a whirlwind. She and Mrs. Seaton appeared to act as irritants to each other; and therefore it came to pass that Diana was given over entirely to Dolly, who was installed as nursemaid in a remote part of the house. Consequently, Dolly was in the seventh heaven of importance and delight; and Diana infinitely preferred the nursery domains to those of the drawing-room. The latter she seldom entered without leaving it in disgrace; therefore she spent most of her time in retirement with Dolly, a pet spaniel and occasional kittens. This continued until she was ten years of age, by which time she had learned to read and write, and could play any tune by ear on the pianoforte.

"Should she not be sent to school?" asked Jasper.

But Mrs. Seaton demurred.

"It was a useless expense; but, as she seemed to have a talent for music, she could take lessons from the village organist. If a girl could read and write, and had one accomplishment, it was enough for her. Perhaps she might have a voice, and many girls were married for their singing. Perhaps Diana might be, if people did not find out what a fearful temper she had."

So Diana took lessons from the village organist, and had an old piano sent up into the nursery, upon which she practised half the day, to her heart's great content.

The village organist was a foreigner, a musical genius—a man who had grown old over his beloved organ, and musty old volumes of Corelli, Clementi, Pergolesi, Marcello and a host of other beloved Italian composers. He was enthusiastic over his pupil; and Diana progressed marvellously. The music appeared to have a beneficial influence upon her.

"Music hath charms to sooth the savage breast," quoted Mrs. Seaton, and she exulted in the success of her plan.

Still the drawing-room visits were generally productive of a storm.

"If you would only try to be good, Miss Diana," said Dolly, after one of these constantly recurring outbreaks.

"It's of no use trying, for I don't know how," returned Diana. Then, after a meditative pause, she asked:—"How did you become good, Dolly?"

"Me, miss?" returned Dolly, overcome by the suggestion, and recurring to her early teaching. "I'm not good Miss—I'm naturally a child of wrath, Miss; but I try to do my duty."

"I thought your mother lived in the village, and your father was Thomas, the gardener, Dolly," returned Diana, with a puzzled look.

"So they are, Miss. It's something else I mean. It's all in the Catechism. I learned it when I wasn't as as old as you, Miss. It's all in the Prayer Book, if you would like to look at it."

And Dolly looked eagerly at her young charge, who had hitherto persistently declined all Dolly's well-meant efforts at religious instruction.

"Should I be good if I learned the Catechism?"

"You'd be a deal better, Miss, no doubt."

"I will look at it," said Diana, condescendingly. "Get it."

Dolly brought out the Prayer Book, and, turning to the Catechism, selected the passage relating to one's duty towards our neighbor. Diana took it, and read attentively until she came to the sentence:—"to order myself lowly and reverently to all my betters."

"What does 'reverently' mean?" she asked.

"Humbly, and with respect," responded Dolly, promptly.

"Who are my betters?"

"The Rector, Miss, and the mistress, Mr. Jasper, and ——"

But Diana interrupted her.

"If that is what the Catechism teaches, I'm not going to learn it." And she closed the book deliberately, and gave it back to Dolly. "I believe," she continued, after a moment's consideration, "that they are not as good as you are. You are not as greedy as the Rector, and you don't go into passions and be cross, like Mrs. Seaton and Jasper. Besides, you always speak the truth. I should think you were my better, Dolly."

"Oh! no, Miss," replied Dolly, shocked at the heterodox idea. "I'm not your better, Miss; its only the mistress and such like."

"Oh!" said Diana, nodding her head, gravely—"then Dolly, I have no opinion of the Catechism."

And thus ended Dolly's ethical and religious effort.

TO BE CONTINUED.

SWEET SIXTEEN AT SCHOOL.—A story is told of a little affair which took place in one of the schools of the Nutmeg state. "The principal of the school in question attempted the other day to break one of his pupils—a sprightly miss of sweet sixteen—of the habit of scribbling upon her slate. Seeing that she had written the name of her reputed lover, the principal took the slate and he'd it up before the school, saying, after having read the name distinctly, 'Children, can you tell me who that gentleman is? I have seen his name upon Ella's slate several times. He must certainly be of some importance.' After a pause, the principal continued, while all eyes were fixed intently upon Ella:—'Who is he? Is he the President of the United States?' 'Why, no, sir!' exclaimed the roguish girl, with a very sober look, apparently wishing to clear up the mystery; 'he is a real nice young fellow down to Bloomington Point.'"

TOM BLIGHT THE GROOM;
OR,
THE MYSTERY OF DOSMERRY POOL.

BY THE AUTHOR OF "THE TEMPTED SISTERS," &C.

CHAPTER XXXII.

"Shut the proud bright sunshine,
From the fading sight!
There needs no ray by the bed of death,
Save the holy taper's light." HEMANS.

It was still daylight when Lord Galton, after hours of dismal self communing, went up stairs to the room where the man he had unwittingly done to death lay. He had seen the doctor and spoken a few words to him.

"Will he die?"

"Yes."

"How soon?"

"Not for four and twenty hours, at least, I should think; he will wake refreshed, will most likely eat and feel better, and then will sink. I have seen many such cases."

"And talking to him will not hurt him?"

"Nothing can do him either good or harm, now; talk to him as much as you like."

So the earl shut himself in the library, desiring he might be called when the man awoke. In the evening Bretton knocked softly at the door.

"Will you come, my lord?" she said.

Her eyes were red with crying, she could weep over the troubles that seemed turning his blood to ice.

"Oh, my lord," she pleaded, "will you not speak a word to my lady?"

"How is she?"

"Dying, I think. She has not spoken since you left her; she lies like a stone, if she would only weep, like me, she would be better."

"All the tears you could shed, Bretton, would not wash out your share of this black business. You have cruelly deceived me."

"Not I, my lord. From that fatal night I knew nothing for many a day; when I recovered you were married. I believed him dead; would you have had me speak and bring shame on her?"

"No, I would not," he replied, hoarsely, "but I might have been prepared for what has happened now."

"I knew nothing, my lord, not even whether what I feared were a dream, or no, until I saw him face to face at the police office. Since that day I have died a thousand times of fright and grief."

"Would I had died before her love for me had made her what she is," he said gloomily. "Go to her, Bretton; tend her carefully; if she speaks of me, tell her I forgive her, but I cannot see her again to-night."

As he spoke, his little girls came along the gallery, each holding a hand of Leicester Gwynn, now once more the heir. Their golden curls (the elder's especially), so like their mother's, fell over the black frocks they wore for their few days old little brother. Their faces were grave, for grief and sickness in a house makes even children *grisly*, but they brightened up at the sight of their father.

"Oh, papa!" the elder exclaimed, bounding to him, "do take us to see mamma! Do you know Leicester says——"

She broke off suddenly, and, awed by the white agony of his face, and Leicester drew back. He was a sensitive boy and he knew well that the sight of him must be painful to his uncle just now. Lord Galton observed the action.

"Do not shrink from me, my lad," he said kindly. "All is better as it is; remember, when you think of this time in years to come, that I said it from my heart."

Then he stooped and kissed his little daughter.

"My darling, you cannot go to mamma now," he said gently. "You must wait till to-morrow, then you shall."

"But she is better, papa?"

"Yes, I hope so. Run away now, there's a good girl. Leicester will amuse you for a while, will you not, my boy?"

"Surely, uncle," he replied, startled at the strange tone. Then, as he turned away, with the children still clinging to him, he heard the earl groan out as though in agony:—"My poor children! My poor girls! What will become of them?"

There was no sign of suffering or even agitation on the face of the wounded man as the earl entered the chamber. Very pale he was, certainly, and the stamp of death was on his still handsome face, but there was no convulsion, no agonized contortion to tell of the coming change.

One of the men servants was sitting by him and medicines and appliances for his comfort were scattered about. He opened his eyes as Lord Galton came into the room and they were clear with the intelligence of quick approaching death.

"I have been looking for you," he said faintly.

"Why?"

"Because I knew she had told you—all, she knew at any rate. She couldn't tell you everything, but I will."

"How do you know what I have been told?"

"Bretton told me; this is no time to bandy words my lord—I am too near the next world. I know what you want to learn of me, will you let me tell you in my own way?"

"In any way, so I learn it, but I have something to say to you. I want you to believe that I struck you unwittingly—that the blow I gave you was given in ignorance; I took you for one of the gang."

"I never thought otherwise, my lord, if I did. I would leave you in ignorance of all you most want to know, but for her sake I'll make a clean breast of it."

Lord Galton sat down by his side and took hold of the restless hand.

"Blight," he said, "believe me I come here with no bitterness, only sorrow in my heart. I believe on my soul that she, my wife, thought you a dead man when she stood up to take her vow of faith and love to me."

"That's right, say your wife; she is yours in the eye of heaven, and when I'm gone you'll right her without scandal, won't you? She should never have been aught to me, but my vanity was flattered and my passions excited by her beauty. It is hard for a groom not to love his master's daughter if he is as much thrown with her as I was."

"Ah—h—don't!" exclaimed the earl with a bitter pain at his heart as he listened.

"Well, well, I needn't pain you; you know all about that time now?"

"Yes—all."

"When she thought she had drowned me she went home; but I had foretailed the blow she intended for me and only ducked, losing most of the jewels in the plunge, for I was startled. It was only stopping in the water a minute or two and then getting out the other side of the pool, where I saw Bretton and carried her home, for she fainted at the sight of what she fancied was the Tantalion ghost."

"I have thought that was you since I heard of your being alive."

"It was; I hung about after the smuggling business, where they buried another man instead of me, and the disguise was safe and sure. If I were not so near the next world I could laugh now when I think how I took in everybody, even the good old parson. I couldn't deceive my mother, though. Poor old soul, will she welcome me in the other world, I wonder?"

He stopped for a few minutes and the earl handed him a cordial which the doctor had left. He had to raise the dying head before it could be swallowed, and it put new life in the lips once more.

"I saw you married, my lord," he said; "saw my wife give herself to you—but for one thing I should have gone mad and killed myself that day."

"And that was?"

"Our child—hers and mine."

"But it was dead—it died in that French convent."

"Oh, no, it didn't. I stole it—stole it from under their noses in broad daylight, and they dared not confess that it was gone to Sir Hugh, who paid so well. What they showed to her I don't know—some wax image, very likely. I had my babe, and I kept her."

"And have had her ever since?"

"No, my lord; I nearly met my death in Australia; I needn't tell you how I came to go to the antipodes, it wouldn't interest you maybe, but I was there, an escaped convict in the bush with others. One of my own pals left me for dead there, and stole a bit of money I had about me. I woke to life to find myself in the grip of the officers and the child gone. I worked out my time, but I swore to have revenge, come when it would, and it has come to-night."

"How?"

"I prevented him from robbing your house, my lord; he was the man I was struggling with. I've kept my oath, but he has killed me; it wasn't your blow, though that was a knock down one, it was his stab."

"And the child—she is—?"

"The girl Tom Barton calls his daughter, little Rose. Did the likeness to her never strike you?"

"Yes; often."

"I can give you all the proofs; besides nature has stamped her my child. I lost my finger by an accident, but heaven, as if to put the seal of truth to my story, has transmitted the disfigurement to her. Will your lordship condescend to reach my coat?"

The coat was reached, but his feeble hand could not grope for what he wanted in the pocket. Lord Galton felt in the pocket, and produced an old leather pocket book.

"Aye, that is it," he said. "You'll find all the papers there, my lord; the marriage certificate and all."

The earl shuddered as he turned over document after document, all incontestably proving the truth of what he had been told. Here was the leaf of the register torn out by Jonathan Trout in the church at Dowlais, there were proofs of Rose's identity, and letters which had passed between Tom Barton and Bilgat, long ago.

"Sir Hugh must have these, my lord," he said. "She is his grandchild, and he will see to her. You won't be hard to her, will you, but let her see her mother sometimes?"

"I shall not interfere," the earl replied in a tone which, had his life depended on it, he could not have made otherwise than bitter. "I shall have no control over her."

"But you will do her mother justice?" he exclaimed, his face flushing and his eyes glittering with arising fever. "Promise me that, Lord Galton. I shan't be in your way many hours; you will marry her when I am gone?"

"I promise," was the answer. "I will do all in my power to keep her name unspotted."

"And, say you forgive me. I would never have come back, but that she would have been accused of murder; those villians had laid a deep plan, but I foiled them, I spoiled their game."

He was getting incoherent, and the earl laid a hand upon his arm.

"If it will comfort you," he said, "to know that I fully and freely forgive you your share in my life's misery, know that I do. I will do all that a man may do for her good in the future, and if ever I can aid your daughter in her way through life, I will do it. Good bye."

"Yes, it's good bye now, my lord. Thank you for your kindness to me; maybe, in the next world we shall know why all this trouble was let come upon us here."

Lord Galton pressed the feverish hand and left the room, sad and sick at heart.

CONCLUDED IN OUR NEXT.

THEATRICAL SYNONYMES.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

JEFFERSON—"Oh, that that Dutchman's draught could be deep as the rolling Zuyder Zee.—*Old Song.*

FLORENCE—"Keep my memory green."

G. L. FOX—"It is meat and drink to me to see a clown."—*Shakespeare.*

FORREST—"He doth bestride the world like a Colossus."

EDWIN ADAMS—"Ay, now am I in Arden."—*Shakespeare, not Tennyson.*

AUGUSTIN DALY—"Give us our Daily bread."

JOHN E. OWENS—"Each change of many colored life he drew."—*Dr. Johnson.*

MONTGOMERY—"Dear Master Waller."—*Knowles.*

MACKEY—"I have a word to say for that, Falstaff."

F. MICHINGS—"Age, I defy thee."

LEFFINGWELL—"Oh, Romeo, wherefore art thou Romeo?"—*Shakespeare (not J. Joshua).*

COULDOCK—"There is a willow grows askant the brook."—*Shakespeare.*

HENDERSON—"Fancies light as (k)air."—*Cockneyism.*

BARNEY WILLIAMS—"Let's go Brag."—*Irish Politician.*

ROBERT MCWADE—"Robert toi que j'aime."—*Operatic Morceau.*

MRS. BOWERS—"The right Bauer."—*Euchre.*

LOTTA—"We'll have a little dance to-night, boys."—*Billy Birch's Gems of Minstrelsy.*

AGNES BYRNE—"Agnes, beauteous flower."—*Ancient Melody.*

LYDIA THOMPSON—"Thompson with a P."—*Burton (not the walker-about).*

MAGGIE MITCHELL—"Cricket on the Hearth."—*Chas. Dickens.*

KATE REIGNOLDS—"My Kate, my Kate, my bonnie Kate."—*Shakespeare.*

MRS. SIDDONS—"Oh, canny Scot."—*Trite Aphorism.*

MRS. LANDER—"There's nobody I knows on like Betsy."—*Chas. Dickens.*

KATE NEWTON—"Mullier Formosa."—*Horace.*

Dec. 20th, 1870. HARRY LINDLEY, Comedian.

"OUD ON DER FLY."—NO. 20.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.
BY OOFTY GOOFT.

How is dis for cold vedder? I'm a bedding dot you didn'd nefer saw any colder blace as dis in your life—did you, old man? No, I know you didn'd. Der vedder's so cold as a dorg's nose, und dere's one you can bet dot's any colder as dot, und dot's sharidy. Sharidy is der coldest ding in der vide vorld, und of you don'd believe it just go broke some fine morning und led der vorld know dot you and got a cend. See how many vill shduck to you. See how many of dem beeples dot now meed you in der morning und shake hands mit you, and say, "Goot morning, Sharley, how's Oofty dis morning?" vill rush up to you. Oh, no, dey'll shake you, bud not by der hand. Ife been dere, old feller. Ife had some of id, and I know just eckseckly how der old ding vorks; you can'd foot your ungle, he was dere already. You a prize or a woman's going on hill, Sharley, every von is willing to help down der day are near der dop; every von vill gife dem a bush along; bud, of dey shtib or dumble, or durn back, every von vill go for dem and gife dem a send off to der boddom as gvick as dey kin. May be dere and no beedry in dis, bud dere's a heab of drueness.

Dis goot looking gendleman mit der vide bair of shoulder, dot looks as if he vood rasdle beedy vell, is Senador Mike Norton, der Dunderhead of der Eighd Vard. Norton is vat is dermed a self made man, und he kin dank nopody bud himself for der boshishon he oggubies. A goot many men in New York owe deir boshishons to somepody else—dey hafe been shofed ahead by somepody pehind dem, und ven dey do gid a nomimashion dot's almost next to a unbossibility to elect dem. I know some shoosers in New York city dot are now a vay on dot hafe been shofed dere by oders, dot of dey vas left alone und led draiet on deir merids, vood now be gleaning fish or going round mit a hand-cart buying old boddles. Und dey are der vons dot pud on der airs doo. Ife seen men in boshishon. Sharley, dot didn'd know enuf to go in der house ven id rained dot vood dake der boshishon of Gofernor of dey dood oney manage to gid der nomimashion. Senador Norton is a man of der beeple—a New Yorker in efery resbecd, und a man of force und indelligence. He is ecksdreemely bopular mit der beeples of all classes in his disdricd, und oney has to run for a boshishon to be easy elected. Ven he dells you anyding you kin go und shvore dot id's just as he says, und I bleef vood radder cud his hand off as deil a lie. He is resbecded by every von dot knows him und is a dib dob feller in efery vay, shabe und form. He has had a boody hardrow to hoe. He gommenced ad der boddom of der ladder, and, although a goot many beeples got hold of his coad dails und dried hard to bull him off und keeb him down, he is all right, coad dails und all, vile dem fellers is avay down ad der boddom, drying to drow mud up ad him. He is a goot feller, und he nefer forgids der boshishon he vonce oggubied. Some fine morning he vill vake up mit a coundy nomimashion, und ven he does he kin go und bet dot I know dwo Brusians dot vill nod only vode for him, bud dey vill vork for him und hellup him along all der know how. Men like him are der men dot's vanted—young men dot hafe god some backbone—men dot sh

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1871.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Single Copy	10 cents	Subscription per annum	$5 00
To Wholesale Dealers	6½ "	" for 6 months	2 50
To Retail Agents	7 "	" for 3 months	1 25

To Clubs of four or more, a deduction of 50 cents will be made from each annual subscription. Subscribers in Canada and the British Provinces, $1 per annum extra, to cover postage.

FRANK QUEEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
Corner of Centre and Leonard streets,
Box 3,360 New York P. O.

NOTICE.

☞ CORRESPONDENTS, advertisers, and all others writing in relation to matters connected with this or any other department of the CLIPPER, are respectfully requested to address their favors to the editor and proprietor, and thereby avoid omissions, mistakes and confusion which are likely to occur when such communications are addressed to our assistants.

NOTICE.

ADVERTISERS must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

To Correspondents.

WILKESBARRE, PA.—"1. In playing the Russian game at backgammon, I throw double trois; I can play but two of them, as the other points that can be reached by trois are occupied by my opponent; am I entitled to play the fours? 2. In throwing double aces, can I move the aces as I choose, or am I compelled to move them in such a manner as to enable me to play the sixes afterwards?".....1. No. 2. The aces must be moved consecutively.

ST. JOHN, New Brunswick.—We cannot now give the exact positions of both white balls. Rudolphe's was near the centre of the table and a trifle out of easy reach. Playing on the spotted deep red, he took right side cushion, next lower cushion and then left side cushion, caroming on spotted light, then on deep red rolling up and kissing the others and all ranging themselves near upper cushion.

S. B., Bridgeport, Conn.—1. Barney Williams is considered the best. 2. Dick Sands was born in Bristol, Eng., May 24, 1840. He was not the first to introduce clog dancing. Jimmy O'Connell was one of the first who danced a clog or wooden shoe dance in this country. He did so in 1839. Violinists in regular bands and variety shows should be qualified to read music at sight. Their salaries range from $25 to $40 per week.

A. L. M., Providence, R. I.—1. Australian Kelly's longest battle was with Jonathan Smith, near Melbourne, Australia, 2,000 miles, 57 rounds, 6 hours and 15 minutes, November, 1855. 2. Dan Dalton and an Unknown are said to have fought 6 hours and 19 minutes, Alburquerque, N. M., June 29th, 1868, an account of which appeared in our columns.

E. B. M., Scranton, Pa.—1. The extra chances were not admissible. 2. The party who broke the rule agreed upon in throwing could not claim another throw; but it could have been insisted upon by the other contestants had they so chosen. The party breaking the rule is the only one in equity that should be called upon to suffer

JOHN, Wasaak, Minn.—"At faro I copper the nine at commencement of deal; after several turns are made the dealer, by mistake, shows the nine in the door to lose. He then declared all bets off from the nine, as the card had showed itself before the turn was made. Can he declare my bet off on I that opened the nine four or five turns previous to the showing of the card?".....He cannot declare off.

SAUL.—We were in error in a reply made in our last; Edwin Forrest *did* play at the Broadway Theatre, corner of Broadway and Broome street, an engagement commencing Sept. 26, 1867. 2. The season at that theatre closed on April 24th, 1869. A supplementary performance took place on April 28th, for the benefit of W. A. Moore.

J. M. THATCHER, Chicago.—The question in regard to the championship is one difficult to answer. In the first place there are no special rules governing such contests, and no regularly appointed umpire of games to settle the question of supremacy, and moreover no Court of Appeals in case of disputes. Hence in this one respect there is no champion club. Thanks for favors.

TRAP, Cleveland.—1. Send $1 to this office, and they will be forwarded. 2. John Taylor is the legitimate champion pigeon-shooter of the United States, and is ready to shoot any one at single and double birds. Paine is only the holder of the Providence Sporting Club badge, and that he has legitimately forfeited by refusing to shoot Bogardus.

E. J. S., Worcester.—1. Cyrille Dion did not play in the tournament of 1869. Deery has beaten him for the championship since that tournament. 2. As it was a mixed 15 cards and we have the deal again, and the bets on hand should have been drawn. 3. Deery has played twice in San Francisco for the diamond cue.

T. C. A., New Orleans.—1. The population of Baltimore, according to the last census, is 267,354. 2. Of course you have been to state. 3. Ex-President Fillmore died in Buffalo, N. Y., in 1869. 4. Items of news are always acceptable.

W. H. H., Montreal.—To pad in the way you refer to is not injurious that we are aware of, but as very few gentlemen have had better take proper physical exercise, and thus develop your muscle and upholster your limbs.

WATERTOWN.—"A, B, and C, D are playing partners at Casino; A deals. C plays by building to a nine and has D two-pairs; A also build to a 9 spot without holding a 9, so as to allow his partner to take it?".....No.

A. M. M., Columbia.—1. The turf rules in England are the same as in America. 2. Several horses are stated to have run a mile in less time than Fanny Ludlow did here, but English time is not taken officially.

EXCHANGE PLACE.—The positions of the horses in the last heat do not govern their claim to second money by the new rules of hustling, as was formerly the case by the old rules. It depends on their positions in previous heats as well as in the last heat.

J. R., Chicago, Ill.—Paris was surrendered before Feb. 1st. It having been left under the civil control of the French by the terms of capitulation or surrender in no sense qualifies the surrender in a military point of view.

BIRMINGHAM.—The trans-Atlantic cable does not rest on the bottom of the ocean all the way across. It rests some 400 miles on the coast of Ireland, then again at Newfoundland, and on the Nova Scotia coast. In the intermediate spaces it floats.

CONSTANT READER, Boston.—Patrick McLaughlin, *alias* "Pangene," was in the bar-room of Stanwix Hall when Bill Poole was shot, and was one of the principal instigators of the affray which ended in the death of Poole.

G. F., Vicksburg.—Wash the dog having the mange with carbolic soap, obtainable of any druggist, or with a mixture of sulphur, 4oz.; common oil, 1 pint; spirits of turpentine, ½ pint, once daily. For distemper, give castor oil every other day, changing the diet.

T. Z., Chicago.—1. He must receive the faced card when first dealing around. 2. He cannot receive the faced card in the draw. 3. The player is not responsible; he must observe that he has been helped to too many cards before he lifts them.

H. W. B., Montreal.—1. The dealer's and player's naturals are a stand-off, the former keeping the deal. 2 No, is a stand off. 3. Triplahia, in some places, beat two pair, and in others three of a kind.

AMATEUR, Albany, N. Y.—There is no work upon that subject specially that we can recommend. You had better send to Edmans for "Physical Exercises," enclosing $2. See his address in another column.

MILAN, Ill.—1. We have been unable to ascertain; but as far as proved, nothing at all warranting the action of the convention, which, by the way, was null and Dinah, and void, and.

PLUG UGLY, Washington.—Send to Ed. James, whose address you will find in another column, for "Physical Exercises" and "Fistiana," price $2 and $2.50 respectively.

A. Detroit.—Don't look for us for the information, and should feel under still greater obligations if you could furnish us with the affidavit of the parties victimized.

SHOO FLY.—If a tie is made upon the number of birds originally shot at, the parties can shoot off or draw the stakes, as they feel disposed; it is not obligatory to shoot off.

QUIZ, New Haven.—1. Nobody, as there never was such a trophy. 2. Joe Coburn fought a draw with Ned Price and beat Gribbin and McCloole.

LEWIS H.—The only way to obtain the desired information is to search the old fire books in the possession of the Exempt Firemen's Association.

A READER, Sharon, Pa.—Sabine's church and "that little church around the corner" are both Episcopalian; the former under the "low" and the latter under the "high" classification.

J. W. T., Worcester, Mass.—After, for the sake of order, the bid has been made in turn on the pitch, the dealer is entitled, for any one to make a higher bid; otherwise it would not be auction pitch.

BOB.—As Paris was surrendered before Feb. 1st, A won by betting that Paris would be taken by that date. A surrender, of course, involves a capture.

OLD SLEDGE, Philadelphia.—At All Fours, when a tie in the count for game occurs, the elder hand, or the first player to the left of the dealer, is entitled to the point.

DOUBT, Mauch Chunk.—At Auction Pitch, the first party having bid one, and the next two, the first bidder must bid three to secure the pitch, providing, of course, that the dealer is willing to take it.

AUCTION PITCH, Fort Wayne, Ind.—It is not customary, neither is it fair, for a player to be held responsible for any part of the bill of expenses accumulated prior to the game in which he takes part.

STOCK EXCHANGE.—At Poker, four aces is the best hand that can be held. A straight flush only beats them by special agreement before commencing to play.

J. F., Sharon, Pa.—Harry Broome beat Bill Perry for the Championship of England in 1851, and held it until 1853, when he forfeited to Perry after retired.

BRUNSWICK, Omaha.—Low, Jack goes out before high game, at seven up, when each party needs two points, because the point for game is the last to be taken.

HARRY K., Rondout, N. Y.—The quotation of "6, 11, 44," has been brought about by the frequency with which those numbers have been and are played at lottery, or "policy," as it is termed.

OFFICER MAC.—A player cannot profit by his own violation of the rules. A having renig'd, the opponents score two points as a penalty.

"AJAX."—We shall be pleased to hear from you at your convenience.

LAW.—We are not sure, but think his address is No. 171 Broadway.

F. F. K., Lowell, Mass.—Thank you. Will wait until he comes again.

A. BRENNER, Pittsburgh.—We shall probably give it a place in our next.

J. M., Waterloo, Ont.—His partner having assisted A, the dealer, could not play it alone, for reasons we have frequently given.

J. MCG., Philadelphia.—Eleven points aside from sweeps, viz.:—Aces, one point each; spades, one; little casino, one; big casino, two; cards, three, and one point for every sweep.

HORNSCHLEIMER.—The dealer must tell how many cards he himself took, but is not obliged to tell how many he gave to other players.

ROOSTER.—If J bet that he would win and didn't, why of course he lost.

CRIBBAGE.—Three fives, a four and an ace count fourteen, viz: eight by fifteens, and six for pair royal.

A. W. B., Newton, Md.—It was a euchre, for which only two points could be scored. 2. C had no right to go it alone against A.

YOUNG SPORT, Lawrenceburg, Pa.—1. About six o'clock. 2. No; will be pleased to hear from you when anything of note transpires.

JACK, Corning, N. Y.—Coburn and McCoole fought once only, the former winning.

CARDIAC, A. M.—It did not reach us in season for that issue, but it was inserted last week

AMATEUR, Milwaukee, Wis.—Waters, Balch & Co., Troy. Paper boats—that's all

SPORT.—The fight between Tom Beasley and Jacob Hyer took place in 1816, and was won by the former.

B. M. W., Baltimore.—You are right in the order of the cards, knave, etc.

SUBSCRIBER.—We must refer you to a history of the United States. Your question involves a lengthened research.

DAN BERDAN.—Send the letters in care of this office and they will reach him.

J. P. C., Boston.—It will cost No. 2 player 9 cents to see No. 3's straddle, and the latter 6 cents to play.

J. J., Nashville.—We are not acquainted with the rules of Bell and Hammer.

ENQUIRER, Milford.—Three aces and two aces beat three aces and two deuces at Poor Dice.

A. C. M., Adrian, Mich.—1. French Fours is a new game to us. 2. Low goes out before high Jack at Auction Pitch.

KENO, Boston.—O having straddled B's blind of $5, it will cost D and B $10 each to come in.

J. C., Sharon.—These cases beat 17 at raffles, but are beaten by three deuces, three trays, etc.

CINCINNATUS, Ohio.—A can claim a sight for the $5 he has down, that being all the money he has.

A. B. Montgomery, Ala.—He has no right, unless allowed to do so by courtesy, to change his call.

W. A. L., Newhaven.—Your partner cannot build on your build of 4's unless he has a 4 in his hand.

E. W. S., Watertown.—A player cannot build on his partner's build.

J. A., Towanda.—You cannot take up the fours after electing to leave them.

POKER, Sunbury.—Three of a kind beat a straight. In some places the rule is the reverse, and in such cases ensign governs.

J. W. K., Atlanta, Ga.—The greatest number of horses leaped over by him was fourteen.

ANXIETY, New Orleans.—Not recorded; he was principally noted as a diver.

ALBANY.—It depends on the density of the soup.

THE LOVELY MOSS, Cincinnati.—Each having two to go, A's Jack turned up and low put him out before B's high game.

H. M., Newark, N. J.—Our opinion is that the party of the first part did not catch the mouse.

TOM AND PHIL, Washington, D. C.—1. Coburn beat McCoole in 80 rounds, 1 hour and 10 minutes, May 5, 1863. 2. Oct. 4, 1864.

F. M. W., Kansas City.—We are not in possession of the statistics.

AN OLD SUBSCRIBER, St. Clair.—Your question is out of our line.

J. R., Milwaukee.—The English Derby is for three-year-olds exclusively.

DICK R., Jefferson, Texas.—It was a fair, legitimate start, to all intents and purposes.

ALLIANCE.—1. C. Mills, Wolters, Start, Ferguson, C. Smith, Pearce, Hatfield, Keeler and Patterson. 2. Not posted. 3. Can't say.

A BASE BALL PLAYER.—Birdsall, Pabor, Goldie, Martin, Shelley, Akin, Smith, Austin and Reah.

E. L. W., Chicago.—We are already attended to in that direction, as you may perceive by looking over our columns.

TOPMAST.—The height of the topmast of a ship of 3,000 tons is about 150 or 160 feet above the water's edge.

A. N. F.—Accepted, and will shortly appear. We cannot call the other to mind.

QUINCY, Boston, Mass.—The lady is playing at Wallack's Theatre, in this city.

SOUTH PARK, San Francisco, Cal.—The "Black Crook" was first produced at Niblo's Garden.

"MOSS," Troy, N. Y.—Mrs. Florence and Mrs. Barney Williams are sisters. 2. Write on one side of the paper only, please.

HORATIO, Boston, Mass.—Walking gentlemen can command from $20 to $40 per week, according to ability.

E. J. W., Newburgh, N. Y.—1. Yes. 2. The firm was Emerson, Allen & Manning.

B. F. B., Manchester, N. H.—Sam Sharpley commenced a series of performances with his show in Washington, D. C., Feb. 6th.

ON THE WING, Bloomington, Ill.—Thanks. Reliable items with correct dates will be acceptable.

JOHNNY.—A song and dance man must have the music for the whole band.

BOBBIE, Toledo, O.—We already have a correspondent in your town.

B. S., Oil City, Pa.—No; we will be pleased to hear from you when anything transpires.

F. W. S., Fall River.—It will cost B 7 chips to play cards; C 6, D 4 and A 8.

KNIGHT, Maberly.—You can find the rules of three card loo in the American Hoyle, published by Dick & Fitzgerald, New York.

SUBSCRIBER, Cincinnati.—We cannot give you the address of Dr. Galloway, veterinary surgeon.

JAS. R. S., Joliet, Ill.—Mace defeated Allen in 10 rounds, occupying 44 minutes

H. M. C.—Yes. The "Black Crook" was played on Jan. 1st, 1868.

W. B. R., Springfield, Mass.—Thomas Fearon, Yonkers, N. Y.

JIM KING.—Can't publish your challenge without a deposit.

W. H., Malone, N. Y.—Mace shout 170 lbs.; Coburn, 160 lbs.

READER, Woodstock.—B is right; A cannot draw the bet.

CHARLES J. K., Seneca Falls.—Thank you, but not needed.

S. R., Wheeling, Va.—A quail is smaller than a partridge.

AMMON ALLBRIGHT.—We have no complete files for sale.

ED. "SHEPHERDSTOWN BLAST."—Respectfully declined.

J. H. W. MITCHELL.—It is No. one's deal next.

A. AND B., Baltimore.—See answer to "BOB."

OLD SPORT, Corning, N. Y.—They did not.

MAC., Washington, D. C.—The Jack.

CASINO, Chicago.—He can do so.

CASINO, Chicago.—Yes.

COMPARATIVE MERITS OF THE MODERN DRAMA.

A certain species of twaddle is noticeable in regard to matters dramatic, which is supposed to be peculiar to the present day, but which is remembered by play-goers of half a century's standing as characterizing the critical conversation of that period. It is manifested in a constant tendency to mourn over "the decline of the drama," and yet it is perfectly susceptible of demonstration that, as far as public taste and the desire to comply with it are concerned, the age in which we live has, if any change, improved. The past score or two of years have given to the world numerous plays of standard merit, which still hold possession of the boards and form the specialties of the principal actors. Most deserving were, perhaps, the productions of Sheridan Knowles, a mediocre actor, who made his appearance in this country when those who are now our pillars of society were boys or green youths, and who finished his career on English soil as a Baptist clergyman—a professional of whose generosity many anecdotes are told. Other writers, from John Howard Payne, who gave the world "Brutus" and "Clari," to Bulwer, who gave it "Richelieu" and the "Lady of Lyons," have commendably maintained the credit of the contemporary dramatic literature. Of Payne, who was an American, and performed many parts in his earlier days, it is related that, wandering one evening in seedy condition, about the streets of Paris, seating himself for rest on the steps of a private mansion, he listened to his own popular air of "Home, Sweet Home"—which was then as now all the rage, sung by stranger lips, whose owner little dreamed that the author was shivering in the night damps upon the door-sill. The then President of the United States (Andrew Jackson, we believe) appointed Payne to a lucrative consulship, and he died in official harness. While the quality of our stage literature proper has not altered for the worse, it is possibly true that of what may be called great actors there is a comparative dearth; of actors, that is to say, like Edmund Kean, Cooke, Cooper and the elder Booth; while of performers of a high average grade of merit in the loftier branches there is even an increased supply. And persons of taste and culture, as well as the unlettered, still throng the standard theatres in even greater multitudes than of yore; for many of the elder Kean's best nights did not yield more than eight or nine hundred dollars, whereas a two thousand dollar house has been a common affair in this city. Compare this circumstance with the failures of the old Park Theatre, where the choicest works of Shakespeare were produced night after night, as well as the sterling old comedies (such as are relied upon as magnets at Wallack's), to "a beggarly account of empty benches." It is undeniable that the "show business," including spectacle and burlesque, has increased in formidable proportion. The Italian opera and the negro minstrels have partially driven off the English opera and the ballad singers—Templeton, Phillips and Dempster—it is true, but many of the sweetest of our popular melodies originated in the minstrel halls, where every one appreciates and applauds them. The staid and formal race of managers like Edmund Simpson and Barry have long since yielded the reins, but a more enterprising and public spirited class have succeeded, who "get up" pabulum for all kinds of palates, in a style and with a lavishness of expense that would have raised the hair on the head of a manager of thirty years since; in consequence of which some pieces enjoy a run of from one to two or three hundred nights: a fact unprecedented in dramatic annals. Some few of the brilliant lights of former time still live among us and occasionally put on the harness, but,

"Superfluous lags the veteran on the stage,"

and few or none of that ilk except Forrest or Hackett can draw an audience now. Some, like Edmon S. Conner, have gracefully retired, and live a life of scholarly ease among their books and paintings. Forrest, the founder of the "robustious" school, is "starring it in the provinces," but the days when managers went afoot from town to town with their personal wardrobes tied up in their handkerchiefs, like the manager in "Wild Oats," have gone for forever, and stage purveyors now are gentlemen of intelligence, worth and ease.

BROTHER TALMAGE'S CHURCH, in Brooklyn, was the scene of an irreligious "unpleasantness" one evening during the past week, growing out of a dispute between two of our dear brothers about a seat. We are grieved to state that a challenge was thrown out in meeting. When are these "brutal" pastimes to cease in the "tabernacles of the holy?"

THE AMERICUS CLUB, of Philadelphia, have arranged for their annual ball, to be held at the Academy of Music, in that city, on the evening of the 13th inst. That it will be one of the chief Terpsichorean events of the season may be fully expected. We thank President McGrath and the gentlemen of the club for a comp imentary invitation.

ALMANAC.—Mr. Edwin James has just published a Sporting and Theatrical Almanac for 1871, which he will be happy to forward to all those in want at 25 cents a copy. His address is 88 and 90 Centre street, this city.

"OUR JIM," in view of the depressed state of the times, intimates his intention to join a soup society. On making inquiry, we find that it is a theatrical supe society he thinks of tackling.

PHILADELPHIA wants the cemeteries to pay taxes, the same as "any other man." Our "suburban" neighbor loses sight of the fact, doubtless, that "dead heads" never pay.

THE PRESENT is said to be the coldest winter France has had in forty years. We were under the impression that Prussia had made it unusually *warm* for her.

A BUTCHER in Paris recently paid four thousand dollars for the three elephants in the Jardin des Plantes. At this rate will he be able to make both ends *meat?*

PARIS HAS NOT been at all healthy this winter, for everybody, especially after eating, has complained of feeling a little *horse.*

THE POPE, notwithstanding his years, is said to be an expert at billiards. "Pope's essays," in this line, are highly commended.

AN OLD "young feller" says that when a man gets grey it is time to *dye.*

THE PRINCESS LOUISE:—"This is the maiden all for Lorne."

RATTING SPORT AT THE HUB.—Sam Turner's annual rat ball was held at his hall, 119 Haverhill street, Boston, on the night of Friday, Jan. 27th, when there was an assemblage of between two and three hundred persons, including besides a large number of the better class of sporting men, lawyers, physicians, politicians, gentlemen of leisure, theatrical managers, merchants and a sprinkling of the white neckcloth fraternity to witness the spectacle. Altogether it was an assemblage such as is very seldom seen at entertainments of this character, measures having been taken to exclude the rougher sort. At the side of the hall, upon a raised platform, was a large, square wire cage, in which the live rats were let loose. The dog and the jolly Sam being in there also. Some ten or fifteen dogs tried their skill and pluck at the sport, till nearly a barrel full of rats were made defunct. The savage manner in which some of the little terriers would make away with the rats was excessively amusing, and produced vociferous applause and laughter. One little black-and-tan, himself hardly larger than a good sized rat, struggled with one till Mr. Rat was obliged to forego any further earthly experience and take his place among his colleagues in the barrel. This part of the exhibition closed by putting in a large, white bull terrier, which slew 31 of the pests in about the length of time it takes to write the fact, without being bitten or showing any signs of injury. After the rats had all been killed, the cage was removed and an exhibition of Italian hand swinging by young McManus was given, following which was some excellent sparring by professionals and amateurs, which was greatly enjoyed. The entertainment, as might be expected from the character of the attendance, was most orderly and well conducted, and everybody came away satisfied with the sport they had witnessed.

MANHATTAN VS. KNICKERBOCKER.—These Lacrosse clubs last week played a series of matches on seat s which left them equal, as far as the score of matches was concerned, but as regards the number of games won, the New Yorkers rather had the best of their Brooklyn friends. The first match took place Jan. 31st, at Brady's Jersey City rink, the Knickerbockers proving successful, they winning three games out of the five which constituted the match. The return trial took place at the Brooklyn rink on Saturday, Feb. 4th, and this time the Manhattans, after an exciting contest, came off the victors in three straight games. This gives a record of five games won by the Manhattans to three by the Knickerbockers out of eight played. The third match will probably be played on the Capitoline lake, as the Empire rink is closed. The first match was for a splendid pair of skates, and the second for a gold medal.

DEATH'S DOINGS.

Weekly Record of the Decease of Prominent Individuals.

COMPILED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

BERGER, Thos. C.—A prominent "sport." See particulars in another column.

CHAMPION, George.—Professor of Music. Further particulars in another column.

DUNNING, Dr. Geo. H.—An old and well known physician of Philadelphia.—Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 23d, aged 67.

HANSTAN, Col. J. H.—An old and prominent citizen of Vincennes.—Vincennes, O., Jan. 21st.

FITCH, The Rev. Eleazer T.—D. D., and formerly Professor of Divinity in Yale College. Having been born in New Haven Jan. 1st, 1793, he obtained his early education in his native city, and entered Yale College at the age of fifteen, graduating in 1810. After leaving college he spent two years in teaching, and then went through a course of theological studies at the seminary at Andover, Mass. He became Professor of Divinity in Yale College in 1817, succeeding the late Dr. Dwight, and retained that position for thirty-five years, his duty being to preach in the college chapel and deliver lectures before the students on theological subjects. His resignation took place in 1852, and since that time he has lived in New Haven.—New Haven, Conn., Jan. 26th, aged 80.

HAYTER, Sir George.—The principal painter in ordinary to the Queen, at the age of seventy-eight. He was born in 1792, and was descended from an ancient family in Dorsetshire, being the son of Mr. Charles Hayter, who was professor of perspective to her royal highness the Princess Charlotte. While very young George Hayter obtained two medals in the Royal Academy and other distinctions. In 1815 he was appointed painter of miniatures and portraits to the Princess Charlotte and his royal highness Prince Leopold of Saxe Coburg (the late King of the Belgians). Having studied in Rome from 1816 to 1819, where he became a member of the Academy St. Luke, he took up his residence in London, painting history and portraits until 1825.—London, Eng., recently.

HILL, The Rev. Alonzo.—D. D., of Worcester. The doctor was born in the town of Harvard on the 30th of June, 1800; graduated at Harvard College in 1822; studied divinity, and was ordained in 1827 over the First Unitarian Society of Worcester, remaining over the same charge for over forty years, wherein he gained a high reputation throughout the State of Massachusetts. He was for several years one of the overseers of Harvard College and Secretary of the American Antiquarian Society, and has always taken a zealous interest in the cause of education.—Worcester, Mass., Feb. 1st, aged 71.

MCELROY, the Hon. James.—A California pioneer. The subject of this obituary was one of the early pioneers of the Golden State, having sailed there in the steamer Chesapeake in August, 1849, being one year and one day in making the voyage. Becoming identified with the early history of San Francisco, he served in various public positions with honor and credit. He was also widely known throughout California, and at the time of his death he held a prominent office in the Police Department at San Francisco.—San Francisco, Cal., recently.

M'GREGOR, Joseph.—Vocalist. Particulars in another column.

MINARD, A.—of Morristown. Mr. Minard was a prominent man, and well known in the community for his benevolent and charitable disposition, his principal work in this respect being the building of a fine brick edifice in Morristown as a female orphan's home, at a cost, including the grounds, of $60,000. He erected a similar institution in Lockport, Penn., his native state, contributed freely to the churches of Morristown, and recently transferred the Home to the bishops of the Methodist Church, to be used by them as an asylum for orphan girls.—Morristown, N. J., recently.

PITT, Charles—Son of a theatrical manager. See particulars in another column.

RANTAS, James.—An old colored slave, etc. Rantas was originally a slave of John Aspinwall, and was born in the old Aspinwall House, in Broadway. At the time of the Revolution he was liberated. For over forty years he was ferry master on Flushing creek, owning a small boat, by which he transported people across. Up to within a few days Rantas had full possession of his faculties, and remembered every incident of interest which has transpired during the last century.—Flushing, L. I., Feb. 1st, aged 111.

RIDDICK, Washington L.—A member of the Virginia Senate from Norfolk county.—New Orleans, La., Feb. 3d.

ROSS, John.—For many years one of the most prominent of Canadian politicians. Prior to the establishment of the semi-independent Dominion, he served in the Colonial Parliament, where he always held a leading position. He held a ministerial position in several of the Cabinets, and after the consolidation of the colonies under a single government Mr. Ross was appointed a member of the Dominion Senate, a position he held at the time of his death. For about ten years he was President of the Grand Trunk Railway.—Toronto, Canada, Feb. 1st.

RICHARDS, R. B.—Actor. See particulars in another column.

ROBERTSON, T. W.—Dramatist. See elsewhere.

SHAW, Andrew.—Of Doylestown, Penn., and for many years a prominent pork packer in Cincinnati. He removed to Chicago in 1861, where he followed the same business until a few years ago. He was widely known and highly respected by business men, and truly loved by a large circle of friends, who now sadly mourn for him—died at the residence of Wm. McGowen, near Battle Creek, Michigan, recently, aged 47.

SKINNER, the Rev. Thomas H., D.D.—Professor of Sacred Rhetoric, Pastoral Theology and Church Government in the Union Theological Seminary of this city; was born at Harvey's Neck, N. C., on the 7th of March, 1791, and graduated at the College of the State of New Jersey, at Princeton, in 1809. After leaving college, he studied law for a time, but finally decided to enter the ministry, and was licensed to preach in December, 1812. In June, 1813, he was ordained as co-pastor with Dr. Janeway, of the second Presbyterian Church in Philadelphia. Three years later he became pastor of the Fifth Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia, and remained in that charge until 1832. Removing thence to Boston, he was appointed in the following year Professor of Sacred Rhetoric in the Theological Seminary at Andover, Mass. In 1841 he received a call from the Mercer Street Presbyterian Church, in this city, to which he responded, and for upwards of twelve years he officiated as its pastor. Since 1848 he had held the position in the Union Theological Seminary which is made vacant by his death. Dr. Skinner first appeared as an author in 1839, when he put forth two small volumes, entitled "Religion of the Bible" and "Aids to Preaching and Hearing." Since that time numerous theological works have proceeded from his pen, including essays, discourses and discussions. "Religious Liberty" and "Hints to Christians" appeared in 1841, and the "Religious Life of Francis Markoe" at a later date. In 1854 he published a translation of Vinet's Pastoral Theology, and in the following year gave the "Homiletic" of the same author in attractive English dress, and accompanied it with valuable editorial notes. His last work was "Discussions in Theology," published in 1868.—N. Y. city, Feb. 1st, aged 80.

SMITH, John Abel—Ex-M. P. for Chichester, Eng. The deceased, who was at one time head of the banking establishment of Smith, Payne & Co., and a magistrate for Middlesex, first sat for Midhurst in 1830, and represented Chichester in the Liberal interest from 1835 to 1859. He again sat for the same place, viz.: from 1863 till 1868.—Mippington, near Sevenoaks, Kent, Eng., Jan. 24th, aged 69.

SMITHETT, Sir Luke.—One of the oldest inhabitants of the town of Dover, Eng., who commanded one of Queen Victoria's packets on the Irish and Dover stations, 1825-54. He was generally selected to pilot and accompany the royal yacht, and to conduct royal visitors to and from England, the most notable among them being the late Emperor Nicholas, in the fall of Feb., 1844, and the Emperor and Empress of the French, April, 1855, on which occasion the Emperor conferred on him the Legion of Honor.—Dover, Eng., recently, aged 71.

TAYLOR, William.—Coroner of the city of Philadelphia. Deceased was born in 1832, in Lancaster city, and spent his boyhood there until 1846, when he removed to the first named city and entered upon his duties in the drug business. After acquiring a thorough knowledge of the business, he commenced for himself by opening a drug store, which proved a success. He also took a deep interest in politics. In 1858 he was elected a member of the Board of Aldermen, in 1865 was elected Coroner of Philadelphia. So great was the reputation that he obtained that he was re-nominated in 1869 without difficulty, and at the ensuing election ran ahead of his ticket and was elected by nearly 5,000 majority. He died of disease of the kidneys, Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 30th, aged 39.

TAYLOR, Dr. Samuel H.—L.L.D., principal of Phillips Academy, in Andover, Mass., during the past 33 years. He was born in New Hampshire and graduated at Dartmouth College in 1822, where he became a tutor, after passing through a course of theological studies at Andover, receiving the appointment of principal of the Phillips Academy in 1838. As a teacher of the classic languages he was without a superior. Under his control Phillips Academy has become one of the most celebrated schools in this country for the preparation of young men for the higher college course. Dr. Taylor was an earnest opponent of the new system of education, and struggled vigorously against that progress of the age which demands practical training rather than classical culture.—Andover, Mass., Jan. 25th.

UNDERHILL, Dr. R. T.—A well known celebrity of New York and an orthodox Quaker, his father having been a preacher of that denomination. The doctor received a good education and at an early age began to practice medicine, which occupied some years later to devote his entire attention to the culture of grapes and the manufacture of the wine which has since made his name celebrated in the United States. Being of an experimental turn of mind, as well as a scientific practical farmer, he soon succeeded in introducing features into his vineyards that amazed his less progressive neighbors, who 35 years ago, ridiculed the idea of making wine on the banks of the Hudson. He was also one of the original stockholders of the Rural Cemetery, and continued to take an active interest in it until his death.—died of typhoid pneumonia, Croton Point, Westchester Co., N. Y., Feb. 1st, aged 79.

VAN ORDEN, Dr. T.—One of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Greene county, N. Y.—New Baltimore, N. Y., Jan. 31st, aged 84.

WASHBURN, Gen. Henry D.—Well-known as having headed the Yellowstone Surveying Expedition in Montana, which occasioned no little interest of late by the curious discoveries and observations resulting from it. Born in Windsor, Vt., on the 18th of March, 1832, but his father's family removed to Ohio when he was only a year old. There he received a common school education, and in his boyhood was apprenticed to a tanner. His business did not suit his taste, and by dint of close study in spare hours, he fitted himself for the vocation of a school teacher, which occupation he followed until he was twenty years of age, when he began the study of law. He graduated at the New York State and National Law School in 1853, and settled for practice in Vermilion County, Ind., where he served as Auditor of the county for several years. When the war broke out, in 1861, he raised a company of volunteers, went into the service as its Captain, became Colonel of the Eighteenth Indiana Regiment in 1862, and in 1864 received the brevet title of Brigadier-General. He was mustered out of the service in 1865, having served gallantly throughout the entire struggle. Having successfully contested the seat of Daniel W. Voorhees in the Thirty-ninth Congress, he was re-elected to the Fortieth Congress, declined a re-nomination for the Forty-first, and was appointed by President Grant Surveyor-General of Montana, to succeed Gen. Meredith. His report on the Yellowstone expedition has attracted a good deal of attention by the spirited and graphic style in which it is written.—died of consumption, Helena, Ind., Jan. 30th, aged 38.

WATSON, James.—County Auditor. This gentleman was a Scotchman by birth, but came to this country when quite a young man. In 1859 he was appointed to a responsible position, which position soon brought him into the political field, and in 1861 he received the appointment of County Auditor—died from the effects of injuries received by the fractious horse of a German, who drove against him on Harlem Lane, N. Y. city, Jan. 29th.

WOODWELL, Charles H.—A well-known New England journalist, and for the past two years one of the editors and proprietors of the Worcester *Sunday Gazette*. Deceased was a native of Newburyport, and apprenticed to the printing business. After working on the Newburyport *Herald*, Boston *Post*, *Journal* and *Transcript*, he abandoned the composing room for the editorial department. In Boston he distinguished himself while on the staffs of the *Post* and *Advertiser*. During the closing days of the war he went south as a correspondent, and his letters, signed "Prescott," were regarded as valuable, trustworthy, and bore unmistakable evidence of the enterprise and intelligence of the writer. He was one of the first men to enter Petersburg after it was abandoned by the rebels, and was early in Richmond. Moreover, he had the advantage of knowing the ground having been in that section before as a soldier in a Massachusetts regiment. On the *Advertiser* he acted at times as correspondent and as the head of the city department. For several years he served as the President, and afterwards as Treasurer of the Franklin Typographical Society of Boston, was a Mason and a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, was becoming interested in public affairs at Worcester, and at the time of his death was a member of the school committee.—Worcester, Mass., Feb. 2d, aged 43.

WOODWORTH, Commodore S. E.—Of the United States Navy, second son of the author of "The Old Oaken Bucket" poem—died of typhoid fever, San Francisco, Cal., Jan. 27th, aged 55.

PEDESTRIANISM.

SMITH VS. BEVELANDER.—We append a copy of articles of agreement lately entered into between James Smith, champion walker, and Ben Bevelander, the Boston ped:—

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT entered into this 23d day of January, 1871, between James Smith and Benjamin Bevelander, they agreeing to walk one hundred miles for the sum of $500 a side. The race to take place at the Olympic Theatre, Boston, on the 27th and 28th of February, 1871. To start at 9 o'clock on the evening of the 27th. Each man to choose two judges and the judges he choose a referee. One hundred dollars a side is now in the hands of Mr. E. Daniels. The next deposit of two hundred dollars a side to be put up on Tuesday, the 7th day of February. The final deposit of two hundred dollars a side on Monday, the 13th day of February. Each deposit to be placed in the hands of Mr. E. Daniels, who is to be the final stakeholder. Either man failing to comply with these articles to forfeit all money staked. JAMES SMITH,
BENJAMIN BEVELANDER.

HENRY MURPHY,
GEORGE EVANS.

H. A. GRANT, *alias* the "Uniontown Boy," defeated Joe Beavers, of Sharon, Pa., in a one hundred yards race at the Oil Regions, Jan. 21st, by ten feet, Grant wagering $200 against $200. They are matched again, to run 70 yards on the bridge at Emelton, Feb. 13th, for $1,000 a side, we learn.

JACK HOWARD, the once celebrated runner, jumper and trainer, has in contemplation a visit to the States, but as the prospects of him making the visit "pay" are not favorable, it is not likely that he will come. He made the longest running jump on record, viz., 29 feet 7 inches.

JAMES SMITH AND BEN REVELANDER have made a match to walk 100 miles for $500 a side, we hear; the contest to take place at Boston, Mass., on Feb. 25th.

A MR. HEALEY, an amateur, of Providence, R. I., ran 440 yards in 1:04, at Washington Park, on the 1st inst., having made a bet that he could do it in 1:10.

THE RING.

THE IMPENDING CONFLICT.

A Fair Field and No Favor.

CHALLENGE FROM ALLEN TO COBURN.

Since the Heenan and Sayers memorable conflict, nearly eleven years ago, perhaps no match pugilistic is likely to create more interest than the impending conflict between the representative men of muscle and the times, Jem Mace and Joseph Coburn. Apart from their having been matched before, which fell still-born, the different opinions of competent judges as to their respective merits makes the tourney the subject of more comment than any preceding one for some time. The admirers of straightforward, open contests are becoming worked up to a thorough appreciation of the treat in store for them. By Mace's partisans he is looked upon as unapproachable as a two-handed fighter and consummate general. To all intents and purposes he is as good a man, if not better, than he ever was. He retains his physical power and vim perhaps as no other man of his time, and shows but little sign of decadence. He is a man who has always ta

COLORED BILLIARDS.—Sundry colored players belonging to the Eighth Ward are at present contending for a prize cue at the room of Mr. R. Pool, in Wooster street.

PRESENTATION TO CYRILLE DION.—At O'CONNOR'S rooms on Saturday night last, Cyrille Dion was presented with a superb gold watch and chain, the gift of Messrs. William McKay and Chris. O'Connor. District Attorney Fellows did the talking.

FLYNN AND GUILLETTE.—Since our last these players, the former discounting the latter, have had it hot and heavy at the three-ball game. Guillette quit $250 a head.

CARME VS. RUDOLPHE.—There is talk of a match for $1,000 a side between Rudolphe and Carme.

FLYNN VS. DANIELS.—Tim Flynn will play Edward Daniels at the three-ball game for $1,000 a side, in private.

THE TURF.

The Trotting Congress.

On the evening of Wednesday, Feb. 1st, the National Association for the Promotion of the Interests of the American Trotting Turf assembled at the Tift House, Buffalo. Various associations in remote parts of the country were not represented, the attendance of delegates falling short of what had been expected, due in a great measure, no doubt, to the severe snow storms. Secretary Smith called the meeting to order, and asked the delegates to produce their credentials. The following associations were represented:—Buckeye Club, Cincinnati, Charles Kahn, Jr.; Boston Trotting Association, George C. Hall; Doylestown Association, Pennsylvania, John W. Cowell; Dexter Park, Chicago, J. A. Simpson and Josiah Stiles; Fashion Association, New York, Isaiah Rynders; Hartford Association, Connecticut, Morris Holcomb and Thomas J. Vail; Key City Horse Association, J. E. Simpson; Mystic Park, Providence, George C. Hall; Prospect Park Fair Ground Association, George C. Hall; Orange County Pleasure Ground, E. M. Madden; Point Breeze Association, George Sturgess and Joseph Shoemaker; River Park Association, Watertown, E. C. White; Scott County Agricultural Association, J. H. Wallace; Buffalo Park Association, E. J. Hamblin, W. W. Bush and George B. Gates; Wyndham County Agricultural Association, George C. Hall; Fleetwood Park, Joseph Elliott. The above were all the associations who had delegates out of the fifty-two associations in the county. R. C. Barker, of Detroit, was elected president of the convention by acclamation. A great deal of minor business was then transacted, when Mr. Vail moved that a committee of nine be appointed to revise rules and regulations of the association. The following gentlemen were then appointed by the president:—T. G. Vail, Isaiah Rynders, E. J. Hamblin, J. E. Simpson, George C. Hall, E. H. Kahn, Jr., George Sturgiss, Norris Holcomb and J. H. Wallace. A committee to nominate permanent officers for the convention was then nominated by the president. The following were the gentlemen appointed:—O. W. Wooley, George B. Gates, David Goodell, John G. Mead, E. M. Madden, Frank Doe and John W. Cowell. An adjournment then took place until 11 A. M. on the 2d inst.

The Congress met again at the appointed hour, but the committees being unprepared to present their reports, an adjournment was had until eight o'clock, P. M. It was a quarter past nine o'clock before the Committee on Rules announced to the Congress that they had finished their deliberations; but the rules and regulations had to be arranged for presentation, and would not be ready before next morning. The Committee on Permanent Officers then presented their report. They reported nearly all the names of the old officers for re-election, viz.:—Amasa Sprague, of Rhode Island, for President; George H. Smith, of Rhode Island, for Secretary and Treasurer. The Board of Appeal, however, were altered by the substitution of two names, one of which is Mr. Bernard, of Troy, in place of Mr. Lanman, of Reading, Pa., and C. H. Wooley, in place of Mr. Forbes, of Cincinnati. The Board for the year 1871 will be H. S. Russell, of Massachusetts; T. J. Vail, of Connecticut; George C. Hall, of New York; C. J. Hamlin, of New York; Gates H. Barnard, of New York; Charles H. Wooley, of Ohio; David A. Gage, of Illinois; K. C. Barker, of Michigan. Previous to adjournment Mr. C. H. Wooley, of Cincinnati, made the following remarks:—

MR. CHAIRMAN.—I call the attention of the congress to the fact that though we represent millions of property, scattered through thirty states and affording a revenue valuable in its nature to every railroad in the country, this convention is the only one of a national character to the members of which they refuse recognition.

The Committee on Rules again occasioned considerable delay, through not being ready with their report at the hour designated for reassembling on the 3d, and it was one o'clock P. M., before Mr. Vail, Chairman of the Committee, began reading the by-laws, which were agreed to without a single amendment. Before commencing the reading of the rules a motion was made and carried that the body should designate a place for holding the next congress in 1872. After a slight discussion Cincinnati was selected. The congress then resolved that all the rules and proceedings adopted and acted upon during the present session be given by the secretary to the members of the press for publication, that the public may be fully advised thereon. The congress then adjourned for dinner, and when again organized Mr. Vail began the reading of the new rules, and each one was voted upon as read. The wording of the rules met with no opposition, and each and all as read were passed unanimously.

The following preamble and resolution were then adopted:—

Whereas T. G. Vail and Norris Holcomb have, with the outlay of much time and with great labor, re-arranged the substance of the old rules and introduced new and valuable matter, which has lessened the labor of the Committe on Rules; therefore

Resolved, That the thanks of the members of the National Association be tendered them, and this resolution, acknowledging the indebtedness, be incorporated in the minutes of this association.

A few other complimentary resolutions were offered and passed, when the congress adjourned to meet in Cincinnati on the first Wednesday of February, 1872.

IMPORTED THOROUGHBREDS.—Messrs. Hunter and Travers, of this city, and R. W. Cameron, of Staten Island, have recently imported from England three two year old thoroughbreds. The colt imported by Hunter and Travers is named Buckdon, by Lord Clifden, dam Queenie by Bay Middleton. He is a fine looking and high-bred colt, his sire having been winner of the Doncaster St. Leger, and sire of last year's winner of the same event—Hawthornden. The new comer is engaged in the Dixie Stakes for three year olds, at Baltimore, next year. Mr. Cameron has imported two, Sheet Anchor, a bay colt by Camorino, out of Mainbrace (Fisherman's dam), by Sheet Anchor, and bay filly by Blair Athol, dam Greta, by Voltigner.

AQUATICS.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT SPORTING MAN.—With deep regret we announce the demise of that widely known and very popular sporting man, Thomas C. Burns, which sad event occurred at his residence in this city, No. 20 East Fifteenth street, on Thursday, Feb. 2d, from Bright's disease of the kidneys, at the age of 51. For many years Mr. Burns was identified with sporting matters in this vicinity, and when in the vigor of youth gained considerable local repute as a boat puller, making this department of sport a specialty. He was one of the very few left of the real "old sports" at the time of his death, and was a sort of walking book of reference concerning occurrences in and around New York since his boyhood. For years past he has suffered intensely from rheumatism, and for a long time prior to his death was compelled to use crutches, while the severe pains which racked his body continually prevented his securing needed rest. He was a man of the kindliest feelings, and very many yet living can bear testimony to the generosity of his nature. His death will be most sincerely regretted by all those who were acquainted with him in life, and we join with them in heartfelt sympathy for his bereaved family. He was buried on the 4th inst., the funeral being largely attended by those who appreciated his worth and mourned his loss, including many members of the New York Firemen's Association and the John D. Willard Lodge, F. and A. M., of which he was a member. The remains were conveyed to Greenwood.

RECEPTION BY THE NASSAUS.—It will be remembered that the Nassau Boat Club, of this city, vanquished crews of the Narragansetts, of Providence, R. I., and the Schuylkill Navy, of Philadelphia, at their recent last season. On Wednesday, February 1st, the colors won in those contests were presented to the winners by delegations from the organizations mentioned at the winter club rooms of the Nassaus, 19 Union square, and the occasion was marked by a very pleasant reunion. The delegation from the Narragansett Club comprised Messrs. Geo. West, H. T. Cornett (stroke), C. G. McKnight, A. Gallop and Lieut. Remington. The Schuylkills were represented by Commodore J. R. Ferguson, W. A. Shelaic, F. Mitchell (Vice-Commodore), T. Macbeath, J. R. Jones, N. Van Horn and F. Hutchinson. Owing to the absence of General Lloyd Aspinwall the Nassau Club was represented by its gallant vice-president, Dr. Ferguson. The Narragansett's colors were presented by Lieut. Remington, whose neat speech was responded to appropriately by ex-Vice-President W. C. Smith. Commodore Ferguson, on behalf of the Schuylkill Navy, then gave their colors. Colonel Roome, of the Manhattan Gas Company, acknowledged their reception in an eloquent speech. This ceremony being concluded the members, visiting delegations and invited guests, some one hundred and fifty in all, sat down to a sumptuous repast and several hours were whiled away very pleasantly.

NEW YORK YACHT CLUB.—A meeting of this club was held at Delmonico's on Thursday evening, at which officers for the ensuing year were chosen, and arrangements for the annual regatta discussed. A beautiful gift for Mr. Franklin Osgood, to commemorate the victory of the Magic last August in the race for the Queen's cup, was much admired. It was manufactured by Tiffany, and represents the hull of a yacht, with a sail bent and driving before the wind aft, and Neptune riding a sea horse in the fore. It stands on an irregular silver cross, and can be used as a fruit or flower holder. It was presented by the retiring Commodore, H. G. Stebbins. The election for officers resulted as follows:—Commodore, James Gordon Ben et, Jr.; Vice Commodore, William P. Douglas; Rear Commodore, Franklin Osgood; Secretary, Charles A. Minton; Treasurer, Shephard Homans; Measurer, Alfred W. Craven; Regatta Committee, Philip Schuyler, Stuart M. Taylor, Mahlon Sands. House Committee, Mortimer L. Fowler, Thomas E. Davis, Jr., Cortlandt M. Taylor, Frederick White, William B. Bend. Committees were appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the regret of the members at the retirement of Commodore Stebbins, who declined re-nomination, and to prepare a testimonial for presentation to the ex-Secretary, Hamilton Morton, indicative of the respect and esteem of the club. The annual regatta was fixed to take place on June 1st.

BASE BALL.

THE BASE BALL ASSOCIATION OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.—At the last meeting of the National Association in New York, authority was given five association clubs in the District of Columbia to form a district association. Accordingly, at the adjourned meeting to hear the report of the delegate to the National Association, it was resolved to proceed to a permanent organization, and a call for delegates from each club was issued. These delegates subsequently met; but as some of them had not the proper credentials, an adjournment was made to the 2d of February. On the evening of that date the delegates met at the Dickson House, A. R. Benner, of the National, in the chair, and J. F. Allen, Secretary. Delegates were present from five clubs, viz.:—National, Jefferson, Olympic, Arlington, and Washington; also, delegates from two junior clubs, the Active and Rosedale. A motion was made to allow these two junior clubs to assist in forming the association, but was decided adversely on the ground that only association clubs could so organize under the authority given. The constitution was submitted, it being that of the National Association, with some amendments to make it applicable to the wants of a district association. The constitution and by laws as amended were adopted, after which the junior delegates were admitted and an election of officers held, resulting as follows:—President, Frank G. Daniels, Jefferson Club; 1st Vice President, H. O. Hoyt, Olympic; 2d Vice President, Geo. M. Oyster, Jr., Active; Recording Secretary, J. F. Allen, Olympic; Corresponding Secretary, F. C. Harris, Arlington; Treasurer, G. A. C. Smith, Washington. After thanks to the proprietor of the Dickson House for his courtesy, the association adjourned to meet at the call of the President. Seven clubs, as will be seen, are now associated, and all of them, according to the decision stated in the CLIPPER of Feb. 4th, are professional clubs, as they either pay men for playing, give some positions or emoluments, or take shares of gate money, and will do so this season; consequently this association will not be represented in the amateur convention, if such be called. In fact, there are no amateur clubs in the district, except it may be one or two junior clubs.

THE NATIONAL AMATEUR ASSOCIATION.—The committee of the Excelsior Club, appointed to further the movement to organize an Amateur National Association, have prepared an address to amateur clubs throughout the country, and will issue a call for a convention, next week, to be held in Brooklyn the first week in March next. We shall publish the address in our next, not having space for it this week. The call is signed by some of the oldest and most influential members of the Knickerbocker, Gotham and Eagle clubs of New York, Excelsior, of Brooklyn, Eureka, of Newark and Equity, of Philadelphia.

ANOTHER PROFESSIONAL NINE.—The President of the Kekionga Club, of Fort Wayne, Ind., writes word that his club have secured the following players for their professional nine of 1871, all of whom have signed contracts with the club, viz.:—W. Lennon, R. Mathews, T. Carey, T. Forker, F. Sellman and W. Kelly. Four others are partly engaged, and they hope to have the full nine completed by Feb. 15th.

THE TRIGGER.

BOGARDUS VS PAINE.—In our last issue allusion was made to the probability of a match for the championship between Ira A. Paine and Capt. A. H. Bogardus, for $500 a side, taking place at Capt. Sealy's grounds, Long Island, on Saturday, Feb. 4th. Early last week, however, Paine injured his hand and thereupon declined to risk the badge, offering however to shoot for $300 or $500 a side. As he had not posted any money with the stakeholder (who had in his possession $500, deposited by or for Bogardus), of course he was not laid liable to a forfeiture of the badge, as he can claim the four months allowed by the rules from date of challenge, notwithstanding his previously expressed willingness to waive right. The announcement that Paine would be prepared to stake either of the sums mentioned for a match outside of the championship had the effect of inducing a large number of trigger pullers and others to assemble at the time designated, but they were doomed to disappointment, as though Paine was present, he flatly refused to shoot at all, to the surprise of Bogardus and his friends, as well as the crowd in general, among whom much indignation was manifested. The Western expert announced his determination to claim the badge, and he certainly had the sympathy of the crowd, but alas there was no match, of course he cannot justly demand it. Some amends were made for this disappointment, however, by the making of a match between Messrs. Hull and Foulke, for $500 a side, 25 single birds each, spring traps, 30 yards rise, and 100 yards boundary, the latter winning by the following score:

Hull.....1011101011101110010111000—13
Foulke.....1010011011011011011101101—16

After this match a number of sweepstake contests were participated in by Messrs. Miles, Johnson, Paine, and Goodhull. Mr. Palmer wagered $100 that he could kill 7 birds out of 10. His wager was covered. He succeeded in killing only 5.

TRAP SHOOTING AT PROVIDENCE, R. I.—Washington Trotting Park, Providence, R. I., was largely patronised on the 1st inst., when two pigeon shoots were decided. The first thing on the programme was a shoot against time, in which the western shooter, Captain A. H. Bogardus, of Illinois, was to kill fifty birds in eight minutes and to use but one gun. The match was for $200 a side and was won by Captain Bogardus, who killed fifty-seven birds in seven minutes and thirty-five seconds. The second match was for $200 a side between, E. W. Tinker, of this city, and George Crandall, of Pawtuxet, as partners, against Captain Bogardus and A. Doxey, of Ill nois, to shoot at twenty-one birds. Tinker and Crandall won by two each shooting fifteen.

ANOTHER CHAMPION BADGE.—Captain Sealy, the wide-awake proprietor of the Woodruff House, near the Union Course, whose grounds are a favorite trysting spot for trigger-pullers, has projected a tournament for double bird shooters, offering as a prize a champion badge, which will be an elegant affair. The tourney will be held under the auspices of the Long Island Shooting Club, and will be governed by its rules. The first trial is announced to take place at Sealy's grounds, Feb. 22d, and it is probable that the competition will bring together all the crack shots of the States.

COCKING.

THE COCKING MAIN OF THE SEASON.

ALBANY DEFEATS NEW YORK.

At a pit well known to chicken fanciers in Jersey there occurred on Wednesday, Feb. 1st, the most important main which has yet been fought since the opening of the present season, being that entered into some weeks since between Col. Daniels, representing New York city, and E. Story, of Albany. The conditions were that each side should show nineteen cocks, weighing from 4lbs. 4oz. to 6lbs., and fight all that fell in for $200 each battle, and $2,000 the odd. The excitement occasioned by the making of so big a main was intense, and there was a very large influx of those who admire sport of this character, composed in the majority of a very respectable class of society, representing considerable wealth. All manifested the deepest interest in the affair, and the betting upon the main and upon each separate battle was of the most spirited description, it being safe to say that fully $20,000 changed ownership upon the issue.

The weighing resulted in the matching of fifteen couples, and shortly after two o'clock P. M. the handlers breasted their birds for the first fight. The pressure upon our columns precludes the possibility of our going into details regarding the different battles, which were most stubbornly contested by magnificent fowls, and we therefore present a summary only:—

Fight.	Albany.	New York.	Won by
1	4:9¾, br. r	4:04, bl. f	Albany.
2	6:00, bl. r	6:00, br. r	Albany.
3	5:03, bl. r	5:03, bl. f	Albany.
4	5:00, br. r	5:00, r. p	New York.
5	4:15, bl. r	4:13, bl. f	Albany.
6	5:02, bl. r	5:02, bl. f	New York.
7	6:03, g	5:03, bl. f	Albany.
8	4:13, br. r	4:12, bl. f	Albany.
9	4:10, br. r	4:10, bl. f	New York.
10	4:11, bl. r	4:11, p	Albany.
11	4:09, bl. r	4:09, w. p	New York.
12	4:12, bl. r	4:12, bl. f	New York.
13	4:15, g. b	4:14, bl. r	Albany.

This gave Albany the main, and the majority took their departure without caring to witness the fights still to be decided. Total—Albany, 8 to 5.

LACROSSE ON SKATES.—The Knickerbocker and Manhattan Clubs played a match on skates at Prof. Brady's rink, Jersey City, on the evening of Jan. 30th, which attracted a large assemblage, although the notice was short. The contest closed with the Red Legs (Knicks) the victors by one point. The prize was an elegant pair of club skates, presented by Mr. Brady.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

SPECIAL NOTICE. SPECIAL NOTICE
EVERY EVENING AND SATURDAY MATINEE,
THE BLACK CROOK REMODELED.
Introduction of an
ENTIRE NEW GRAND BALLET
Entitled THE DEMON'S REVEL.
Produced for the first time in America, with
NEW AND ELEGANT COSTUMES, WONDERFUL AND STARTLING EFFECTS, BEAUTIFUL AND ORIGINAL MUSIC.
First appearance here of
THE CELEBRATED RIZARELLI BROTHERS,
the Gymnasts of the world.
MONS. SEGRESTIONE AND HIS TWO BEAUTIFUL BOYS,
aged three and four years, in their famous SCENA DE BALON (their first appearance here).
EIGHTH WEEK OF THE GREAT MAJILTONS,
AND MOE AND GOODRICH, THE GREAT SKATERS.
WITH ALL THE SUPERB SCENERY,
BRILLIANT EFFECTS, MAGNIFICENT TABLEAU.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS,
585 BROADWAY.
BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD AND BACKUS'
SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
Immense success of WAMBOLD'S new ballad,
GOD BLESS THE LITTLE CHURCH AROUND THE CORNER,
BILLY BIRCH. CHARLEY BACKUS.
W. BERNARD. BILLY WEST.
ROLLIN HOWARD, JOHNNY QUEEN,
BILLY EMMETT, J. F. OBERIST,
IN FAVORITE ACTS.
BURLESQUE OPERA OF
LES BRIGANDS. 45-1t

THEATRE COMIQUE,
514 BROADWAY, OPPOSITE ST. NICHOLAS.
BUTLER & GILMORE.....Managers.
MONS. LA THORNE.....Stage Manager.
THE GREAT COMIC STAR COMPANY
IN A BRILLIANT SENSATIONAL PROGRAMME.
ANOTHER NEW COMIC PANTOMIME,
TOT!
BY THE FAMOUS LAURI TROUPE.
THE LEOPOLDS. THE LEOPOLDS,
IN THEIR WONDERFUL FLIGHTS IN MID AIR.
LAST OF THE MOHICANS.
MUSICAL CHANGES! JEMMS THE POET!
THE LITTLE CHURCH AROUND THE CORNER.
GRAND MILITARY DIVERTISSEMENT.
THE BRIGAND'S DAUGHTER.
BY THE POPULAR COMIQUE BALLET TROUPE.
TOM AND JERRY. BURLESQUE ORATIONS.
ETHIOPIAN EXTRAVAGANZAS.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday Afternoons at 2½ o'clock. 45-1t

TONY PASTOR'S
OPERA HOUSE.
CROWDED TO THE DOORS NIGHTLY
JUST WHAT THE PUBLIC WANTED.
THE SELECTED,
REFINED, BEAUTIFUL AND ACCOMPLISHED
FEMALE MINSTRELS,
FEMALE MINSTRELS,
In new Songs, Duets, Glees Choruses, Jokes, &c.,
MISS ADA WRAY, MISS MARTHA WREN,
MISS CLARA VERNON, MISS KITTIE O'NEILL,
MISS HELEN SMITH, MISS LUCY STEVENS,
MISS NETTIE TAYLOR, MISS MARIE GORNFLO,
MISS AMELIA GORENFLO, MISS MINNIE STEVENS.
First time of a new Comic Drama entitled
THE FEMALE HIGHWAYMEN.
TONY PASTOR AND THE GREAT STAR TROUPE.
MATINEES
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY AT 2.30. 45-1t

BOWERY THEATRE.
W. B. FRELIGH.....Manager
REMODELLED AND RECONSTRUCTED,
AND FOR ONLY ONE WEEK,
The glorious Pantomime of SEE-SAW!
LAST WEEK OF THE HERNANDEZ FOSTER TROUPE,
In their great characters, viz.,
Clown.....MR HERNANDEZ FOSTER
Harlequin.....MR. FRANK FOSTER
Pantaloon.....MR. JOE M. SLOAN
Columbine.....Miss NELLIE WALL
SUSTAINED BY 100 AUXILIARIES.
Mr. Charles Foster's great drama of NECK AND NECK; OR, THE HANGMAN'S NOOSE, with all its startling effects.
FRIDAY EVENING, ANNUAL BENEFIT OF
MRS. W. G. JONES.
SATURDAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.
LAST GRAND SEE-SAW MATINEE.
SATURDAY NIGHT, FAREWELL BENEFIT OF
THE HERNANDEZ FOSTER TROUPE.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE.
HOOLEY'S & KELLY & LEON'S MINSTRELS.
THE ONLY LEON
IN FAR EXCELLENCE, AIMEE IMITATIONS, AND
TEDDY McCARTHY.
TROUBLES IN CAMP.
LOVE IN A BASKET.
First week of the beautiful new Ballet,
THE LITTLE CHURCH AROUND THE CORNER.
SPECIAL SESSIONS. [45-1t] LOVE IN A BASKET.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
UNQUALIFIED SUCCESS.
SECOND WEEK OF MISS LUCY RUSHTON.
UNANIMOUS OPINION OF PRESS AND PUBLIC THAT
RED HANDS
IS A MARVELOUS MELODRAMA;
that the most lasting interest is awakened.
ADRIFT ON THE RAPIDS, AND
SWEPT OVER THE NAGIN FALLS,
RISES THE AUDIENCE TO WILD ENTHUSIASM.
This great Drama has been played in Europe nearly
THREE HUNDRED NIGHTS.
MONDAY AFTERNOON, AT 2 O'CLOCK,
First appearance of the celebrated
COLEMAN CHILDREN,
LITTLE LOUIE, LITTLE ALICE, LITTLE CLARA,
MASTER WALTER,
who will perform and introduce Instrumental and Vocal Solos, Songs and Dances, in the amusing Comedy and Farce of
MILLY, THE PRETTY MILKMAID, AND
NAN, THE GOOD-FOR-NOTHING.

RIGGS & FITZGERALD'S
DRAMATIC AGENCY,
For the general transaction of all Business appertaining to the Dramatic, Operatic, Musical, Equestrian, Costume and Publishing Professions. 512 Broadway, N. Y. city. N. B.—Particular attention given to Variety Theatres and Variety People. 45-1t*

WANTED,
A GOOD PREMIERE, and TWO SECOND DANSEUSES; also other BALLET LADIES. Must be good. Apply immediately to
45-1t* RIGGS & FITZGERALD, 512 Broadway.

THE GREAT
WILSON'S
This GYNASTIC TRIO are at present playing a highly successful engagement at the HOWARD ATHENÆUM, Boston. Will soon be at liberty to accept engagements. All communications must be addressed to their only authorized agents,
45-1t* RIGGS & FITZGERALD, 512 Broadway, N. Y.

CIRCUS MANAGERS ATTENTION.
The WILSON BROTHERS, 3 in number, are now prepared to arrange for the coming Tenting Season. Address
45-1t* RIGGS & FITZGERALD, 512 Broadway, N.Y.

THE WORLD'S WONDER,
MILLIE
TURNOUR
TREMENDOUS SUCCESS
at the GLOBE THEATRE, New York, of this beautiful PET OF THE PUBLIC. The press are unanimous in praise of this accomplished and graceful gymnast, whose performance on a single Trapeze is truly astounding, promised by all who have witnessed it as having no equal. Will commence at FOX'S NEW AMERICAN THEATRE, Chestnut street, Philadelphia, JAN. 23d. All business communications for this lady must be addressed to
45-1t* RIGGS & FITZGERALD, 512 Broadway.

LUCY RUSHTON
AND HER GREAT DRAMA,
"RED HANDS,"
AT
WOOD'S THEATRE,
NEW YORK.

Opinions of the Press, January 31st, 1871.

HERALD.—"RED HANDS" is full of stirring situations, and kept the interest of the audience alive throughout the performance. Miss LUCY RUSHTON invested RACHEL HARMAN, the wronged wife and mother, with much pathos, and was frequently applauded. There was a crowded house and Miss Rushton's engagement will be a brilliant success.

TIMES.—MISS RUSHTON has brought to Wood's, with the impressive form admired in the past, a great deal of earnestness and force as a performer. These influential gifts and acquirements are displayed to much advantage in "RED HANDS," a drama written for Miss Rushton, and of a kind that wins much popular success; it is a piece intended to startle the spectator by means of tragic events, and to keep him in his seat by a desire generally felt to ascertain in what manner a story turns out. In "RED HANDS" the most lasting interest is awakened by the mishaps of a mother. Miss Rushton, who represents Rachel, portrays the woman with a tenderness towards her child, and a vigor of hatred and of action towards her persecutors, supplying proof of study and securing numerous assurances of effectiveness. It can be said, without flattery, that the whole performance, which was heartily applauded, is even and striking. The Raging Falls in Australia was decidedly realistic.

WORLD.—"RED HANDS" is a highly sensational drama, fiercely interesting, very ingenious, and will please the boys immensely.

TRIBUNE.—"RED HANDS," a marvellous melodrama of the blood and thunder kind.

DEMOCRAT.—MISS LUCY RUSHTON appeared for the first time in several years and was greeted by a house full of old admirers and new friends: her reception was very cordial indeed and she won much upon her audience as she progressed. "RED HANDS" is very good, and finely adapted to Miss Rushton's abilities, is a success, and will be one of the best features of the season. Miss Rachel Harman of Miss Rushton's is similar to the "Mary Warner" of Miss Bateman, and equally as well played.

SUN.—Vigor and picturesqueness are plentifully to the fore in the new drama, "RED HANDS"—the Raging Falls and Rescue Scene very striking; the piece moved with great smoothness and spirit to a dramatic climax.

STAR.—MISS RUSHTON'S appearance last evening attracted quite a large audience, and the applause which greeted her on her entrance proved that she has not forgotten her old friends, which she selected for her rentree in the metropolis, is a fearful and wonderful affair of the ultra sensational school; a constant succession of incidents never for a moment permits the interest to flag. The scenic effects of the drama are fine. There is a very exciting scene in the "Raging Falls." Miss Rushton, in the role of Rachel Harman, won much applause from the audience and acted with much earnestness.

TELEGRAM.—"RED HANDS."—Miss Rushton assumed the part of Rachel and did it excellently, investing the character with all the instinctive tenderness of a mother, combined with all the tiger's ferocity and courage in defence of her child.

POST.—"RED HANDS."—Return of Miss Rushton in a new sensational drama, in which she acted with much feeling, at times displaying her powers to special advantage.

MAIL.—"RED HANDS" is highly sensational drama. The audience assembled to welcome Miss Rushton was quite numerous; the play was frequently applauded, the audience seeming to enjoy the highly wrought effects.

EXPRESS.—"RED HANDS," a new and very sensational melodrama, which possesses a great many of the elements of a popular success, and will, doubtless, enjoy it.

HOME JOURNAL, Feb. 1st.—MISS LUCY RUSHTON made her first appearance here for several years in a drama entitled "RED HANDS," which is strictly sensational. Miss Rushton has, in the heroine, Rachel Harman, a part well suited to her style and abilities, and plays it with spirit, force and earnestness.

OUR SOCIETY, Feb. 4th.—During the past week large audiences have witnessed the sensational drama, "RED HANDS," produced with great success in London. MISS RUSHTON was greeted on her return with many manifestations of delight. The piece abounds in many striking sensations and deserves comments by our most able critics.

ATLAS.—"RED HANDS" is now in the height of success. Miss Lucy Rushton, the reigning favorite, has contributed largely towards its attractiveness. Of this proposition there can be no question. Miss Rushton is a very pleasing actress. The years she has passed since her first campaign in New York have added to her charms. In "RED HANDS" she personates an ill-treated wife and sorrowing mother called Rachel Harman. The heroic passion, intense pathos and underlying tenderness of this part are artistically evolved by Miss Rushton, and thus the sought for effect is produced.

MERCURY.—"RED HANDS."—Fine melodramatic incidents are continually revealed, and the scene where Black Hulks and Agnes drift toward the raging falls in a skiff is finely conceived. The piece is sensational in the extreme and therefore will be popular.

COURIER.—An abused wife and grief stricken mother finds a valorous and vigorous representative in Miss Rushton at Wood's. The vehicle she has chosen for the display of her nerve and power is a drama entitled "Red Hands." Those who love the good old style of melodrama will find a rich treat in "Red Hands." The interest does not flag for a moment. Incidents, situations, dialogue and plot are of the thrilling order, and are skilfully combined in a work that, as a whole, is all engrossing and absorbing. Miss Rushton has a very striking appearance. She acts with considerable tact, so that her audience is moved to bestow on her frequently loud testimonials of their approbation.

SUNDAY NEWS.—"Red Hands," in which Miss Lucy Rushton is now playing at Wood's, has met with a flattering reception.

SUNDAY STAR.—The success of the sensational drama, "Red Hands," which is announced for nightly repetition at Wood's, is interesting and very acceptable. One of the many exciting scenes is thrilling in the extreme. It represents the passage of a boat over and down a raging falls. This is an effective scene. As Rachel Harman, Miss Rushton wins much applause.

DISPATCH.—On Monday evening Miss Rushton, an old favorite of the New York public, made her re-appearance in the character of Rachel Harman in the sensational and highly exciting drama of "Red Hands," the play eliciting the warmest demonstrations of approval. The house was well filled by a highly enthusiastic audience. Miss Rushton was very cordially welcomed on her appearance, and continued throughout the piece to receive the most satisfactory proofs of the estimation in which her performance was held. Miss Rushton, since her last appearance in this city, has improved greatly, not only in her dramatic powers, but in the development of the charms of a particularly fine figure, and she will, doubtless, continue to prove a great attraction at Wood's for some time to come. 45-1t*

McNEIL HALL,
PARIS, HENRY COUNTY, TENN.
The undersigned would call the attention of CONCERT or THEATRICAL TROUPES to the fact that they have just finished a commodious HALL. Stage, 18x30. HALL SEATING 500 PEOPLE.
Paris being situated in a wealthy and liberal county, and had no amusements of a public character for ten years past, makes it a desirable point to stop at.
Any application addressed as below will meet with a prompt reply.
CRAWFORD, PORTER & CO.
Proprietors McNEIL HALL,
Paris, Henry County Tenn.
N. B.—Paris is on the MEMPHIS AND LOUISVILLE RAILROAD, with two Passenger Trains, both NORTH and SOUTH, daily. 45-1t*

THOMS' MUSIC HALL,
CENTRAL AVENUE,
between
FOURTH AND FIFTH STREETS,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Central and convenient to all street railroads. No scenery. 970 chairs. For rent for concerts, lectures, or first class shows. Rent $30 per night, $200 per week. Apply to or address
J. C. THOMS,
45-1t* 81 West Third street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE LYDIA THOMPSON TROUPE.
WANTED,
A Lady of good personal appearance and experienced in Burlesque. A Second Low Comedian; must be able to sing and dance. A Wardrobe Keeper; must be an experienced Theatrical Dress maker, to take entire charge of the Wardrobe and travel with the Troupe.
Address, stating full particulars, to
ALEX. HENDERSON,
Arch street Theatre, Philadelphia.

JOHNNY BOOKER,
RING MASTER, COMIC VOCALIST,
AND ETHIOPIAN COMEDIAN,
CAN BE ENGAGED
FOR THE TENTING SEASON OF '71.
Address to CINCINNATI, O. 45-1t*

"AS YOU LIKE IT."
PENDY,
BURLESQUE ENGLISH PATTER SINGER.
ROYAL RODNEY RATHBONE.
"SULLY," THE MAN THAT WOULD.
CHICAGOED—THE GREAT HIT.
FROM FILLY TO THE GARDEN.
"AS YOU LIKE IT." The best song and dance of the day.
N. B.—The above songs are not for MINSTREL HALLS, but VARIETY THEATRES. For copies of the above, address
45-1t* PENDY, Olympic Theatre, Brooklyn, N. Y.

LEDGER JOB PRINT. AND ENGRAVING, PHILADA.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The undersigned takes this opportunity of returning his heartfelt thanks to the various
DRAMATIC AND VARIETY THEATRE MANAGERS,
as well as the profession in general, for the liberal support extended him during the last nine months. It is a matter of pride to know that my efforts to please all with whom I have had business relations (with but two exceptions) have been attended with such happy results that I long since found my present place of business inadequate to attend to the demands of managers and professionals. I have accordingly secured the premises, Nos. 718 and 720 Broadway (being the dwelling portion of the building over LINA EDWIN'S THEATRE), which premises I have secured on a lease of
SIX YEARS AND FOUR MONTHS,
having taken possession January 1st, 1871, and to which place I shall remove my business on or about Feb. 15th. The above-named building has three floors fronting on Broadway. The first floor consists of three rooms—two of which are 19 feet wide by 26 feet deep and 14 feet high. One of these rooms will be fitted up as an office for general business, while the other will be for the special accommodation of ladies. The other room is 26 feet long by 12 feet wide and 14 feet high, fronting on Broadway, fitted up solely for the accommodation of managers. There is also on this floor a retiring room, with marble top wash basin and other conveniences. The second floor consists of the same number of rooms, of the same size, with the addition of a large bath room and other conveniences.
FOR THE EXPRESS USE OF PATRONS OF THE AGENCY.
The large front room on this floor will be fitted up in a handsome manner as a
PARLOR FOR LADIES
with one of
STEINWAY'S SEVEN OCTAVE PIANOS,
for the accommodation of Managers who may wish to engage a vocalist or pianist, thus affording the artist an opportunity of displaying his or her talent before being engaged. This is what has long been needed, and will, no doubt, be appreciated by all. Instrumental performers of any kind can also have an opportunity of showing what they can do. The large back room on this floor will be stocked with specimens of the handsomest Pictorial printing as well as of the Lithographic Art to be found in this country. In addition to a large quantity always to be found upon the shelves, full length specimens of three and six sheet posters will be displayed upon stretchers. This Job Printing business will be a great feature at this Agency, and Managers can order as large a supply and at as reduced rates as desired from the printing establishment. Heretofore very little if any attention has been paid to this GREAT ACCOMMODATION for Managers, but all may rest assured that one who can treat people in a civil manner will be present, and all orders attended to with promptness and dispatch. The other room on this floor will be for any business of a strictly private nature. The top floor I shall occupy as a place of residence, which will be of great accommodation to all, as I shall always be on the spot, particularly all hours of the night, to receive and answer telegrams.
ONE OF THE GREATEST IMPROVEMENTS TO BE MADE IN THE AGENCY BUSINESS is the introduction into the main office of one of the
WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH
INSTRUMENTS, WITH OPERATOR,
to facilitate business, thus having direct communication with every city in the world. This will obviate the present unavoidable delay in sending and receiving of telegrams. The introduction of this telegraphic instrument into THE OFFICE is based upon the fact ACKNOWLEDGED BY THE TELEGRAPH MANAGER THAT MY BUSINESS ALONE DURING THE PAST FIVE MONTHS HAS YIELDED A GREATER REVENUE TO THE COMPANY THAN ANY FOUR FIRMS IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK. This is of itself an evidence of the great amount of business transacted; probably, greater than previously done by any other two Dramatic Agents in the world. I have made arrangements with the great European Dramatic Agents,
MESSRS. PARRANCINI & CORBYN,
of 49 DUKE STREET, St. James, S. W., London, Eng., with whom I have weekly communications, and from whom I shall be in receipt each week of complete files of programmes of the London Theatres, as well as the leading theatrical publications of Europe. I am also prepared at all times to negotiate with first class talent for London, Paris and Liverpool, through these, the leading Dramatic Agents of Europe; also for the appearance of foreign talent in this country.
Respectfully, COL. T. ALLSTON BROWN.

A. S. PENNOYER
Having resigned his position with the Fox and Denier Troupe, is at present disengaged. Address care of Col. T. ALLSTON BROWN or 1,736 Marshal street, Philadelphia. 45-1t

**BALLET LADIES WAN

SLAUGHTER OF AN INNOCENT.

A NODE BY L. W. H.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

I am an honest Sucker, from the state of Illinois,
And I pride myself on being a pure and guileless boy;
I was raised upon a prairie farm, my forte is ploughing corn,
And evil actions are by me looked down upon with scorn.

However, there's a little game at which I like to play,
And of that festive little game I've something sad to say.
The game is played with balls and chalk, a table and a cue,
But 'tis needless to describe it, for no doubt you've played it, too.

At our little village tavern I've practiced at that game,
Until I thought that I could beat Old Phelan at the same;
So Phelin' sure that I could cope with any living man
(Or Dion, either, all the same), I formed a little plan.

I resolved that I would bid farewell to the table at the inn,
And "light out" to Chicago, that home of vice and sin;
So I sold my horses, cows and hogs, my hay and wheat and corn,
And turned my back without regret on the place where I was born.

Arriving at my journey's end, with carpet sack in hand,
A stranger gently stopped me and, in tones quite soft and bland,
Inquired sweetly whether I would not like to go
To a cosy, little, quiet house, "all on the square, you know."

I liked the man's appearance—he seemed so innocent;
So by his side, as up the street my willing steps I bent,
He talked with me quite freely and soon he drew me out
Into telling him my little plan and how it came about.

In course of time we reached his place and took a good stiff drink,
Which amazingly refreshed me and at once caused me to think
That if in all Chicago there was a man so bold
As to tackle me at billiards that he'd find himself soon sold.

So down into the billiard room I pensively meandered,
Thinking little, very little, that my tin would soon be squandered.
My friend I saw behind the bar, who softly called me to him,
When he slyly pointed at a man and told me to "go through him."

So up towards this artless man with ready steps I strayed,
And, pointing at a table, asked him if he ever played.
With a smile quite sweet and reriving he said he "used to 'spiel,'
But, being out of practice now, he did not billious feel."

"But since I was so urgent (he had the cheek to say)
That, if I'd give him fifty points, a game or two he'd play;
And, to make the same more binding, we'd stake a ten or twenty;
Not that he cared a d—mne to win, for of money he had plenty."

Thinks I to myself, "What wondrous luck! I've lit upon a flat;"
So I grabbed a cue, pulled off my coat and doffed my new plug hat,
And at the noble game we went, and soon he took me in
For the twenty at stake, cigars and drinks and every cent of tin.

My money gone, I staked my watch and then my diamond pin,
But soon, alas! with merciless hand, he also raked them in.
My coat went next and then my vest, then pants and shirt and hat,
Then neck-tie, collar, drawers and socks were taken by that "flat."

SEQUEL.

A wagon drove up next day at noon and in it I was stowed,
And taken to the poor house, which has since been my abode.
Ah! if to that old prairie farm I only could return,
Chicago and its little games I'd ever after spurn.

MORAL.

Now, young man, ponder long and well upon this simple story,
And do not leave your country home for money or for glory;
For, though you think you are no slouch at billiards with a cue,
You'll find that, as they did by me they'll likewise do by you.

REINDEER HUNTING.

Adventures in the Norway Wilds.

The neighborhood of the Bygdin, Gjende and Tyen Lakes, some few miles to the northeast of the Fille Fjeld, has long been a favorite resort for tourists in search of the picturesque. And, indeed, the purity of the atmosphere in those parts, coupled with the grand scenery that may there be enjoyed, are doubtless an ample compensation for all the trouble and rough work that have to be encountered in reaching spots which lie rather out of the beaten tracks of ordinary travelers.

But long, long before any tourist set his foot on these desert wilds, they were already well known to a class of people, whose passion for roaming over the high fields was as great, as ardent, as that of any Alpine clamberer of modern days. I refer to the reindeer hunters of Norway, a hardy race, indeed; one that shuns no danger, deems no hardship too severe, so long as they can hunt the reindeer amid his native wilds. It is of them I purpose to write; but before doing so, a preliminary and brief sketch of the reindeer itself will, I trust, not be without interest to your readers.

The does calve in early spring. At this season, of course, the reindeer are free from molestation at the hunters' hands; but not the less have they numerous enemies to contend against. Indeed, I question much whether any animal—bird, beast or fish—is so exposed to peril as the reindeer.

At the period in question, the glut on is its mortal foe. With unwearying pertinacity, it follows on the reindeer's tracks; and no sooner does it perceive that parturition has taken place, than it rushes on the poor mother, who, in her weak and exhausted condition, is unable to repel the foe, and thus doe and young often fall victims to their relentless enemy.

Later on in the summer, moreover, they are exposed to the merciless onslaught of those myriads of mosquitoes and stinging flies with which Norway abounds. No peace for them then in the lowlands, where the grass grows so luxuriantly. If they would have any quiet, any enjoyment of life, they must seek the shelter of those snowy patches high up on the field side, which, happily for them, seldom if ever melt. On hot, still days, therefore, the reindeer frequent the highest parts of the mountains, but always on that side against which the wind blows; for instinct tells them that their keen sense of smell will warn them of the approach of any foe from that quarter, while, at the same time, their quick eye would speedily detect any moving object over the unbroken surface of a snowy plain. Here they are comparatively safe. But, alas! at these great heights, the means of subsistence are but scanty; the vegetable world is poorly represented there, and though their wants are but few, and are easily satisfied, yet the pangs of hunger will at last be felt even in a reindeer's stomach, and will compel him to leave his secure retreat.

In summer time the bucks and does do not usually herd together, for while the cares of her offspring occupy the attention of the latter, the buck, as if he disdained such lowly avocations, retires in dignified contempt to the most sequestered spots he can find.

The experienced hunter is, of course, well acquainted with all these movements. He has made the habits of the reindeer his special study, and it has taught him this practical rule, that the hotter the weather, the higher up in the mountains will deer be found, while the lower the temperature, the nearer will they descend to the inviting pasture on the lowlands. Besides this general rule, he knows well that the wind plays a very important part in the movements of these animals. Reindeer always travel against the wind, and thus tracts which may not day be covered with them, will, if the wind shifts, be without a a single hoof on the following day.

Such is the reindeer's life until the month of October. At this period a great change takes place, and the bucks, getting weary of their bachelorhood up among the snowy crags, seek the society of the does. The pairing season has set in; the most interesting epoch in the reindeer's life. This period are so worthy of notice, that I must give a brief description of the occurrences which then usually take place.

The does, as I have said, congregate in herds, and each herd is under the command of a large buck, or *halder*, as he is termed. Perhaps a strange buck is desirous of joining the company; as may be imagined, the haldar resents the intrusion. A fierce conflict ensues, which, for its rage and fury, is scarcely surpassed among any of the representatives of the animal world. Rearing up on their hind quarters, they strike violently out with their fore legs, sparring and feinting like prize fighters; and when this round is over they will retire a few paces, fronting each other the while; and presently, as if some herald had given the signal for the charge, they dash against one another with lightning like rapidity, so that the splinters from their antlers fly far and wide. Stunned by the onset, a pause ensues, when the fight begins once more and continues till one or the other gains the day. Need it be said that the arena where the combat has taken place is easily recognized by the splinters of horns, the tufts of hair and patches of blood that bestrew it, while the trampled down earth plainly shows that the fight was obstinately contested. The victor, of course, takes his place at the head of the herd, while the vanquished slinks ignominously off. But it often happens that the victory has been dearly bought. Another claimant appears—another conflict takes place—and our old friend, the haldar, though he may be the conqueror of a hundred battles, at last gets so wearied and worn that he too, in turn, has to succumb to the attacks of some more youthful and vigorous rival.

Meanwhile the does stand quietly gazing on, apparently enjoying the fun, even if they are not quite so demonstrative as Spanish ladies are at a bull fight. Their love seems to be of a very general type. Possibly, however, the poor things know that it matters but little to them which of the two bucks may gain the day, for experience has taught them that whoever be their lord and master, they will have no very enjoyable time of it, for no eastern sultan ever bullies the ladies of his harem more than does the haldar the does that compose his herd. During this season the does are generally closely packed in a ring, outside of which they are not permitted to pass. But females, I am told, never did assemble in any numbers without doing something they ought not to do; so, possibly, this may be the cause why yonder venturesome doe transgresses the prescribed boundary. Poor thing! A furious charge from the haldar, which dashes her to the ground, teaches her and her companions a lesson that the commands of their lord are not to be trifled with; or if he be more gentle and merciful than bucks in general, he may perhaps only place his antlers under her stomach, and quietly pitch her back into the very midst of her trembling companions, a gentle hint that another time she may not meet with such a slight punishment.

It is only, however, during the commencement of the rutting season that the haldar's jurisdiction is monarchical; for when all the necessary blood has been shed, an honorable peace is agreed upon, and the young bucks are permitted to take a subordinate position in the herd. Then all goes on happily enough; every one knows his place and his power, and seldom seeks to overstep them.

The deer now shed their horns, and, as at this season the snow begins to fall, they are safe for a while from the "snares of the hunter." The cream of the reindeer hunting season may be gathered in Sept. and in the early part of Oct. The scanty hay and corn crops are harvested and the hunter accordingly lays aside the sickle and the scythe for the trusty rifle and repairs to the fields, taking up his abode in the now deserted *saters* or cheeses, whence they have long since been driven back to the home farm. More frequently, however, he has to build for himself a shooting hut, the architecture of which is of so simple a nature that a few lines will suffice to describe it. A hollow square of stones is formed, arranged so as to fit into such other as closely as may be; and if the builder has a special eye to comfort, he stuffs up the interstices with lichen. A small aperture at the top of the structure is left for the smoke to escape out of, and the fabric of the hut is complete. Let us now look at the internal arrangements. Immediately underneath the smoke hole, a primitive fire place is constructed; a bench is set up along one side of the wall, broad enough for a couple of men to sleep on; and there you have the shoot box furnished. A hole in one side serves as a door through which the hunter has to creep on all fours.

The area of such a "box" is usually about six or eight feet square. To stand upright in one of them is simply impossible, and were you even able to do so, you would quickly change your position for a recumbent one, to avoid asphyxiation, as the smoke, which finds its way out as best it can through the hole above, would simply choke you were you to get on your legs. But the reindeer hunters are well contented with their huts; and so long as they keep out wind and weather, they do not trouble their heads about luxuries!

Having glanced at their shooting boxes, let us say a word or two about their paraphernalia. As may be supposed, simplicity and serviceableness are here again the leiderata. It is of great importance, of course, that the clothes the hunter wears should be of an unobtrusive character; according y, he selects colors for his garments which resemble those of the surrounding *terrain* as closely as possible. A light grey, mixed with a brownish hue, is deemed most suitable; so that the white jacket and light yellow breeches, the characteristic dress of the Valers peasantry, when well mudured and begrimed by age and wear, are better adapted for the purpose than any other costume in the world, perhaps. The clothes he has on his back constitute his only wardrobe, exceptig, perhaps, an extra pair of worsted stockings, and if he gets wet—an occurrence which happens well nigh every day—he either strips to the skin or else lets his garments dry on his back. But though thus regardless of a change of dress, he is by no means forgetful of the requirements of the inner man: his knapsack is well stocked with a supply of *flatbrod* and butter, a little dried meat, cheese, and plenty of coffee, for coffee is a beverage which a Norwegian cannot do without, and I question much whether there are a hundred individuals in the whole peninsula, from Hammerfest to Christiansand, who pass the day without their *kop* of it.

The rifles in vogue are generally of heavy calibre, and, with but few exceptions, the old fashioned round bullets are used. They will carry with precision to a distance of about four hundred feet, a range usually found quite sufficient.

Reindeer hunters usually hunt in couples, not only for company's sake but for the mutual help and assistance that the one can render to the other; for it is unsafe to go alone on the mountains when the autumn sets in. A sprained ankle, a fall, or any other of those innumerable accidents to which a hunter on the high fields is especially exposed might easily prove fatal were no mate near to lend a helping hand.

With these preliminary remarks, I will ask my readers to accompany two of the old native reindeer hunters on their annual expedition to the fields in the beginning of September.

They have reached the old shooting-box, we will suppose, the previous evening, which they make as comfortable as their means permit them. The indoor arangements being completed, the next thing to see after is a supply of juniper bushes and heather, to serve partly for a bed partly for fuel. A cheery fire soon blazes on the hearth; the coffee-pot is quickly in requisition; and after partaking of a frugal meal, they lose no time in wooing sleep, which seldom refuses to weigh down a hunter's eyelids, and steep his senses in sweet oblivion, or else set him to dream of what he will do on the morrow. Every now and then one or the other of them wakes up, puts on a fresh supply of fuel, and lays himself down to rest once more, till the first faint glow of morning peeps over the mountain ridge.

The morning toilet and breakfast are quickly over, consisting respectively of a shake and a bowl of hot coffee; for they are anxious to be off, and they have some distance to go before reaching their hunting ground. At first, there is no great need for silence; but as they draw near to the desired ground, their whole demeanor changes. Not a word is spoken now, every sense is on the alert.

To proceed against the wind is, I need scarcely say, a matter of the greatest moment, but, of course, not always practicable. In such cases the advance must be made very cautiously. Accordingly, our hunters never get on the ridge of a hill, for the quick eye of the reindeer would soon detect a human form against the clear blue sky. Crawling up, they just peer over, and take a steady and scrutinizing survey of the ground on the other side, and not till they have satisfied themselves that the coast is clear do they venture to stand upright, for they know well that this is an operation which must not be hurried. Every hollow, every rock must be well and perfectly scanned.

The progress, therefore, that our two friends have made is probably not great; for not only do they stop every now and then to sweep the horizon with their telescope, but they seldom walk in a direct line, at least for any distance, deeming it best to quarter their ground after the manner of a well trained pointer.

Let us now suppose the time to be noon, and our hunters to be on fresh spoor. The sun, of course, is in the zenith, and as they know that at this time of day the deer are enjoying their siesta so do our hunters deem it well to follow their example. There is an old saying to the effect that "the best time for a hun er to see reindeer is when he is eating or resting." Anxious looks are therefore cast around while the bread and butter and coffee are under discussion; and should nothing show itself, they take a little snooze, not both at once, but one at a time, and then, awaking like giants refreshed, they set out once more.

Something has occurred! One of the hunters, while cautiously peering over the ridge of a hill, evidently sees something. He looks as if he were suddenly petrified—as if he had become part and parcel of the rock on which he is lying. After remaining in this posture for a few minutes he lets himself slip back down the slope up which he had wormed his way, until he joins his expectant comrade below. "A buck, three does and two hinds!" is the whispered news. "They are grazing under Svartekneipe yonder" (the name of a mountain). They are not more than two thousand paces distant; but how are they to get within shot? It is a knotty point, for it is a dead calm, not a breath of air is stirring. A consultation is held and it is unanimously decided that, under existing circumstances, it would be useless to attempt a stalk. They must wait for a breeze: and as it is best not to waste time, they sit down and have another snack; for, reader, a reindeer hunter's stomach is very elastic; it can take its food or go without it, as the exigencies of the case require. Two hours pass by and a gentle breeze springs up, but as bad luck will have it, it blows directly from them to the deer. A move, an instant move is imperative, for a capricious puff of wind may any moment inform the keen scented animals that danger is lurking in the vicinity.

Quickly, therefore, do they leave their resting-place, springing lightly but cautiously over the loose stones with that ease and sure-footedness which a mountaineer alone acquires. After proceeding in this way for some distance another peep is taken over a ridge. But the deer have shifted their position, still as far off as ever, and, what is worse, on a flat platform, so that a nearer approach is impossible. Patience has once more to be called in to help. They must wait till they get behind yonder rocky ledge towards which they are happily grazing. At last one, then another, and finally the whole herd are hidden from view. It is a critical time—they must wait a little yet—for the hunters know well that one or other of the wary does will retrace her steps in order to have a good look round. But when she has come out and has once more rejoined her companions, they set off at top speed, springing as lightly and noiselessly over the ground as cats, instinctively knowing which stone will afford a firm foothold and which will not. At last the ledge is reached behind which the deer had vanished. One of the hunters worms his way up to the ridge and peeps over. The minutes seem hours to his expectant comrade, who anxiously directs his gaze up to his friend. Presently the look-out man, without moving his head, beckons with his hand, and the two are quickly side by side on the top. Utterly unconcerned and unconscious of danger, the deer are quietly grazing at about two hundred yards distant—a distance not too great, perhaps, for a good London made rifle, but too far for the production of a Norwegian blacksmith to carry.

By crawling *ventre a terre* along the ridge, however, the distance may be diminished at least one half, and thus, now pushing their rifles in front, now trailing them behind, a spot is reached from which active operations may be commenced. The deer are not more than eighty yards distant; all seem unconcerned, save one of the deer, who every now and then throws her head up and snifts in the air, as if she detected treason lurking in the breeze. But she cannot impart her alarm to her lord and master, no, not though she even goes up to him and gives him a dig in the ribs. His majesty is enjoying himself, and will not be disturbed; besides, if a man were always to listen to the whims and caprices of a suspicious wife, he would never enjoy a moment's happiness.

While this scene has been enacted our hunters have looked to their rifles; seen that the powder is well up in the nipple, and have put on fresh caps. Then, for the first time that day, a muzzle is pointed towards a deer. The older of the two hunters is to fire at the buck, while the larger of the does is the aim of his companion. Simultaneously their rifles are discharged; one report only is heard: the buck falls dead on the spot, while the doe, after running a few hundred paces, falls on her knees never to rise again. The rest of the herd, dismayed, not knowing where to flee and thoroughly demoralized, scamper back every minute to their prostrate lord. Meanwhile, the hunters have reloaded their trusty rifles, and one more doe bites the dust. The rest of the herd run off, stopping, however, every now and then to take a last fond look at that favored haun', where never before had their privacy been intruded on.

Thus ends the day's sport, and a splendid one it has been, for it often happens that days and days may pass by without a single head being bagged.

Quickly and skilfully the deer are flayed and quartered, and after cutting off a juicy steak or two for supper that night's the rest of the venison is buried in a hole, large stone are piled on it to prevent the gluttons from it out and our hunters make the best of their way home. But it often happens that the chase has led them too far away to render a journey home that night desirable. Often and often, therefore, they have to bivouac out in the open, under the sheltering lee of some friendly rock. But they are used to such contingencies, and "weariness can snore upon the flint."

Such is the life of the reindeer hunter year after year. Doubtless it is a severe one, but, on the other hand, he likes it, and there can be no question that it sharpens the faculties and develops the power of endurance to an inconceivable degree. Indeed, a harder race than the reindeer hunters of Norway cannot well be imagined. The intimate acquaintance they have with the ground is marvellous. Every beck, every knoll, aye, almost every rock, is familiar to them—a knowledge that not only stands them in good stead when "on stalk," but is of inexpressible service should darkness or a snow storm come suddenly on.

Alas! that this good old race should be fast disappearing before the advancing march of civilization, which is making itself felt amid even Norwegian wilds in the shape of cockney hunters from Christiana, and sportsmen from our own isles, armed with breech-loaders and accompanied with stores of luxuries! No wonder if the reindeer, though certainly more of them do not fall victims to the bullet than of yore, retreat into the inaccessible solitudes of the high fields, where they are safe from the hunter's hands.—*Chambers' Journal.*

A CAT STORY.—Down in Tuckahoe there is a man named Simpson, who has a flat roof to his house covered with tin. The roof got a leaking badly a few weeks ago, and it happened to occur to Mr. Simpson that it would be a good thing to cover the whole surface with the material out of which concrete pavements are made, "so as to make her all tight and nice," said Simpson. A mix was accordingly engaged, and he covered the tin with concrete to the depth of three or four inches. The curse of Tuckahoe is cats. In warm weather millions of them assemble and hold ratification meetings, and rehearsals and general synods out in the back yards and on the roofs. In Tuckahoe last July the heat was unusually intense, and Mr. Simpson was exceedingly annoyed by the animated discussion of cats in the neighborhood. The more he "shoed" them and flung old boots at them, the more they yelled. Night after night it continued to grow more terrible, and day after day Mrs. Simpson observed that the mysterious catterwauling continued during all the hours of daylight. Simpson hadn't a boot jack, or a blacking brush, or a rolling pin, or a cologne bottle left to throw at them. At last one moonlight night the uproar got to be so outrageous that Simpson arose from his bed and determined to ascertain what in the thunder all this growling meant anyhow! It appeared to him that the noise came from the top of the house. He went into the garret and put his head out of the trap door. There he found one hundred and ninety-six cats stuck fast knee deep in the concrete, which had been softened by the heat. Some of them had been there four days. The moment they caught sight of Simpson the whole one hundred and ninety-six doubled up their spines, ruffled up their back hair, smacked their tails, and gave one wild, unearthly howl, which shocked Simpson's nerves so much that he dropped the trap door and fell down the step ladder on the head of Mrs. Simpson, who was standing below, dressed in a tidy with a frill on it, and armed with a palm leaf fan and a bed slat, determined to protect Simpson to the death. The next day the concrete was removed and the cats dug out. But you ought to have been present when Simpson interviewed the concrete man! There were only four rounds, then Simpson got off the man's prostrate body in order to let him go and hunt for some good hair restorative and put a fresh oyster to his eye.

SENTIMENT VALUED.—The wives of men of sentiment are not always the most appreciative of women. Jean Paul represents Siebenkas as reading one of his beautiful imaginings to his wife, who listened with eyes cast down and bated breath. As he closed, the sharer of his joys beamed forth with:—"Don't put on your left stocking tomorrow, dear; I must mend that hole in it."

THE MODERN DON JUAN.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

The Don Giovanni of former times (who is supposed to be the same Don Juan that Byron wrote of) was a gay, rollicking fellow, in silken hose and doublet, with plenty of money, an openly avowed preference for the good things of this world and a dashing impudence that carried him through everything until his part with the devil was ended; while the Don Giovanni of the present professes to have entered into a compact with the Almighty, draws a saintly countenance and divides his attention between the lusts of the flesh and the pomps and vanities of "this wicked world." As members of the elect are daily falling from grace, the following is in season:—

THE MODERN DON GIOVANNI;
A SKELETON DRAMA.

SCENE 1. *A Drawing-room in a stylish Mansion*—MISS FLEUR DE LUCE *and* MISS CERULEAN BLUE.

MISS DE L. (*sighing*).—Pardon this momentary sadness, Julia.
You know 'tis not my mood, but I was less
A Christian did I shrink *his* teachings more.
His—you know whom I mean—young Surplice Lawn,
Who preaches for us such bewitching things,
And looks so like the angel Gabriel,
As seen in paintings. Such side whiskers ne'er
Saw I on mortal man, and when he rolls
Those eyes of his to heaven—I'd go there too,
Or *anywhere*, so that he went along.

MISS C. B.—And does that make thee sad, thou giddy thing?
For me, I dwell upon the thought with joy,
Last night amid the press he squeezed my hand
And smiled—oh! *such* a smile! I dreamt all night
Of that entrancing smile, and how divinely,
With what sweet mournfulness he said, "'tis close,
I think 'twere best to seek the air awhile."

MISS DE L.—That's his daguerreotype, isn't not? Let's see it. (*Snatches.*)
The very same—the turned up eyes and nose—
'Tis he, indeed 'tis he!

SINGS (in Eye-talian).

Una voce poca fa,
Had I wings I'd fly with thee,
Non me dir ah non giungir;
Happy I thy flame to be
Che mai ocho mora, poco,
Blest with him to run away;
Ah! qual amor, dolorosa,
Heedless what the world might say.

Enter.—REV. SURPLICE LAWN.

REV. S. L.—Harmony from the spheres! I'd give my choir,
A crack, one as you know, those notes to match.

MISS DE L.—Tuey ate all yours, and many more beside.

Presses his hand.

But come; what say you to a soc'al ride?
My carriage has been waiting this half hour.

REV. S. L.—Done! Let me place among thine hair this flower.

Sticks a dandelion in her hair.

MISS C. B. (*fixing smelling salts*)—I am *de trop*, it seems. Well, be it so,
I must content me with another beau.

They exeunt severally.

SCENE II.—*The Primrose Club House—Two Gents conversing.*

FIRST GENT.—Seen morning's *Slasher?* Most important reviews.

SECOND GENT.—Has Lewey Napoleong died, or have stocks risen?

FIRST GENT.—No; but what's worse, that smurking Surplice Lawn,
Him with the red side whiskers, at Saint Jude's,
Has gone and run away with Miss De Luce,
Fifth Avenue's belle, and ta'en her jewels too.

SECOND GENT.—She thinks her blessed, but she'll find her bliked.
He's a huge fraud. Indeed, I've heard it said,
Like sailors, he's in every town a wife;
Traps girls' affections, slopes with them, and 'ere
The honeymoon is over cuts again,
Taking their money; for he has prime taste,
This clerical adonis, and rejects
The fairest of his flock, if wanting funds.
The youngest shoots wither like autumn flowers
If he but breathe on them; and for each lapse
He has a precept ready.

FIRST GENT.—This is nuts
For journalists; let's call on old De Loose,
Who by this time, I dare say, must be *tight.*

(*They sing a duet and exeunt.*

SCENE III.—*A street—music—hurried sounds of pursuit*—REV. SURPLICE LAWN *turns the corner.*

REV. S. L.—So! I may breathe a while. I've distanced them;
But ere I vanish I must count my gains.
This last pet hen I've plucked to quite a tune,
And could I, with my earnings, but escape,
Might ape my titled peers in other lands.

(*Noise renewed.*

Again! They come. I go. Fortune, smile still!

SCENE 4.—*A court room—judges on the bench*—REV. SURPLICE LAWN *in prisoner's box*—MR. *and* MRS. DE LUCE, *counsel, etc.*

JUDGE.—Now, prisoner, have you any more to say?

REV. S. L.—Most potent, grave and reverend seignors, yes.
That I have ta'en away this old chap's daughter
Is a froze fact. True, I have married her;
The very head and front of my offending
Hath this extent, no more; and if I erred
Have I not made amend? Why, look you, sirs
'Tis not my fault the girls look sweet on me;
And often in my pulpit, stern, intent
On thoughts devotional, I've caught the flash
Of op'ra glasses leveled straight at me,
Until the tell-tale blush my cheeks suffused.
Proposals greet my ear at every turn;
Pet hurl themselves as my path rose leaves dropt
In aromatic showers each leisure hour,
And all my prayer books teem with photographs,
Sandwiched with locks of hair, black, golden, grey,
Auburn, blonde, brown or chestnut; could I stand
Firm 'gainst such powerful arguments as these?
Money I seek not, but if, with boquets,
They slue their purses at me, count my fault
Trivial at best and gently with me deal.

The Judges whisper together.

1ST JUDGE.—There's sense in what you say; we are but men,
And still variety's the spice of life.
Since then your vestrymen have banisht you,
And after you have set the hue and cry,
We fine you but one thousand dollar greenback,
And you are free to go where'er you list.

REV. S. L.—Thanks! My approval's yours.

OLD DE LUCE (*to* MISS DE L.)—Come, daughter, come; though there's no justice here,
In Indiana there is still some left,
Which we may have by paying for. Come, come.

(*Leads her off tenderly.*—REV. SURPLICE *goes to dinner.*

Court disperses.

SCENE V.—*Court Room (interval of five years being supposed to elapse)—Corral Full of Prisoners.*

JUSTICE.—Give Mickey Free five years; the stupid lout!
Not for safe-tapping, but for *being caught.*
Pat Shaughessy, three years; Hans Breitmann, six;
The rest take one a piece. Here, Smoucher—you with the side whiskers and the fancy clothes—
Jugged for disposing of a lot of "queer"—
What have you now to say? Why! as I live,
'Tis Surplice Lawn! once tried for bigamy.

EX.REV. S. L.—The same. The "cops" have been too sharp for me.
Women have been my ruin. Had they bent
Their thoughts on holy things and not on me
I'd still have had a living, and perhaps
Have had my carriage too.

JUDGE.—Your plight is bad.
You should have been less bold in your amours,
And this had not befallen. 'Tis the being caught
Society condemns for—not the sin.
Send this chap up for twenty-seven years.

CHEEG.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,
BY MARK QUENCHER.

Dot is a quality vich is berfectly requisite in dis vorld, so dot you can make oud of yourself someding ad all. Midoud dot, a berson don'd can god his said; und he vill been boosded aside by der rebresendadifs of der more bush-ahead glass, vich bossesses more pones, mussils and cheegs.

Dere are some differend kinds of cheegs. Dere is der heidy cheeg, vich is der dop of der heab. Der heidy cheeg don'd shdop ad someding ad all. Id vill dook your last segar und den send you down shdairs for a lighd. Id vill bick oud der nicest haid ad a bardy und valk off mid dot midoud der slighdest backwardness. If you habe a heidy cheeg for a bedfellow on a cold nighd, and if you are vaked ub by der cold, you vill hafe der sadisfaction of opserfing all der plankets shnugly rolled around der heidy cheeg, und he vill eggsclaim from under der clothes, "Boog, how I do god warm, aind id?" Id vill borrow your new bandyioons und den growl ad you because dey don'd fid. Id vill ixdend do you a varm invidation do drink, und den vill do you der honor dot you can bay for dot. Once ubon von dime I lended me a faluable book do a female friend

A good vile elabsed idself, und I didn'd seen id some more. So, von day, I valks me ofer do her house, und chudge of my exbrise, do seen dot book on der dable mid a inkstand on id. I did dot book was bresended do dot young lady by her olt friend Uncle Schneider, vich was a berfect ile. Vell, I coodend said someding. I oxcebded dot as a mosd advanced sdage of heidy cheeg.

Den dere is der female cheeg. Dot is a mosd dormending arrangement. Id vill vake you ub in der morning mid ids piano dordoning, und vill keeb you avake ad nighd ven id howls dot dot "sweed Sibirid vill bless und Hear Id's Brayer!" Id vill dook your sead in a car, midoud efen saying:—"Dank you, ole buffer; you're a buly ole buck, so you are!" Id vill also gife a gapidal imidation of disdinfulness, if you don'd hob yourself ub ven dey abbroach deirselfs. Der young female cheeg vill hafe confersation mid you about every subject—bolidics, religion, bolidical economy, etc.—mideud, berhaps, dot it is efen aple do tell Vashington's last name.

Der aggomplished female cheeg vill tell you all der necessary information about der latest bieces at der theadres, und vill adbeak to you a list of her friends vich are going, und led you know, in about fife leedle minudes, dot she voodend make a heafy objection do vend dere herself mid you. Id vill dife in a musig sadore und insbeed ids nose in every biece of musig vich dey can remember, from Dan Emmed's anciendest sonadus, down to Beed Hoofen's ladest galops und valdses. Und aider hafing made der gierks schread like sbongs, und oggasmined all der headiest bieces of Joe Hadyn, Minder Beed Hoofen, Esq., und Charley Von Weber, id vill burchase a simblified copy of der Kisses Valse, und hafe id rolled ub in der nicest vay. Mid dis id vill brominade Broadway for a gobble of hours, hafing der heafy combosition exbosed in a brominend bosishion. Der female cheeg is in elemends, so do sbeak, ven id has a young fellow on some shdrings, und occebds bresends, und books, und candies, und ice-greams, und races, und theadres, &c., mideud hardly asking his name, led alone loading him.

Der old female cheeg vill charge dain dollars do fifteen a week for a bed-blace in der mosd nord-easdesd gorner of der segond sdory of der garred, und dree assauids on shdale grub und hashes, und der family (medley) silfer sfery daily.

Somedimes dere is a mean kind of a cheeg. Id vill schbend fife dollars oud of four for chin und millok, vile der rest subbords der family; und if dere aind blainly of eferyding, a cheeg vill fighd mid der olt vooman on accound she didn'd bought more dings.

So! dere you hafe der differend variadions of cheeg. Dook id aldogedder, und, if used for a good burbose, id is one of der beadest condrifances do boosd a fellow ahead against der choking wafes of drubble vich is med so often during der brogress droo life.

PRECEPT VS. EXAMPLE.—An enthusiastic clergyman, who had labored faithfully to convert the officers and crew of a ship in which he had taken passage to Europe, lost all influence over the objects of his solicitude during a severe gale, in consequence of the excessive fright he exhibited at the immediate prospect of going to heaven.

CUPID'S FOIBLES, FOLLIES AND FANCIES.

LOVE'S RETREAT.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

We hurried on through the deserted street,
Hearing nought save the dreary whistling wind,
And the quick clatter of our hast'ning feet;
The sombre dwellings soon were left behind;
We reached the brink,
And paused to think,
"Were we both still of an unaltered mind?"

The moonlight for one moment lit her face,
And this decided me—her eyes still shone
With that strange phosphorescence. Not a trace
Of fixed resolve had from her features flown.
Then did I kneel,
The dashing steel
To fasten beneath her feet and my own.

Out o'er the polished ice then did we fly,
Oft swerving to avoid those treach'rous falls
Where death seems lurking with inauspicious eye;
Howbeit, though dull, this eye the heart appals!
Then sweeping past,
While the night blast
Moaned like a human breast which sorrow galls.

On silently, save to our skates' sharp ringing,
Far o'er the shimmering ice we lightly flew,
Till she anon aside her mantle flinging,
Once more her charms were subject to my view.
The moon retired,
But I was fired,
And fierce desire sprang up in me anew.

Soon far beyond there gleamed a flickering light,
Then disappeared—then started bright again—
Then steadily increased, as in our flight
The distance lessened on the icy plain:
We neared the shore—
One moment more,
And we were in the cot where love doth reign.

Upon the walls no tapestry there hung—
The smooth white floor untufted met our feet;
Yet all seemed beautiful, for we were young,
And for the time were free, so all seemed sweet.
Her iron hand,
Oppression grand
Could reach not here, for this was love's retreat.

To this retreat my lady love had flown,
Here to escape the thraldom of base gold;
Here in her heart was destined to be sown
Afresh the flower that tyranny had cold;
For her heart of love,
Whom Heaven above
Ordained mine, to another had been sold.

Forth in the chilly night once more we came,
And hastened back toward the haunts of men;
But mild had grown her eyes; the tender flame
Had decked her cheeks with crimson, bright as when
In sparkling glee
Her youth was free!
So for a while the demon slept again.

We reached at last the little postern gate,
Where we had met clandestinely: "Then kiss
Me love," quoth she, "and patiently await—
He cannot chain my heart which is not his!"
Then did she glide
Soft from my side,
Leaving me in a halo of hope's bliss.

The seasons come and go, and 'neath the heel
Of tyranny those parents keep their daughter;
But summer's heat and winter's glittering steel,
Oft in the moonlight bear us o'er the water,
To where love swore
Forever more
She *would* be mine, ev'n though another bought her.

St. Louis, Jan. 24th, 1871. POTENKIN.

THE SOCIAL EVIL.

A NEW BILL FOR ST. LOUIS.

The ordinance regulating prostitution in St. Louis, which was passed last year having hopelessly broken down, a new attempt in the same direction is to be made. The following is the amended social evil bill now pending in the Council. There appears to be some opposition to it on account of doubts as to the legality of some of its provisions. The City Councillor, Judge Reber, has, however, given a favorable opinion upon it, and advised its passage:—

AN ORDINANCE TO REGULATE AND SUPPRESS HOUSES OF ILL FAME.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of St. Louis.

SECTION 1. No prostitute, courtesan, or lewd woman shall, within the limits of the City of St. Louis, by word, sign or action, ply their avocation on the streets, or in any public place, or at the door or open windows of the house or room they may occupy; nor shall any prostitute, courtesan, or lewd woman, stop at or visit any dram shop, saloon, or drinking place; and any prostitute, courtesan, or lewd woman, violating this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be fined not less than $10 nor more than $50.

2. No prostitute, courtesan, or lewd woman shall rent or inhabit any dwelling houses or room or rooms in any tenement building within this city, until permission so to do shall have been obtained from the Board of Police Commissioners.

3. The Board of Health are hereby authorized to erect, purchase, or rent suitable buildings to be used as a hospital and house of industry for the exclusive care, medical treatment and industrial employment of diseased bawds or prostitutes.

4. For the future support and maintenance of said hospital and house of industry, for the payment of its debts, the advancement of its interests, and the humane and reformatory objects contemplated by its establishment, each owner or keeper of a bawdy house, room or rooms, or assignation house, or room or rooms, shall pay the sum of $10 per month, to said hospital, for which sum shall be paid to the medical examiners on the first week of each month hereafter, and each prostitute, courtesan, or lewd woman shall pay the sum of one dollar and fifty cents each week as hospital dues.

6. The City of St. Louis is divided into medical districts, which shall be under the supervision of a regular graduated physician of some medical school in good standing, and be known and designated as a "medical examiner."

8. Each medical examiner shall visit once in each week, and as much oftener as the Board of Health shall direct, all houses of ill-fame houses of assignation, and rooms occupied or used by prostitutes, located in his district, and shall thereinstitute such inquiries and make such physical explorations as he may deem necessary to fully satisfy himself in regard to the healthy condition of each inmate or prostitute, and if any such prostitute by him be found to be affected with any venereal disease, he may order such diseased prostitute, lewd woman, courtezan, or inmate of any room or house of ill-fame or house of assignation, to be removed to the hospital or house of industry, and no prostitute shall further ply her vocation after such order, until cured and discharged; and the medical examiners for each district shall have full power to order the removal, or cause the arrest and commitment to the hospital, of any diseased bawd or prostitute, until cured or discharged.

9. No keeper of a house of prostitution, ill-fame or assignation house, or room or rooms, shall suffer or permit any female who has been declared by a medical examiner to be afflicted with any venereal disease, and a proper subject for hospital treatment, to remain in her house for a longer period than twelve hours, without causing such diseased female to be removed to the hospital or house of industry, or from her place of abode.

10. No prostitute or inmate of a house of ill-fame, or assignation house, or room or rooms, shall exhibit or have in her possession, for the purpose of plying her vocation, any ticket or examination card issued by a medical examiner, other than her own ticket or examination card for the current week, issued in her own name, as it appears registered on the lists at the health office.

11. No owner or keeper or person in charge of any assignation house or house of ill-fame, shall permit such prostitute or courtezan to remain in her house for over twenty-four hours without being duly registered, or having a permit to change residence, without reporting such prostitute to the Chief of Police.

12. It shall be the duty of each medical examiner to treat all cases of venereal disease found to exist in the prostitutes living in his district when solicited so to do, and when not properly requiring hospital treatment, but he shall, under no circum

BASE BALL.

THE PROFESSIONALS OF 1870.

REVIEW, NO. 4.

One of the most accurate pitchers of 1870 was Zettlein, of the Atlantic Club, who is known as the "Charmer," a nick name he acquired one night on visiting Hooley's Minstrels, when big footed "George the Charmer" was dancing. Zettlein has thorough command of the ball, great speed when he likes to show it, and plenty of endurance. We know of no pitcher who has been hit so severely by batted balls as George has. We saw him severely by batted balls on the forehead with such force struck with a line ball on the forehead with such force that the ball actually rebounded from his head more than sixty feet. This occurred in a match on the Union grounds, Brooklyn; George, when hit, was bothered for a little while, but he shook his head, took a drink, and again went to work as if nothing unusual had happened. Last season, too, he was hit hard direct from the bat several times, but he did not seem to mind it. It is a style of head work in pitching, however, which is not relished by this class of the fraternity. Zettlein is commendable for thorough good humor, almost equalling Charley Pabor in this respect, and he works away through the longest of games as smilingly as if fatigue was something unknown to him. He is plucky, withal, in fighting an uphill game, never flunking even if the opposite party should happen to be largely ahead in the score. This is a strong point in a pitcher. George is the easiest man on a catcher that pitches a swift ball. He will send the ball just where the catcher wants him, too; and in this respect, perhaps, he is too complaisant, for while the catcher should be allowed to have some influence over the pitcher in directing his fire, the pitcher ought to be the master of his own actions in adopting offensive operations involving important strategic play. This is, perhaps, one of Zettlein's weaknesses, he requiring a very smart catcher to draw out his most effective style of pitching, George rather lacking in "head work," although he has improved of late in this respect. Zettlein is a faithful player, and has not marred his record by many changes from club to club. Unquestionably the Chicago Club have strengthened their weakest point by securing him as their pitcher for 1871. He will, undoubtedly, bother the western batsmen even if he have but tolerable support in the field, not as Pinkham did by wild pitching, but by his swift and accurate delivery. He is a heavy runner of bases, but then he is heavy at the bat, and that compensates for it. Singularly enough the Athletic Club, of Philadelphia, have found no pitcher they could so easily punish as they have Zettlein, while the Cincinnati nine found him quite the reverse. The truth is no club has yet reached that point of excellence in batting which enables them to punish every pitcher with almost equal effect.

Asa Brainard, the well known pitcher of the Red Stocking nine of 1869 and 1870, was originally the second base man of the old Star nine of 1867; a position he also occupied in the Excelsior Club until the death of Creighton, when he became their pitcher. While occupying that position the opponents of the Excelsiors found little difficulty in punishing Asa's pitching, and it was not until he entered the Cincinnati Club that he really became noted in that capacity. Here, however, he picked up greatly in strategy, and, being admirably supported, soon began to rank as one of the leading pitchers of the country. Asa is a gentlemanly looking player, and has fashionable style of manner and dress secured for him the *soubriquet* of the "Count" in Cincinnati. During the games played by the Red Stockings on their tours to this city in 1869 and 1870, Brainard quite surprised his old *confreres* by his effective style, his delivery being not only swift but very accurate, and he was extremely tricky, his great command of the ball helping him in this respect. He is also a fine fielder, some remarkable stops of swiftly batted balls marking his play in the Red Stocking games in this city last season. He has a beautiful style of taking balls returned to him by the catcher or the fielders, which he learned from Creighton, whom he much resembles in style of delivery. Brainard has a weak point, however, in getting nervous when badly punished. He has improved in this respect to some extent, but still it is a vulnerable point. When the figures are on the right side in the score, however, and he is ably supported, he pitches in "red hot" style. One of his most effective games of 1870 was that in which the Reds "whitewashed" the Unions, at Tremont, in nine successive innings, when he not only pitched with great effect, but fielded admirably. A base ball is not the only ball he handles skilfully, as he is the most noted billiard player in the base ball fraternity. Brainard has been a member of various clubs since he left the Stars in 1859, eleven years ago, a fact which speaks well for faithful service, and since then he has played games with but three, viz.:—the Excelsiors, Nationals and Red Stockings. He was a member of the Atlantic Club in 1861, for a short time, he joining them with Creighton, but they both returned to the Excelsiors in a few weeks. Next to McBride, Brainard is the most experienced pitcher now in a professional club, and promises to be seen what his success will be during the first season of his play with the Olympics of Washington, with four of the "Reds" to help him, but no Harry Wright to direct.

The most thoroughly good humored pitcher of the professional nines of 1870 was Charley Pabor, of the Union nine of Morrisania. Charley had plenty of excuses last season for getting "mad up" if he had chosen to have indulged in ill-humor, but his supply was so small that it soon gave out when tried, as it only led to a joke or a smile being all that the errors of a fielder elicited. It was really amusing to see Charley and Birdsall play together in a tight game. Charley would put on the pace when he found the score increasing, and consequently David would have hard work. Then it was that every growl from Dave would be met by a smile and a joke from Charley. In fact, a more original, dry, humorous player than Pabor is not to be found. As regards his skill, Pabor is noted for speed and plucky endurance, and he is in a fine fielder; but we have seen more accurate pitchers. The fact is, Charley was a little wild at times, and but for Birdsall's splendid catching his delivery would have proved more costly than it did. With David to face him, and any decent support, Pabor's pitching was generally effective; but without him Parker was all around. Being left handed his delivery bothered the general class of batsmen, but experienced hitters, who aim to secure their first base only by neat and safe hitting, found Charley no great obstacle. As a change pitcher and outfielder he would be an acquisition, for he is very effective in taking high fly balls, and very heavy at the bat. Charley was a favorite with all in his club, as all good natured players are.

Another of the class of left-handed delivery pitchers is Pinkham, of the Chicago nine of 1870. Pinkham made his first appearance as a pitcher in the Eckford nine in a match at Newark in 1864, as the successor of Sprague, Afterwards he became pitcher of the Brooklyn Orientals, then of the Eckfords again, and finally brought up as the pitcher of the White Stockings. If anything, Pinkham had less command of the ball than Pabor, pace being his only strong point, and that, in fact, becomes a weakness when not supported with command of the ball. Pinkham has a quick style of play in throwing to the bases, sending the ball equally as well to first as to third, something few pitchers can do. In doing this, however, he had a movement which really amounted to a balk, as while making one of his motions to deliver he would stop and throw the ball to the base. This is a balk beyond a doubt. He is a sharp fielder and heavy at the bat. While lacking command of the ball, however, he can never become an effective pitcher, except against inexperienced batsmen, and with lenient umpires to tolerate a wild delivery. Pinkham bears a good reputation as a square player and an earnest worker in a nine.

The only pitcher we have yet seen who excels in disguising a change of pace is Harry Wright. His experience as a bowler in cricket enables him to take a decided lead in this respect. Nothing so bothers the general class of batsmen as a sudden change of pace in pitching, but to be effective in deceiving the batsman, it must be disguised. For instance, when taking his position at the bat to face a swift pitcher he sees the balls pass him at great speed and at once settles himself to strike quickly at the ball. Just as he is prepared to do this the ball is "dropped short;" that is, it is sent in at a pace a third less swift than before—not tossed in, however—and the batsman, not expecting it, strikes too quickly and misses, or if he hits it he will almost invariably send it to one or other of the in-fielders. Just so is it in regard to a change from slow pitching to swift, except that in the latter case the batsman does not get the ball quickly enough. Like all pitching of this style in which great speed is not the chief point, Harry's delivery requires good support; in fact, without it he is not effective, as he pitches expressly for batsmen to hit the ball and of course he wants to have men in the field with judgment and skill enough to carry his strategy into effect. A merely swift pitcher with a good catcher will be successful in a majority of instances with only medium support in the field; but to use his brains in pitching he must have good support, or all the advantages of his delivery are lost. We have frequently heard batsmen talk about hitting Harry Wright's pitching with ease. That they may have done, in the form of knocking long balls to the outer field or even in sending hot grounders to the in-field; but with good fielders to back him and men who know how to support his peculiar delivery and to aid him in his strategic operations, Harry Wright is one of the most effective pitchers in the country. To any one accustomed to serious faced pitchers of the majority of professional nines it is quite a treat to see Harry's smiling, good natured phiz, as he pleasantly talks a batsman into being nicely duped into batting a ball which is easily caught or fielded to the bases.

Among the pitchers having a peculiar style of delivery may be named Spaulding, of the Forest City nine, of Rockford, Ill., for 1870. We first saw Spaulding pitch in 1866, in a match between the Forest City and National clubs, and he completely outwitted the National nine. He has been with the Rockford club ever since, and now for the first time connects himself with another club, having joined Harry Wright's Boston T. party. Spaulding, in delivering the ball, holds it in his hands as if taking aim at the batsman with a gun; he then suddenly lowers his hands and delivers the ball quickly to the bat. One result of this movement is to bother the sight of the batsman in judging of the ball, but it has its drawback in requiring too much time. All movements in delivery should be quick; at the same time due deliberation should be observed, otherwise he will be hurried and consequently ineffective as far as strategy is concerned. Having seen Spaulding play only in a few games, we cannot refer fully to his peculiarities in his special points of excellence. He impressed us, however, as being a very intelligent and gentlemanly player.

Some of the professional pitchers of 1870, were noted more for their laborious style of delivery than anything else, and among this class we have to include Pratt, of the Forest City nine, of Cleveland. How he managed to stand the work of a nine innings game, pitching with the laborious action he indulged in, we know not. He seemed to throw his whole body into the movement on sending in the ball, excess of speed apparently being his sole aim. Unquestionably half the success the nine attained with his pitching was due to the wonderful catching of James White. And yet Pratt has the make of a good pitcher in him, he having pluck and endurance enough, and with less desire to send in "red hot" balls—a mania with some pitchers—he would no doubt have more command of the ball. As in the case of Spaulding, however, we are not sufficiently familiar with Pratt's play to comment fully on his merits. He is evidently a worker in the position, and is zealous in the service of the club he plays with.

Mr. McMullen, of the Haymakers, is another of the same class of pitchers as regards laborious action in delivery, but more of a strategist. Like Pratt, however, he strives too much for pace at the cost of an accurate delivery, and consequently requires an effective, plucky catcher to face him. McMullen takes things good naturedly, as a general thing, and unflaggingly for victory. Certainly the Haymakers have had no more effective pitcher in their nine than McMullen. In his pitching, however, is of that style which needs the assistance of a change pitcher now and then, as experienced batsmen are too apt, in cricket parlance, "to collar" it.

MOVEMENTS OF PROFESSIONALS.—The Chicago Club claim Cuthbert on the basis of his signed agreement to play with them.....Foran, who played with the Haymakers, and who stands sixth on the list of best averages, is open for an engagement. Here is a chance to secure a strong player..... Base is wanted by the Cleveland Forest City Club.....Wadsworth, of the Unions of 1870, is a grand third base player, and is one who improves each season.....Pike and Bevins are to play with the Haymakers.....The Atlantics can find several fine players for their new nine in the crack junior clubs of Brooklyn, and especially from the amateur Athletics.

COLLEGE CLUB AVERAGE.

The following are the averages of the Cornell University Base Ball Club of Ithaca for 1870.

May 7..Cornell	13	Normal, of Cortland	24
May 14..Cornell	32	Busn. of Ithaca	15
May 18..Cornell	56	University Place, of Ithaca	6
May 21..Cornell	24	Friendship, of Ithaca	13
May 28..Cornell	51	Friendship, of Ithaca	18
June 4..Cornell	29	Creeper, of Groton	14
June 4..Cornell	27	Normal, of Cortland	31
June 7..Cornell	31	Forest City, of Ithaca	20
June 10..Cornell	53	University Press, of Ithaca	17
June 19..Cornell	66	Alert, of Dundee	20
Sept 22..Cornell	31	Ulysses, of Trumansburgh	15

Total	417	Total	199

Player.	Game.	R.	1B.H.	Av.	2B.H.	Av.	3B.H.	Av.	H.R.	Av.
Jillett, s. & p.	8	63	44	5-5	32	4-0				
C. Smith, p.	7	38	25	3-7	15	2-1				
Gamgue, c.	8	56	36	4-5	20	2-5				
Bainbone, 2d b.	6	38	31	5-1	17	2-1				
Burggesman, 1st b.	6	35	25	4-1	10	1-0				
Hurd, 3d b.	6	27	20	3-2	13	2-1				
Gavigan, r. f.	5	22	16	3-2	7	1-0				
Wright, s. s.	5	17	12	2-4	7	1-4				

WASHINGTON vs. ACTIVE.

The above New Orleans clubs were opposed to each other on Jan. 23d. The score of the game is appended:—

WASHINGTON.	O.	R.	ACTIVE.	O.	R.
T. Jones, c f	4	5	Soulat, 1st b	5	2
Everett, 3d b	5	3	F. Lestien, s s	2	3
Devonshire, 2d b	5	3	Buckhardt, 2d b	2	3
Wilcox, p	3	5	Janary, l f	4	3
J. Jones, c	4	3	Barnes, p	4	3
Daniels, 1st b	0	4	Vedienne, 3d b	4	1
Flitters, l f	4	1	Gussie, c	2	3
Simon, s s	3	3	Newman, c f	5	3
Cordes, r f	3	2	C. Leiten, r f	5	1
Total	39		Total	19	

One clean home run by G. Wilcox. Umpire—E. H. Morgan, of Fearless Club. Time of game—2 hours and 10 minutes.

THE MONTGOMERY CLUB TOUR.—The following are the averages of the Montgomery Club in their games in New Orleans during January, 1871:—

	Ave. 1 B.H.	Ave. T.B.		Ave. 1 B.H.	Ave. T.B.
Benton	3-4	4-0	Fitzimmons	1-2	2-2
Brady	3-0	2-5	Winters	1-1	1-2
Murphy	1-3	2-0	Walker	1-0	1-4
Reynolds	1-5	1-6			

Wentworth, Holt and Owens did not average one first base hit to a game.

The following are the total scores of the games played by the Montgomery Club in New Orleans:—

1..Montgomery	12	Lone Star	29
2..Monigomery	9	Robert E. Lee	16
3..Montgomery	23	Mississippi	10
4..Montgomery	19	Excelsior	14
5..Montgomery	31	Green Stockings	25
6..Monigomery	21	Crescent	15
7..Montgomery	35	Southern	18
8..Montgomery	37	Green Stockings	12
Total	167	Total	134

PACIFIC BASE BALL CONVENTION.—The adjourned annual meeting of the Pacific Canvention was held on the 21st ult., at San Francisco, Cal., J. L. Durkee, President, in the chair. At roll call the following clubs were ascertained to be represented:—Eagle, Wide Awake, Atlantic, Vallejo and Liberty. In response to a question, the President stated that he understood the Occidental Club, of Oakland, had been dissolved. Communications were received from the Oak Law', of Stockton, and the Alta, of Waterloo, stating that they could not attend. Under the head of "Unfinished Business," the resolution of Mr. Durkee, presented July 2d, 1870, in regard to amending the Constitution, was taken from the table. The amendment proposed that four meetings shall be held each year in San Francisco, and that the annual meetings shall be held in the same place, unless by a two-thirds vote of the Convention to the contrary. The resolution was finally laid on the table until the next meeting. The Convention then went into an election for officers, with the following result:—President, Colonel Harry Linden, of the Wide-Awake Club, Oakland; First Vice-President, Henry Hook, Liberty, San Francisco; Second Vice-President, John J. Dunn, of Vallejo; Treasurer, Edward Gorman, Liberty, San Francisco; Corresponding Secretary, Wm. H. Miller, Eagle, San Francisco; Recording Secretary, R. G. Glascock, Wide-Awake, Oakland. Convention then adjourned until the first Friday in February, at 8 o'clock P. M.

THE CHAMPIONS OF CONNECTICUT.—A correspondent sends us the subjoined information:—"The old Mansfield Club, of Middletown, Ct., have resolved to take the field again, and at a meeting held on Jan. 27th, the following named gentlemen were chosen officers for the ensuing year:—Agustus Putnam, President; Gaston T. Hubbard, Vice President; W. H. Rockliff, Secretary; Benjamin Douglas, Jr., Treasurer; Managers—Benjamin Douglas, Jr., William Kelley and Benton Marks. They hope to give a good account of themselves next season, and some of the big guns will have to look well to their laurels or the wooden nutmegs may capture a ball from them. The nine is a light one and young, too. William Kely, formerly of the Mutuals, of Springfield, Mass., and their catcher last year, will fill that position in the Mansfield this season, with Bentley p.; Fields, s. s.; Marks, 1st b.; Arnold, 2d; Tipper, 3d, and Smith, r. f. They are in want of a good 1st class l. f., and then the club will be ready to take the field, to maintain the championship and silver ball of old Connecticut. They are now in correspondence with a promising young New York player to fill the position.

THE AMATEUR CLUBS OF NEW YORK.—The following are the names of existing amateur clubs in New York state which have played games this past season:—Athletic, Alpha, Excelsior, Harmonic, Star and Union, of Brooklyn; Eagle, Empire, Fleetwood, Gotham, Knickerbocker, Orion, Oriental, Social and Spartan, of New York; Rose Hill, of Fordham; Eagle, of Flatbush; Dunderberg, of Peekskill; Niagara, of Buffalo; Flour City, of Rochester; Ontario and Amateur, of Oswego; Central City and Eckford, of Syracuse; Auburn and Washington, of Cohoes; Atlantic, of Whitehall; Buckskin, of Gloversville; Cornell University, of Ithaca; Sherman of Utica; Pastime, of Little Falls; Independent of Amsterdam; Ancient City and Alert, of Schenectady; National, Clipper and Knickerbocker, of Albany.

RE-ORGANIZATION.—The old Enterprise Club, of Pittsburgh, was re-organized on Jan. 28th, the following officers being chosen:—President, Hon. E. W. Mackey; Vice President, John Earle; Secretary and Treasurer, C. L. Magee; Corresponding Secretary, Joseph Ewer.

CRICKET.

AVERAGES OF THE PHILADELPHIA CLUB.

The Philadelphia Club played but six first eleven games during 1870, of which they lost four and won two, as follows:—

Philadelphia vs.	PHILA. 1st In.	PHILA. 2d In.	PHILA. Total.	OPP. 1st In.	OPP. 2d In.	OPP. Total.
May 6 and 7, Germantown. Won by Germantown by 3 wickets	66	93	159	83	77	160
May 20, 21 and 23, Young America. Won by Young America by 9 wickets	119	72	191	186	6	192
June 1 and 2, St. George, of New York. Won by St. George by 31 runs	155	61	216	109	138	247
Sept. 16, 17 and 21, Germantown (return). Won by Philadelphia by 1 wicket	113	153	266	188	76	264
Sept. 28 and 29, St. George (return). Won by Philadelphia by 186 runs	93	167	257	26	73	99
Oct. 7 and 8, Young America (return). Won by Young America by 147 runs and 1 innings to spare	54	76	130	277		277
Totals	597	622	1219	809	370	1239

BATTING AVERAGES.

Players.	*Matches.*	*T. Not Out.*	*T. Runs Sc.*	*M. in ms. In.*	*M. in M.*	*L. in ns*	*Av. a M. per In.*
Pearson	6	0	371	63	63	8	22-58
Clay	6	0	184	41	47	8	16-08
Bradshaw	3	2	44	20	20	12	11-00
E. Hopkinson	6	0	124	57	56	7	12-32
Law	5	0	84	30	40	6	9-33
Jas. Large	3	1	48	37	37	4	9-60
J. Hopkinson	2	0	32	18	23	9	8-00
Bailey	6	0	84	22	33	3	7-00
W. Welsh	5	3	49	10	11	7	7-00
Waterman	3	1	32	28	28	1	6-40
McIlroy	1	1	6	6	6	1	6-00
Magee	6	1	57	43	43	4	5-18
W. Hopkinson	2	0	20	19	19	1	5-00
Newbold	6	3	42	13	20	0	4-66
Stewardson	1	0	9	7	9	0	4-50
Outerbridge	2	1	10	5	7	0	3-33
West	2	0	2	2	2	0	0-66

BOWLING AVERAGES.

Players.	*No. Balls In.*	*No. Balls B.*	*No. Overs.*	*Runs Scored.*	*Maiden Overs.*	*Av. Runs to an Over.*	*Av. Balls to a Wicket.*	*Av. Runs to a Wicket.*	*Av. Balls to a Wicket.*	*Wkts Balls.*
Pearson	5	285	71	116	24	1-4	1-63	8-29	20-56	4
Magee	1	108	26	40	10	1-5	1-50	11-43	30-51	10
Jas. Large	2	60	15	12	7	1	0-80	12-00	60-00	2
Bradshaw	4	241	6	114	19	8	1-90	14-25	30-12	1
Law	6	681	170	73	59	19	1-61	14-37	38-84	5
Waterman	3	418	104	100	39	19	1-54	16-40	41-8	11
E. Hopkinson	4	212	53	52	27	1	1-98	52-00	21-02	14
Barclay	2	48	12	29	1	0	2-12	00-00	00-00	0

OUR PORTRAIT GALLERY.

JOHN E. McCULLOUGH.

This gentleman was born in Ireland, in 1837, came to this country at an early age, and settled in Philadelphia, Pa. Having a strong love for histrionic representations, and aspiring to become an artist, he joined the Boothenian Dramatic Association of Philadelphia, and became quite a prominent member of that society. He made his *debut* in the regular style at the Arch Street Theatre, Aug. 15th, 1857, as Thomas, in the "Belle's Stratagem," and remained during the season, playing small business. A short time after he was engaged at the Howard Athenæum, Boston, Mass., for responsible business, and while there he had an opportunity of playing several important characters, owing to the sickness of other artists. In the delineation of these parts, which he invariably assumed at short notice, he displayed the germ of more than ordinary dramatic talent. Mr. Edwin Forrest, hearing of his latent ability and requiring the assistance of some young artist of promise to assist him in his rehearsals and performances, engaged the subject of our sketch for that responsible position. Under the able tuteiage of so distinguished a master, Mr. McCullough's talents ripened, and formed the solid basis of future high artistic excellence. He traveled with Mr. Forrest for many years, and was a great favorite with the public, and particularly so with his professional brethren, to whom he was endeared by his suavity of manner and manly disposition. He accompanied Mr. Forrest to California, where they commenced an engagement at Maguire's Opera House, in San Francisco, on May 14th, 1866. After the conclusion of this engagement Mr. McCullough decided to remain in San Francisco, where he had won great popularity, both artistically and socially. He afterwards played at Maguire's Opera House and other theatres, and occasionally played brief star engagements in the neighboring cities. When the new Californis Theatre was erected the management thereof was offered to Messrs. McCullough and J. P. Barrett, the latter gentleman having a short time previously visited San Francisco as a star, and met with a most favorable reception. These gentlemen accepted the offer, but Mr. Barrett withdrew from the management in the fall of 1870, and Mr. McCullough continues at this time the sole manager thereof.

BLACKSMITHING EXTRAORDINARY.—FAST WORK.—A correspondent informs us that on Saturday, January 21, at the Niagara Steam Forge (C. D. Delaney & Co. Proprietors), Buffalo, N. Y., a locomotive frame, weighing 1,850 pounds, was completed in the very short time of ten hours and forty minutes, by John Brown, Robert Hastings, and Francis Rhodes, heaters; Dennis Delaney and Thomas Vincent, helpers, under the direction of Joseph Rogers, foreman. This is the fastest time we have ever heard of in the line of blacksmithing. The men were brought together purposely to see how quick the job could be done.

AQUATICS.

THE GREAT DOUBLE SCULL RACE ON THE TYNE, ENGLAND.

RENFORTH AND KELLY EASY WINNERS.

We have already published the result, as received by cable, of the great race at Newcastle, Eng., on Jan. 16th, in which James Renforth, champion, and Harry Kelley, ex-champion, encountered James Taylor and Thomas Winship in a match for £200 a side. We are now enabled to lay before our readers full details of the interesting event, taken from the London *Sporting Life*:—

The match was made at Newcastle on Nov. 2d last, and originated in a spilt between Renforth and the other three composing the champion crew which defeated the St. John crew at Lachine, Canada, in September, and the circulation of reports derogatory to Renforth's skill as an oarsman. The course selected was from the High Level to Scotswood Suspension Bridge, and within a few days of the articles being signed the champion paid a visit to Putney, and had an experimental spin with Kelley, who, however, was not then named as his partner. As might be expected, the first journey in the same boat of men whose styles are so widely different was not calculated to bring out a display of the best possible form, but it was quite good enough to encourage the two oarsmen themselves, and Renforth, after a stay of a day or two, returned home. It was expected that his visit would have been longer, and his sudden departure on the Thames caused all sorts of rumors to be set afloat. Some of those people who always know more than anybody else most positively asserted that the Champion's visit to the south had been anything but inspiriting, but the predictions of a break down at the finish were very unlikely to be fulfilled. About a month ago Kelley arrived at Newcastle, and immediately set about arrangements for the training of himself and his successor in championship honors. They selected the Dun Cow at Dunston as their quarters, and Taylor and Winship, who had little to the start of them in training and the advantage of a great deal of practice together, went to the Ord Arms at Scotswood. In the case of neither pair did the work of preparation proceed very smoothly. Five of all, Winship suffered from a severe cold, and next Renforth, after a couple of weeks' practice with Kelley, was obliged to leave off rowing in consequence of boils. The frost followed immediately upon these *contretemps*, and the accumulation of ice in the upper parts of the Tyne, and especially over the racing course, put any rowing there quite out of the question. Taylor was very prompt in taking measures to meet the difficulty, and with the least possible delay he and Winship established themselves lower down the river, at Jarrow, where, considering all the circumstances, they were enabled to obtain a fair amount of practice, though the water in that part of the stream is not the best for rowing, which was also liable to interruption from the shipping and the passenger steamers. The other men were more tardy in their procedure, and having fixed upon the river Blyth for their practice water, and found out that they would be worse off there than at home, they were at length driven to betake themselves to the Felling, some distance higher up than where the other pair were quartered. Here, however, they could not obtain a sufficiency of rowing to get them in proper condition, and were obliged to supplement their exercise on the water with a good deal of work on the land. The rowing of Kelley and Renforth, though it displayed all the difference in style which was expected, was not such as those who saw it to entertain a very different opinion to that originally formed as to the capability of the two for effective combination. In their practice, at least, the much talked of disparity of strength did not manifest itself at all conspicuously, and gradually they became decided favorites. The pace they got on their boat was unquestionably great, and on shrewd observers who rightly estimated this as the one thing to be looked to, taking for granted the staying powers of the pair, the impression made was as great as to induce them gradually to advance their offers of odds on them.

In few races has there been more speculation, and at 7 to 4 and 2 to 1 a great deal of money was laid out on the 16th at the principal sporting houses in Newcastle. In the evening Blakey's and Baird's were crammed to suffocation. Ten o'clock in the morning was the hour at which, according to the articles, the men were to be in their boats, and the spectators began to assemble soon after eight. A big boat race at Newcastle is quite sufficient excuse for large works employing thousands of hands being laid in for at least half the day; and this was no exception to the rule. The High Level Bridge was crowded, as usual, the temporary bridge was thronged, and the customary two or three goods trains found themselves "by accident" on the bridge about the time the race was to start. But on the high banks which run by the river on the south or Gateshead side there was not the customary insecure footing, and the low-lying ground on the upper part of the course was not so crowded as of yore. About a dozen steamboats had a good number of passengers, the Walker having been selected to carry the sole umpire, Mr. W. Odam, of Newcastle, who was selected when the final deposit was made on the previous Friday. All the crafts were under the control of Mr. John Stephens, superintendent of the River Tyne Police. The men embarked a little after ten, and both crews were heartily cheered. On board the umpire's boat betting was brisk, but there were no 2's to 1 to be had, as on Saturday night, and the confidence which Taylor was not slow to express inspired a like feeling amongst his supporters, and brought the odds to 6 to 4 on Kelley and Renforth, 11 to 8 being laid in many instances. Both on board the steamers and ashore the utmost excitement was manifested while preparations were being made for

THE RACE.

The toss for sides was won by Taylor, and he took, as usual in such cases, the north station, though the advantage the position afforded was not, on this occasion, very great, as the wind blew rather strongly from the southwest, and consequently from the opposite shore. There was not much help from the tide either, as it made but little way against the fresh water, which, during the morning, had begun to run down with great force from the higher portions of the river. It was nearly half past 10 when, after a couple of attempts to get away, a very fair start was effected. The cars of Renforth and Kelly were the first to catch the water, and they showed prominently in front, after going a few yards. They had not as yet, however, settled down into their proper swing, and Taylor and Winship, getting fairly to work, were at the end of the first 80 yards nearly level. But this gleam of success was for them very transient; for, on reaching the Mansion House, Renforth quickened to a stroke of 42 to the minute, and he and Kelly pulling together splendidly, they drew over the others, foot by foot, until at Davison's Mill they were half a length to the good. Never flagging a moment, the champions past and present kept at it as if, at the utmost, they were engaged in a half mile sprint; a hundred yards further on than the point we have last mentioned they were a length ahead; and still gaining, now rapidly, they were, when opposite the Skinners' Burn (a quarter of a mile from the start), leading by a length and a half. Renforth, though rowing terribly fast, was splashing more than his admirers could have desired, and Taylor and Winship were going with less life than we could have anticipated at so early a period of the race. Kelley and Renforth were now amidst the rather rough water, that marvellous precision of style which he seems never to lose under any circumstances. At the Grindstone Quay, Kelley and Renforth rowed out from the shelter of the shore, where they had been with the object of getting water at Skinners' Burn, they had given the latter the benefit of their wash, and getting further into mid-stream, and making for Redheugh Bridge (half a mile), they gained so rapidly that they shot the arch three lengths ahead. The form in both boats now was as even as ever, thus early to leave not much hope of a reversal of their relative positions. At the Shot Tower, where Taylor and Winship were rowing about 38 strokes per minute, they made a trifle, but Kelley and Renforth, amidst a loud and continuous roar of cheering from the banks and from the steamers, again left them with very little apparent effort. The disadvantage of the Tynesiders was increased by their having to steer out so wide to avoid some craft lying in shore, and not only did they suffer in this respect, but Kelley and Renforth, as if determined on taking advantage of every chance afforded them, increased their speed and went in for a splendid spurt, which was responded to by their opponents in double quick time. Opposite the Gas Works both pairs got their boats fairly into mid-stream, and steered right for the outside of the Annie, the quantity of ice still remaining on the inside of the island—the more sheltered side—being a dangerous place. But danger from this source was nearer at hand even than was at first apparent, and was found right in the very course which had been selected from its presumed safety. On both sides of the river a considerable neighborhood a quantity of ice in immense blocks had been firmly wedged in shore, but the heavy fresh had carried much of it into the centre of the stream, so that there were large masses floating in the direction in which the men were steering. It was not until they were close upon one formidable block that Kelley perceived the danger, and the boat slightly touched and was stopped by one piece of ice before they could get her head turned to the south to draw clear. To get free of the difficulty it was necessary to row right athwart the stream, and the delay which thus took place allowed of Taylor and Winship making up so much ground as to render not unlikely a foul, which would have been almost disastrous to the chances of the latter pair, had the sternmost men been less than four or five lengths in the rear at this juncture, such an occurrence as we have indicated would have been inevitable. Kelley and Renforth, however, got clear just in time, and putting their best foot more straight on, dashed off at a rate which surprised all who saw it, and left the others as if they were standing still. The Tyneside pair had got within little more than a length of the "confederacy" before this remarkable effort was made, but in very few strokes left them as far astern as ever they had been. At Waterson's Gates (a mile from the start) there were quite four lengths between the two boats, but again, either from inclination as to course to be taken, or owing to Renforth being too strong for his companion, the leading pair lost a very great deal of their advantage. It appeared for a while as if they had determined, for the sake of the advantages it afforded, to risk the dangerous inner channel; but most prudently kept just at the root of the island, they again steered out to regain the course they had left, and for which Taylor and Winship were now making at a fair pace and in unimpeachable style. Once between the islands, both pairs steered for the Ice shore on the south side, and at the top of the Annie, Kelley and Renforth were once more leading by more than four lengths. Some zigzag steering just in front of the blast furnaces at Armstrong's factory did them no good, but as soon as they got straight a capital spurt gave them all they had lost and more. At the head of the Meadows (about two miles) the men rowed across again towards the north shore, and at Paradise Taylor and Winship were quite five lengths astern, and a spurt which they attempted caused little perceptible difference. Opposite Derwenthaugh, Renforth and Kelley were evidently rowing at their ease, and better together than they had been at any time hitherto. In answer to the cheers of his friends on shore, and their cries for him to go on, Renforth held up one hand, as if in assurance of certain victory, and here indeed there seemed no doubt that, barring accidents, he and his companion would surely win. Taylor and Winship were now in difficulties, and failed to steer so good a course as hitherto. There were quite six lengths between the boats; and as if to show what they could do, if need be, Renforth and Kelley spurted for the last time, secured a lead of ten lengths when 400 yards from the finish, kept it, and eventually won by that distance. Time, 26min. 22½sec.

THE PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL RACE.

LETTER FROM RENFORTH.

On Jan. 19th James Renforth forwarded to Robert Fulton, of the Paris crew, amended articles for the proposed international match between four-oared crews, on the Kennebecassis river, near St. John, on August 25th. These amendments have been rendered necessary through the breaking up of the Tyne champion crew. The heading of the articles now reads as follows:—"Articles of agreement between James Renforth, the champion sculler of England, and three other English oarsmen, and Robert Fulton and three other oarsmen of St. John, N. B., for a four-oared race on the Kennebeccasis river, near St. John, New Brunswick, in August, 1871," and the following, being the tenth clause, has been expunged:—"It is also understood and agreed that, except in case of sickness or accident, the two crews shall consist of the same men who rowed at Lachine on the 15th day of Sept." The only other alteration in the original document is the substitution of "Renforth's crew" for "Tyne crew" throughout. The champion, with the amended articles, forwarded the following letter:—

SIR CHARLES NAPIER INN,
Newcastle-on-Tyne, Eng., Jan. 19th, 1871.

MR. ROBERT FULTON.—DEAR SIR.—I duly received your letter of the 28th of December, and in reply thereto have to state that the Tyne champion crew is now disbanded, and only on Monday last Harry Kelley, of Putney (the ex-champion) and myself rowed and defeated Jas. Taylor and Thos. Winship, two of the members of the late crew, in a pair-oared match on the Tyne, for £400. It is impossible for myself, Taylor, Winship and Martin to row again in the same boat, but I am prepared to get together the best crew in England to row yourself and three partners, for £50 a side and the championship of the world, if you think well of the undertaking. On behalf of my crew a challenge has been published to row any four men in the world. The change of crew has, of course, necessitated a slight alteration of the articles, a rough draft of which I enclose for your approval, and, in the hope that such alteration will not prove a barrier to the progress of the contemplated race,

I am, yours truly,
JAMES RENFORTH,
Champion Sculler of England.

This may be regarded as finally settling the question of the Paris crew ever again encountering the four by whom they were beaten at Lachine last year, and such being the case, if the confidence of their backers in their powers has not diminished since then, we can see no good reason why they should haggle about this point; therefore we believe that a match will be speedily entered into with Renforth's crew. The four which met the St. John men on the St. Lawrence were acknowledged to be by far the best crew which England ever produced, and we question whether another can be got together there which will prove to be much superior, notwithstanding the boldness of the champion's challenge, above alluded to, which reads as follows:—"James Renforth, of Newcastle, will, with three other men, row any four-oared crew in the world a match, for £500 a side, with or without coxswains. The match can be made any night, at Mr. H. Barlow's, the Cumberland House, Newgate street, Newcastle." The contemplated match has already given rise to much discussion in aquatic circles, and there is a universal desire for its consummation, which, if as great faith is reposed in the Paris crew as formerly, will be gratified.

NEPTUNE ROWING ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of this Staten Island Association was recently held

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Movements, Business, and Incidents of the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Post Office.

☞ A STAMPED ENVELOPE, plainly addressed, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for. Where there are two or more persons of like name in the profession, the line of business followed by the party addressed should be given, in order to prevent mistakes.

LADIES' LIST.

Adair, Clara P.
Anderson, Annie
Adams, Lucy
Berger, Fanny
Buckner, Ella
Bushell, Louisa
Brooks, Ella L.
Byron, Edith
Bastian, Marie
Bordeaux, Annie
Booth, Josie
Chippendale, Ally
Crabtree, Louis (2)
Carpell, Cordelia
Clayton, Emma
Cline, Emma
Chandler, Miss L. M.
Dacy, Annie
Darbrow, Emma
Desmond, Annie
Daly, Polly
Estelle, Kate
Frayne, Mrs. E.
Fox, Annie
Ginger, Mrs. Louis
Galton, Mrs. M. A.
Gale, Lizzie
Graham, Belle
Holmes, Mrs. E. B. (4)
Heathcote, Kate
Howard, Victoria
Jones, Nellie
Kline, Nellie
McClellan, Jennie
Nichols, Maggie
Peterson, Louise
Phillips, Adelaide
Rainford, Clara
Riddell, Lizie
Rainford, Mrs.
Bonzali, Conchita
Reignolds, Georgina
Robinson, Julia, (3)
Stetson, Mollie
Stevens, May L.
Sanford, Julia
Seaman, Ada
Turnour, Millie
Tannin, Mrs. J. T.
Weaner, Ella (2)
Wood, Mrs. Harry
Weston, Flora
Wren, Ella
Winslier, Angelique
Ximenes, Jennie
Zoe, Mlle.
Zoel, Marie

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Armstrong, J. H.
Armstrong, A. A.
Ali Ben Abdillah
Aikins, Charley
Allinson, J. W.
Barnaba, Jno. G.
Benjamin, L. P.
Bathurse, Jno. G.
Brown & Sandford
Brown, Ben
Benzinger, Jos
Bisbee, Geo. H.
Boyer, Edwd.
Bulger, Martin D.
Bruce, C. A.
Barnum, P. T.
Bianco, Gustave
Cole, W. W. (2)
Campbell, J. C.
Cole, Wm.
Campbell, Frank
Cohan, Jerry
Colder, Wm.
Chapman, F. M.
Corbyn, Homer
Cotton, Bennie
Cohan, Tim
Coyle, M.
Crane, Harry
Conway, Hart
Cooke, Hy. Welby
Carroll, John (2)
Corcoran, John (2)
Cress, Wm.
Colvin, E. D.
Carleton, Wm.
Churchill, Hy.
Courtright, Billy
Cochran, W. H.
Chapin, Lon
Caron, J.
Douglas, Chas. H.
Donaldson, W. H.
Daly, M. C.
Davenport Bros.
Davis, Hugh B.
Dyring, H. T.
Davies, Hy. Reese
De Solis, Maurice
Dowland, Edwin
De Haven, Claude (4)
Dumont, Frank
Dailey, Harry
Edwards, Geo.
Elliott, Edwd.
Eddy, H.
Emerald, Mr.
Frost, Hyatt (2)
Fay, Hugh
Forepaugh, Adam (3)
Fox, Ned
Foley, Mike
Fish, Jas.
Fogo, A. C.
Gulick, Jas. T.
Gurr, Hy.
Gaylord, A. W.
Grady, G. G. (2)
Hoffner, Frank
Harrison, Edmund
Himan, Syd
Hall, Chas. H.
Haverly, J. H.
Hallam, A. W.
Harrison, W. B.
Huntley, Billy
Hughes, Mark
Henderson, Abe
Horton, Oscar
Hamblin, W. H.
Holland, Bill
Hunkey Darts
Jones, Arnold
Joy, M. S.
Joy, C. S.
Johnson, Harvey
Jeppe (2)
June, L.
Jester, G. W.
Jackson, Thos. E.
Johnson, Sidney B.
Jackson, Theo.
Kearney, Master
Kirwan, Prof. E.
Kidder, E. S.
Love, Valentine
Lauri, H.
Leonti, Don
Le Clair, Frank
Lewis, Ike
Lane, Bob (2)
Leador
Lee, Chas.
L. M.
Lavake, W. K.
Le Perie, Geo.
Leavitt, N. W.
Turrell, Dexter
Turner & Lester
Tyrrell, Jos.
Ulmer, Frank (4)
Vanzandt Bros.
Vassana, A. D.
Vail, Charley
Vernon, D. S. (2)
Wood, Harry (2)
Watson, E. W.
Waldron, D. G.
Wilson, Louis
Wheeler, S.
Wentworth, Walter
Warner, J. E.
Ward, Jas. M.
Wood, Hy. H.
Ward, Jas. L.
Walters, Levi
Wilson, Mike
Western, Dick
Wheeler, Ben
Wheeler, Matt
Warvell, Geo. W.
Williams, Dave
Whitecar, Wm. A.
Zimmerman, J. F.
Parmelee, H. E. (3)
Pastor, Billy (2)
Ferose, S. D.
Price, Mark M.
Peabody, J. Harry
Paine, Ira A.
Ricardo
Ruddelle, Joe
Rice, Col. J. H.
Roberts, N. D. (3)
Rivers, Frank
Robinson, Yankee (3)
Rae, Geo.
Roland, Bill
Rubini, Sig.
Richardson, Sage
Rhodes, Dan
Rowell, Billy
Riley, C. S.
Ricardo
Sutton, Chas.
Strong, Prof.
Sexton, Mr.
Shelley, Chas. E.
Scely, C. W.
Smith, Jno. P.
Springer, Andy
Stone & Murray (3)
Sexton, M. C.
Stone, E. (3)
Stoner, Jno. F.
Schoefel, Johnnie
Silvester, Prof. A.
Smith, Avery
Stowe, John (18)
Stanwood, Harry
Stewart, Geo.
Turnour, Alfred, 10c.
Tannenbaum, J. (3)c.
Taylor, C. W.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Taylord, Alf.
Grady, G. G. (2)
Hoffner, Frank
Harrison, Edmund
Himan, Syd
Hall. Chas. H.
Haverly, J. H.
Hallam, A. W.
Harrison, W. B.
Huntley, Billy
Hughes. Mark
Henderson, Abe
Horton, Oscar
Hamblin, W. H.
Holland, Bill
Hunkey Darts
Jones, Arnold
Joy, M. S.
Joy, C. S.
Johnson, Harvey
Jeppe (2)
June, L.
Jester, G. W.
Jackson, Thos. E.
Johnson, Sidney B.
Jackson, Theo.
Kearney, Master
Kirwan, Prof. E.
Kidder, E. S.
Love, Valentine
Lauri, H.
Leonti, Don
Le Clair, Frank
Lewis, Ike
Lane, Bob (2)
Leador
Lee, Chas.
L. M.
Lavake, W. K.
Le Perie, Geo.
Leavitt, N. W.
Turrell, Dexter
Turner & Lester
Tyrrell, Jos.
Ulmer, Frank (4)
Vanzandi Bros.
Vassana, A. D.
Vail, Charley
Vernon, D. S. (2)
Wood, Harry (2)
Watson, E. W.
Waldron, D. G.
Wilson, Louis
Wheeler, S.
Wentworth, Walter
Warner, J. E.
Ward, Jas. M.
Wood, Hy. H.
Ward, Jas. L.
Walters, Levi
Wilson, Mike
Western, Dick
Wheeler, Ben
Wheeler, Matt
Warvell, Geo. W.
Williams, Dave
Whitecar, Wm. A.
Zimmerman, J. F.
Parmelee, H. E. (3)
Pastor, Billy (2)
Ferose, S. D.
Price, Mark M.
Peabody, J. Harry
Paine, Ira A.
Ricardo
Ruddelle, Joe
Rice, Col. J. H.
Roberts, N. D. (3)
Rivers, Frank
Robinson, Yankee (3)
Rae, Geo.
Roland, Bill
Rubini, Sig.
Richardson, Sage
Rhodes, Dan
Rowell, Billy
Riley, C. S.
Ricardo
Sutton, Chas.
Strong, Prof.
Sexton, Mr.
Shelley, Chas. E.
Scely, C. W.
Smith, Jno. P.
Springer, Andy
Stone & Murray (3)
Sexton, M. C.
Stone, E. (3)
Stoner, Jno. F.
Schoefel, Johnnie
Silvester, Prof. A.
Smith, Avery
Stowe, John (18)
Stanwood, Harry
Stewart, Geo.
Turnour, Alfred, 10c.
Tannenbaum, J. (3)c.
Taylor, C. W.
Turner & Lester
Tyrrell, Jos.
Ulmer, Frank (4)
Vanzandt Bros.
Vassana, A. D.
Vail, Charley
Vernon, D. S. (2)
Wood, Harry (2)
Watson, E. W.
Waldron, D. G.
Wilson, Louis
Wheeler, S.
Wentworth, Walter
Warner, J. E.
Ward, Jas. M.
Wood, Hy. H.
Ward, Jas. L.
Walters, Levi
Wilson, Mike
Western, Dick
Wheeler, Ben
Wheeler, Matt
Warvell, Geo. W.
Williams, Dave
Whitecar, Wm. A.
Zimmerman, J. F.

Songs for the People.

BE KIND TO THE DARLINGS AT HOME.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY MAGLUEN.

The time has been weary and long, love,
Since leaving them far off to roam;
They were wee tiny babes in the cradle
When papa was taken from home.
I have dreamt of them often since then, love,
And have wept for them silent and lone;
And have oft in my prayers for their faces,
As seen 'ere I left them at home.

Chorus.—Then be kind to the darlings at home, love,
Let nothing appear to give pain;
Be tender and watchful for me, love,
Till papa comes home once again.

The time is at hand to depart, love,
To leave this lone spot for a time,
To go to my children at home, love,
And mingle my love, dear, with thine.
No more will I seek or expect, love,
Nor cause care I to sail,
Than to meet you all happy at home, love,
My wife and dear loved ones—my all.

Chorus.—Then be kind to the darlings at home, love,
Let nothing appear to give pain;
Be tender and watchful for me, love,
Till papa comes home once again.

Introductory Overture.

MONDAY, Feb. 6th, '71.

THE SNOW and sleet, and hail and rain, and skating and sleighing during the latter part of the month of January came nigh slaying some managers who were not prepared for the depressed state of business, or who had not their lamps trimmed according to ancient usage. Although all were more or less worried by the unsettled state of trade, we are happy to say that none have, thus far, been compelled to "go under," or succumb to the blasts of adversity. That *all* will "emerge" at the close of the season in a happy frame of mind, is not to be expected; that a few may come out with *flying* colors will depend greatly upon the sordid, grasping and tormenting disposition of their creditors. We already notice great irritability in certain managers who have built their hopes on a sandy foundation—they see their *floating* capital gradually degenerating in to a *sinking* fund, and their hopes and expectations are depressed accordingly. Internal dissensions as to who is the boss, an overweening fondness for women instead of attending to their legitimate business, and an overbearing disposition toward the people in their employ, have blighted the prospects of many a manager in the past, and will do the same with others if a different course is not pursued.....The many places of amusement in this city are now presenting an unusual variety of novelties with the view of attracting public notice and ensuring a full share of patronage. *Wood* and *Forest* are alike bright in the effulgence of a matured and evergreen growth, and afford us the proper material for enjoyment and instruction. Although "Red Hands" are rife in the "Streets of New York," yet those extended to us by Miss Lucy Rushton are harmless and unstained, and need no "Spirit Avenger" to stop them in their work. Although our wily *Fox* has long run, ke-ping ahead of his pursuers, yet he promises to go into cover with "Wee Willie Winkie" and come forth renewed as "*Richelieu*," which he hopes will make him *richer*, in dicrous as it may appear. Lester Wallack is not yet "Used Up" in his endeavor to show that "Faint Heart Never Won Fair Lady;" on the contrary, he is about to engage in a "Clandestine Marriage," of which your friends, and "Ours," and the public generally are invited to take a clandestine observation. These healthy "children of the desert," the real *Bedouin* Arabs, have closed their season at Lent's and this week will be *doin'* their feats elsewhere. *Keene-ly* alive to the demand of novelty, the lessee of Lina Edwin's Theatre has shown us what it is to be "Hunted Down," but as "Mary Leigh" has "Two Lives," we are happy to say that renewed *Laura*-is have attested the gratification of the public at the fact that she "still lives." The "Black Crook," with its many light and dazzling attractions, continues to run squarely and smoothly at Niblo's Garden to the delight of the thousands who feel an interest in the advancement of physical beauty and the display of female charms. And for variety, which, after all, is said to be the real spice of life, Broadway can boast of a first class establishment in the Theatre Comique, presided over by Messrs. Gilmore and Butler, whose experience, sound judgment, and the valuable assistance rendered by stage manager Thorne, have made this a model music hall. It is to the Broadway side of the city what Tony Pastor's Opera House is to the east side; both are well conducted, ever presenting novelties in every branch of amusement, and deserving a rich reward at the hands of their numerous patrons. The utility of knowing how to keep friends is one great cause of the success of these houses.....And talking about utility, suppose we indite a few lines on that much used, and much abused member of the dramatic profession,

YE UTILITY MAN.

He often is a homely man,
Yet sometimes will you find
He is a "thing of beauty
And nothing combined."
He always will resent a blow
With fervor; yet, ah, me!
The way that he get's "doubled up"
Is terrible to see.

To him the greenroom Eden seems—
The prompter's will is law—
He hears the light comedian's "aw's!"
With reverential awe;
He joins the general merriment
With tremolo "ha! ha!"
And swallows every brilliant spark
That flashes from the "star."

His will is rich, although his pay
Is often poor indeed;
He'll hear the *first low* coo. his part
With *to-coo-tive* speed;
He'll teach the charming young "soubrette"
With passion in his eye,
And oft admires the *walking gent*
When *walking gent*-ly by.

He'll settle quarrels often, when
He's learned the "rules of arts;"
The largest bundles doth he "tote,"
And plays the smallest parts.
May all his deeds of merit reach
An overwhelming height,
And he rewarded in this world
And in the world to come.

.....And now keep your seats and remain perfectly quiet while we offer for your edification and enjoyment the annexed epistle from

"OUR JIM" ON THE ROAD.

WOODSBURY, Nu Jursey, Jan. 23d.

DEAR BOSS.—We hav bin snoze in—ers ov a cort twixt Santown and this cheerful city in the bite of a ugalth sno storm, and such was its furesounins that our hole carrawan was in danger of a ugly kolaps, but thru the inerspishtin of a nabring farm we was enabld to wether the gale, and coam out of the fire ordering like as nuther fonix. I hav always prewvously bin ded set agin barns, thinkin tha boded no good, bein coy ni for lodgin houses for lofers and ded beats, but I and I hav bin inerin under a delushin and a snare, for never did the most splendidist palits parsent a half the beuty this humbil hors-bin has seasoned as she fered her majestick hed thru the thikness of this bliste storm of sno and hale. For a hole da and nite hav we bin duranx wile, as it were, wishin, like the unahint marriner, for sumthin to turn up. For wilste we was short, and had to go on haf pashtas doorin our confinement. There hain't sumthin with demordlises a sho man like to be throne orf his feds; feds him wel and yu kin twist him round yure little finger like he was a ele; cut down his purwishis and yu make him a consahitid meanjack. We past a nite of sorrer and distresome wile ockupyin' that livin time; no lites, no wiskey, no slap jaks; twas with a worsehuness ov appetite we sraled the cunnin'y morrow, him hoom hav never felt the hawrins of hunger, none not wot it is to be lurd and lorst, to be cast amung strayngers, bereit of wittels, to lit in an obscure barn—but lit not harrer yure felins further. We cum 4th si the brake of da, for the storm had ceased, the sun shun like the lee of a nu bride, and the inhabdnts of Santown strode out to greie us. Sum pepil are that Jursymen is orful mene, alwase on the make, and ony payin' in purtaters were the cash; gi out of payin at all; and one listinte is told ware a traveler fel inter timber crate; seein' a Jursyman standin on the shore, he cride in him for sneker, to help him out; but the shore man ony repilde by sayin', "You'll yon giv!" In the meantime the man drownded, and the utter chap facut him cute, parched his pockets, took off he had, and cast him inter his nativ elements agin. We hav hurd another story of a wafarer hoom thortlessly fel inter a mesandrin stream, ware he floted and spiashi and cust in his bill efforts to hepe his hed from goin' under; and wile this unforchinit pursin was strugglin' in the throse of deth, grasphn at sirors, wich drowndin' pepil will do, yu air aware, a Jursymen stood gasin at him, and betide whether he would sink or swim, survive or perrish, as the late J. Addams so heerolckly sade in his maden speech: yes, these 2 unsoshibli brootes cride out wile the dyin' man wus a splutirin the durty worter out of his mouth, "a kwarter he drownds!" "a kwarter he don't!" But I grewe in as that afore the man who bet he *seceded* drown cood git to him, to help him out of his onhexpektid trubbel, the victim of Jursy meneness had past awa in the stilst land, ware thare shil be no more sorrer thare. But them storeys I look upon as falshuds and lise, unworthy of a grate pepil, as I will sho yu. Not ony did the eleet of Santown welkim us to thare fesity bords, but the kind-harted sittysins of Clarksburrow, Woodberry, Paulsboro,

ular aim of the day. The burlesque of "Paris" possesses all the necessary elements for ensuring much enjoyment for an hour or so, whilst the mountings of the piece, both as regards scenery and dress, was in every way most praiseworthy. The more prominent characters were sustained by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Eliza Weathersby, and Mr. Willie Edouin. Miss Lydia Thompson, whose re-appearance was warmly welcomed, retains all the piquancy and vivacity which always distinguished her acting, and played the part of Paris in her own most spirited manner. Mr. Harry Beckett's performance of Œnone was an admirable bit of burlesque acting, and was irresistibly droll, both in make-up and acting, whilst his singing gained him several encores. The amusing farce of "A Kiss in the Dark" nightly commenced the programme, the leading characters being well sustained by Miss Claire, Mr. S. Hemple and Mr. Claude Burroughs. "Paris" was acted on the 4th inst. at the *matinee* to a large house, and in the evening for the last time. The burlesque extravaganza of "Lurline" was to be produced on the 6th inst. and during the week, with the exception of the 10th inst., the benefit of Miss Lydia Thompson, when the burlesque of "Sinbad the Sailor" will constitute the programme.

MR. JOHN D. STOCKTON, the author of the comedy of "Fox and Goose," has been tendered a complimentary benefit by his fellow journalists, to take place at the Walnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, on the afternoon of Wednesday, the 8th inst. Mr. J. S. Clarke, in addition to volunteering the free use of the theatre, will appear in the comedy of "Fox and Goose" and the farce of "The Rough Diamond." The dramatic entertainment is undoubtedly an attractive one; but, irrespective of its special merits, a brilliant assemblage may be anticipated as a fitting compliment to a talented writer.

THEATRICAL NEWS in Cincinnati, as detailed by our correspondent, writing on Feb. 3d, runs as follows:—"Edwin Adams opened his second week at Wood's Theatre with his new play, written by John Brougham, entitled 'Honor,' to an audience only fair in numbers, and after repeating it on Tuesday it was withdrawn. The play deserved to run better, as it is a clever sensational one, and was well put on the stage, the opening scene being one of the prettiest ever exhibited in the theatre. Edwin Adams appeared as Edwin and Francis Desborough, twin brothers, and also disguised as Reuben, a Gypsy, and acted with considerable force and versatility. The Sir Willoughby Raikes of Forsberg; Peter Puffin of Locke; Claypole of Church; St. Leger of Burroughs; Alice Claypole of Miss Bailey, and Clara Wicherly of Miss Chamberlain are all deserving of mention. 'Macbeth' was given on Wednesday night to a rather poor house, and last night (Thursday), 'Hamlet' was presented to a somewhat better one, but still the legitimate does not receive the encouragement it should. In the former play the Macduff of Macauley and Lady Macbeth of Charlotte Crampton fairly divided honors with the star. Tonight, for his benefit, Mr. Adams will play Rover, in 'Wild Oats,' and to-morrow night 'Jack Cade' and Susan, for the morrow's *matinee* Claude Melnotte. On Monday, W. F. Burroughs, an actor who has steadily grown in favor since his *debut* here, takes a benefit, producing the 'Romance of a Poor Young Man.' Mr. Forsberg also takes a benefit next week, and for two nights the theatre will be rented for entertainments by the 'Knights of Pythias,' who purpose presenting 'Damon and Pythias.' The Zazistowski Troupe commenced on Monday, Feb. 13th..... There were only two new faces at the National Theatre this week, Jennie Benson and Eph Horn, Jr. The lady did not reach here till Tuesday, owing to the fact, it is said, that a manager in Syracuse would not allow her to appear early on his programme on Saturday evening. This is in contrast to manager Sargent, of the National, who allowed Clara Barton and Annie Hindle to go on ahead of their places, that they might reach a train which would get them to Syracuse on Monday. Jennie Benson's clog takes immensely, and she afterwards appeared in an Irish jig and songs with success. Eph Horn, Jr., is a clever banjoist and Ethiopian comedian. H. J. Sargent, the manager, appeared in a number of sleight of hand tricks, some of which were very excellent. A shadow pantomime, entitled 'Old Mother Goose,' has been the wind-up. Next week the Lisa Weber burlesque troupe will appear, in conjunction with the vaudeville company, remaining one week. On Monday, 13th, a host of new ones are to join, embracing the entire Kiralfy troupe, Wm. Carleton and wife, Kynock and Smith, roller skaters; Prince Sadi D'Jalma, the contortionist; J. W. Ward, juggler; Morrisey and Emerson, double song and dance men; Jennie Smith and Lottie Moore, dancers; Manager Macauley is negotiating with Fechter for a brief season. Should he succeed, Mr. Fechter will be played at the National, supported by Wood's theatre company, and Mr. Sargent's company will probably take a brief tour of neighboring towns..... The project of a new theatre is still being quietly pushed. Should the necessary amount be subscribed the building will be commenced in the early spring and will be completed in time for the ensuing fall season.....R. E. J. Miles, formerly manager of the National, and at present engineer of Madame Lake's circus, is in town this week. Robert McWade also passed through here this week on his way east.

A REPORT OF AMUSEMENTS IN CHICAGO, ILL., is furnished by our correspondent, "Justice," writing on Feb. 2d:—"Mrs. D. P. Bowers commenced the fourth and last week of her engagement at McVicker's Theatre on Jan. 30th, as Prince Arthur, in a new and original drama by Mrs. Mines, entitled 'The Maid of Mayence.' The play affords but limited scope for the display of great histrionic ability, and, as far as merits are concerned, it is a lamentable failure. With few exceptions, the piece was poorly played. Last evening 'Mary Stuart' was presented, with Mrs. Bowers in her highly commendable personation of the title *role*. This evening 'Elizabeth,' and on Friday 'Captain Hinchback' will be acted, the latter evening, being a complimentary testimonial by many of our leading citizens. Her last appearance is at the *matinee* on Saturday, when she will present 'Lady Audley's Secret.' Mr. J. W. Wheelock is up for a benefit in the evening, presenting 'The Dead Heart.' Next week Janauschek will appear.....At Aiken's Museum The Huguenot Captain' was presented on Monday evening, and, thus far, it is meeting with success. This piece is one of the old museum successes, and the public's appreciation of it is well attested by the large audiences that are attracted there. It has been carefully placed upon the stage, the scenic effects are in keeping with the piece, and the costumes are appropriate. Mr. Aiken's portrayal of the title *role* was a piece of masterly acting. J. W. Blaisdell was perfectly at home in the personation of Hector De Savigny and Duke De Armencourville. Simon Tappa was ably sustained by J. W. Jennings; Mousqueton by J. C. Padgett was rendered in excellent style, and Locnst, by Owen Fawcett, was made an enjoyable feature of the entertainment. The other characters were well represented, particularly Gabrielle by Mrs. D. R. Allen. Owen Fawcett's benefit last Friday evening was not as well attended as the merits of the occasion deserved. J. W. Jennings takes a benefit to-morrow night, which should be well attended, as he is a popular actor.....At Allen's Globe Theatre the week opened with Little Nell, the California Diamond, as the special attraction, it being her first appearance upon the stage in Chicago, on which occasion 'Katy Did' was acted. J. B. Fuller made his bow in the character of Theodore Oakdale, and at once secured the favor of the audience. 'Katy Did' will hold the boards the balance of the week..... At Hooley's Opera House the burlesque 'Under the Lamp Light' is meeting with marked success. It is placed upon the stage in a style characteristic of the place, and throughout is splendidly enacted. The other prominent features of the bill consists of Eugene in a popular ballad, for which an imitation scene, Billy Rice and J. K. Campbell in a laughable sketch called 'Tragic Rovivals,' closing with a pleasing sketch, 'Ole Bull in a Tight Place.' The orchestra performance at this popular place of amusement is worthy of more than a passing notice. The burlesque of 'Lucretia Borgia' is underlined for next week and the public are on the *qui vive* to witness it, as much is expected from its production. The attendance is good.....At Bryant's Minstrels, 'The Trip Around the World' continues the great loadstone. The important features of this week's bill are 'The Dashing White Sergeant,' by Frank Kent, which is greatly admired; plantation dance by Stevie Rogers, artistically executed; ballad by C. S. Fredericks, 'Stars of the Summer Night;' 'The Rivals,' by Bob Hart and Ben Cotton; 'Riding in a Street Car,' by Hogan and Hughes, which consists of a double song and dance, rendered in their excellent style; concluding with a sketch entitled 'The Animated Sack.' In 'The Trip Around the World,' the ballad, "That Little Church Around the Corner,' was sung by Fredericks and was well rendered and greeted with tumultuous applause. .....At the Winter Garden the Lawrence Troupe are the latest attraction. They commenced an engagement on Monday evening last, appearing in groupings and life-like representations of statuary. Lucy Adams appears in comic songs and is creating a good impression. Mattie Bianca appears in a ballad of 'The Young Widow,' which is duly *encored*. M'lle Annetta does a fancy dance called "The Kiss Waltz" in her charming style; Cincinnatus continues to please by his songs and clog dances; Ned Harrington, Billy Courtright and Johnny Manning are still here; Maud De Lisle is popular as ever in her fine ballads. Business is good."

JOHN BROUGHAM, in the "Lottery of Life," attracted full houses at the Park Theatre, Brooklyn, last week, the performance being very good, and the support excellent. This week Mr. Brougham appears in his last at sensational drama, entitled "The Red Light," with a cast including Mr. Brougham as Ned McDermott, assisted by Messrs. Lamb, Carroll and Ferguson, and Mrs. Carroll, Miss Brown-ing and Mrs. Lewellyn.

OUR CORRESPONDENT'S LETTER FROM SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., not having arrived, owing probably to some detention of the mails, we present the following summary of the attractions announced at the various places of amusement. At the California Theatre Miss Rose Evans commenced the second week of her engagement, appearing as Lady Elizabeth in "Twixt Axe and Crown" on Jan. 30th. This lady is an American by birth, but since a child has been connected with the London stage..... At the Alhambra Theatre the dramatic season has closed, and Cora De Lamond, a magician, was performing..... At Maguire's Opera House Emery's Minstrels continue, and on Feb. 1st a *matinee* entertainment was announced for the benefit of the family of the late John Collins, tendered by Mr. Thomas Maguire and other professional friends. James H. Budworth, G. T. Evans, Con Murphy, Charles H. Boyd, Carl Williams, J. De Angelis, Charles Rhoades, Jake Wallace, the celebrated gymnast, Samwels and Montague, the miniature artists, Miss Sallie De Angelis, Miss Maggie Moore, and Harry Courtaine, having volunteered, will appear in a diversified entertainment. .....W. H. Smith has no longer any proprietary interest in the Alhambra Theatre, the control of the establishment having passed into other hands. Information has reached us that the proprietor is Thomas Maguire, who took possession on Feb. 1st. He proposes at the end of the present season of magic to convert it into a minstrel hall.

FOX'S NEW AMERICAN THEATRE, Philadelphia, continues to receive a large share of public patronage. Frank Pankhurst and Lew Collins, song and dance men, and Jerry Cohan, comic character vocalist, were the new stars that made their appearance last week. The programme embraced a succession of attractive acts, commencing with D. L. Morris, in his impersonation of "Richard No. 3." Prof. Sharpley gave an excellent concertina solo; Pankhurst and Collins appeared in a song and dance, and their original "Statue Clog Dance." Jerry Cohan appeared in the statue song, *a la* Lingard, personating seven noted characters; George Wambold's performing dogs and monkeys displayed the patient training of their master, and their own sagacity in a number of clever tricks. Mlle. Turnour went through a series of evolutions on the *trapeze*, suspended at a dangerous height, standing erect upon the bar, while the *trapeze* is in full swing, and the enthusiastic applause with which she was nightly greeted was a well-deserved tribute to the course, dexterity and easy grace with which her performance was accomplished throughout. In the two *ballets*, entitled "Les Lac Du Fees" and "Champagne," a magnificently dressed *corps de ballet* execute a variety of graceful and well-arranged combinations, led by the *premier danseuse*, Mlle. De Rosa, who is greatly applauded for the grace and *abandon* with which she performs her numerous solos. The comic trick pantomime of "The Magic Trumpet" nightly concludes the entertainment, Mons. Alex. Zanfretta, as the clown, amply sustaining the fun. On the 6th inst., Mr. J. H. Milburn, the comic vocalist and character artist, will make his first appearance in Philadelphia at this theatre. A grand *ballet*, entitled "The Seven Passions," will be produced under the immediate superintendence of Mr. George W. Smith, and Mr. Charles S. Marix, the business manager of this theatre, will make his first essay as a dramatist in a burlesque entitled the "Heathen Chinee; or, Life in California."

AT THE CHESTNUT STREET THEATRE, Philadelphia, a constant change in the performance has been the order of the day, or rather of the night, during the week ending Feb. 4th. On Monday, the 30th ult., Mr. E. L. Davenport appeared as Hamlet, and the crowded state of the house, and the deep attention with which the audience listened to Shakespeare's beautiful language, afforded a most convincing proof that this intellectual and talented impersonation was thoroughly appreciated. On Tuesday, Lovell's play of "Love's Sacrifice" was enacted, in which the admirable company ably sustained the various characters, with many touches of marked artistic ability. On Wednesday, Sheridan Knowles' play of the "Hunchback" was enacted in a manner that delighted an appreciative and numerous audience, and the play, although exaggerated and improbable as it may be, in point of construction, could not in any way be found fault with in respect to the manner in which the various characters were represented. On Thursday evening, Mr. E. L. Davenport displayed his genial humor as Rover, in the fine old comedy of "Wild Oats," and Mr. J. E. Nagle gave a highly efficient rendering of the title role in the play of "Michael Erle." On Friday, the 3d inst., a very large audience assembled to show their appreciation of the merits of Mr. E. L. Davenport, both as an actor and a manager. The pieces selected for Mr. Davenport's benefit, were the "Honeymoon" and "Black Eyed Susan." Mr. W. S. Lennox made his first appearance this season in the part of Jacques, in the "Honeymoon," Mr. Davenport, on being loudly called for, responded in a few words full of feeling and good sense, thanking the audience for past support, and assuring them of continued exertions on his part to merit future patronage. On Saturday, the programme of the previous evening was repeated to a large audience. On the 6th inst., the spectacular drama entitled the "Old Man of the Mountain" will be produced for the first time, with Miss Phillis Glover, Mr. Charles R. Thorne, Jr., Miss Lilly Vining Davenport, Mr. J. E. Nagle, Mr. Walter Lennox, and an enlarged company in the cast.

AT DUFFIELD AND BENEDICT'S OPERA HOUSE, Philadelphia, a dramatic company played last week with but poor support from the public. On Monday, Feb. 6th, a regular variety entertainment will be produced, including the female minstrels; Prof. Reno, the magician; Sam Ryan, the comedian; John Forbes and Charley Gleason, Ethiopian comedians. The performance will conclude with the farce of "Dodging for a Wife," Sam Ryan sustaining the principal character.

MR. AND MRS. BARNEY WILLIAMS are announced to play in Newark, N. J., Feb. 6th; Elizabeth, 7th, and Paterson 8th and 9th, under the management of John P. Smith.

G. AND R. MCLEAR'S DRAMATIC COMBINATION performed in Sandy Hill, N. Y., Feb. 4th; Glen's Falls, 2d and 3d; Caldwell, 1st and 6th, and is advertised as follows:—Johnsburg, 7th and 8th; Pottersville, 9th and 10th; Schrom Lake, 11th and 13th; Ticonderoga, 14th and 15th.

AMUSEMENTS IN ALBANY, N. Y., are thus reported by our correspondent "Mercutio," writing on the 4th:—"E. T. Stetson, at the Academy of Music, has drawn good houses with the drama of 'Neck and Neck.' Mr. Stetson as Walter Wilmarth, fully sustained his previous reputation. Mr. Little was good as Jim Johnson, and Mr. Ryer as Curtis Pumpkin, and Mr. Edwin as Simon Pumpkin, kept the audience in good humor. Geo. Johnson, as Sir Richard Freeland, did justice to that character. The part of Carrol Denham was played by D. G. Edwards indifferently well. On the 2d Mr. W. H. Hambtin joined the company and assumed the part of Carrol Denman, and gave a fine rendition of it. Mr. E. G. Packard did well indeed as Adolphus Darling, Miss Alice Brooks as Crazy Jenny, Miss De Forest as Fanny Boliver, Miss Campbell as Mrs. Bolliver, and Miss Duane as Mrs. Farnsworth, are all worthy of commendation. Miss H. Osborne appeared as Caroline Farmer, and did very well; Mrs. Farren as Old Pey the witch, was excellent. The piece has been well placed on the stage; the execution scene passed off well and was nightly re-demanded. The railroad scene was another fine piece of stage effect, the train being the largest ever placed on the stage in this city. Great credit is due Mr. J. Meehan, stage carpenter. Mr. Stetson's benefit, on the 3d, was finely attended. On Monday, the 6th, 'Under the Gaslight' will be produced, with Mr. Stetson as Snorkey. Mr. J. J. Riley will make his first appearance this season as Sam, the bootblack. Walter Montgomery was to have opened at this house on the 6th, but owing to illness he will not be able to fill his engagement at present. .....At the Union Opera House Janauschek has been playing to crowded houses nightly. On the 30th 'Deborah' was given. The bill was 'Bianca' for the 31st. For a *matinee* on the 1st, 'Still Waters Run Deep.' In the evening 'Mary Stuart' was presented to an overflowing house. On the 2d 'Deborah' was repeated by request. to a critical and appreciative audience. Governor Hoffman and family occupied a box. On the occasion of M'lle Janauschek's benefit on the 3d, Shakespeare's play of 'Winter's Tale' was performed, M'lle Janauschek appearing for the first time in English as Hermione. In this character, especially in the more emotional scenes, M'lle J. was excellent. Mr. Robinson did not do as well as Leontes. Walter Keeble as Polixenes was excellent. Mrs. Ryner as Paulina, did extremely well. Mr. Crosbie as Clown, and Mr. Clifford as Autolycus, were very poor. For a *matinee* to-day 'Mary Stuart.' The support given to M'lle J. in this piece, with two or three exceptions, was poor. Miss Rosa Rand read the part of Elizabeth, owing to the sickness of Mrs. Ryner. M'lle Janauschek brought her engagement to a close this evening in the character of Lady Macbeth. On the 6th Mrs. Scott Siddons will commence a second engagement at this establishment. The opening bill is 'Frou-Frou.'

Musical.

AT THE FRENCH OPERA HOUSE, New Orleans, La., writes our correspondent on Jan. 30th:—"The week commenced with the 'Barbier de Seville,' which was repeated on the 26th. On the 24th, was the production of 'William Tell,' and the first appearance of Mr. Charles Lefranc as Arnold, who proved himself a valuable acquisition to the company. He was ably assisted by Mr. Dumestre, baritone; Mr. Castelman, basso, and Messrs. Perle Thery and Dubosc; and M'mes Naddi and Dumestre. On the 29th, Adams' 'St. J. Etias Roi' was rendered. This evening, 'Il Trovatore' is announced, with Mr. Lefranc as Manrico, supported by M'me Dumestre as Count de Luna; M'me Rozes as Leonora, and M'lle Von Edelsberg as Azucena. On the 31st, 'Faust' is to be produced. Business good."

THE GRAND ENGLISH OPERA COMBINATION closed a session of two weeks, at the National Theatre, Washington, D. C., on the 4th inst.

NEW MUSIC can be had of Wm. Hall & Son, who advertise.

A SOPRANO and other musicians are wanted for Oglesby's Bell Ringers. See advertisement.

THE ENGLISH OPERA COMBINATION, under the management of Messrs. C. D. Hess & Co., will commence a brief season at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on the evening of the 6th. The following operas will be produced during the engagement:—"Bohemian Girl," "Martha," "Marriage of Figaro." "Il Trovatore," "Fidelio," "Oberon" and "Faust," the latter opera being given in German by the members of the German Opera Troupe, who have been engaged to appear in conjunction with the English Opera Troupe, and who will also appear in the market scene in "The Bohemian Girl." Most every evening of the season has been set apart for benefits of the leading members. Miss Emma Howson, *prima donna*, has been engaged for the balance of the season, to share the business with Mrs. Richings-Bernard and Miss Rose Hersee.

MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG gave a couple of concerts at the Academy of Music, Philadelphia, on the evening of the 30th and 31st ult., with but indifferent success, although she was well supported by several artists. The weather was decidedly against her.

THE CONCERTS advertised for M'lle. Nilsson in Cincinnati, Jan. 27th and 28th, did not come off, owing to the sudden illness of the famous *prima donna*. At the close of last week she was reported slowly recovering from what must have been a somewhat serious indisposition. On Friday, Feb. 3d, the balance of the troupe concertized in Lexington, Ky. The concerts are to be given in Cincinnati as soon as Mlle. Nilsson is able to appear.

GEORGIA DEAN SPALDING'S Classical Concert Troupe performed in Whitehall, N. Y., February 2d, Saratoga 3d and 4th. The route for the present week includes Balston, Schenectady, Amsterdam, Johnston and Gloversville.

"BLANCHE" is the title of a home opera which is to be produced in Bridgeport, Conn., on Feb. 8th. The music was composed by Mr. J. Porter, and the libretto was written by Mrs. J. C. Woods. The principal parts will be sung by Miss Fanny Bybee, Mrs. J. C. Woods, Mr. Jos. Porter, of Bridgeport, and Mr. J. C. Woods, of New Haven.

THE APPY CONCERTS, under the management of Alfred Von Rochow, are announced to take place at Batavia, N. Y., Feb. 6th; Canandaigua, 7th; Penn Yann, 8th; Phelps, 9th; Geneva, 10th; Waterloo, 11th; Seneca Falls, 13th; Weedport, 14th; Lyons, 15th; Palmyra, 16th; Rochester, 17th; and Le Roy, 18th. Thence the troupe will go into Pennsylvania as far as the oil regions.

GEO. BAGLEY, B flat cornet and alto horn player, advertises that he can be engaged.

N. N. STILLMAN, drummer and violinist, advertises that he can be engaged.

LEAVITT'S SWISS BELL RINGERS, which have been lately reinforced by the Continental Vocalists, performed in Lavayavi le, Pa., Feb. 3d; Towanda, 4th; Milan, 6th; Athens, 7th; Waverly, 8th.

THE ALLEGHANIANS are announced to perform in Lincoln, Ill., Feb. 7th; Springfield, 8th; Attica, Ind., 11th, and to go thence to Lafayette and Indianapolis. They have been engaged upon a certainty to sing before a number of societies in various towns in that vicinity.

THE ADELAIDE PHILLIPS CONCERT COMPANY performed in the new German Hall, Charleston, S. C., Feb. 1st., and is announced in Norfolk, Va., 7th, and Portsmouth, 8th.

THEODORE THOMAS' ORCHESTRA and Miss Anna Mehlig are announced to give two concerts in Baltimore, Md., on Feb. 6th and 7th.

THE BERGER FAMILY OF SWISS BELL RINGERS are announced to perform six nights in the Concordia Opera House, Baltimore, Md., commencing Feb. 6th.

THE GERMAN OPERA TROUPE, which has lately been performing in Boston and Philadelphia with considerable success, paid a visit to Brooklyn on Feb. 3d and 4th, presenting Beethoven's grand old opera of "Fidelio," on Friday, and Gounod's "Faust" at the Saturday *matinee*. The attendance on Friday night was marked by a gathering of the *elite* of the German residents of Brooklyn, and the performance, both histrionically and musically, well merited the applause bestowed. The cast included Mad. Lichtmay, as Fidelio; Carl Formes, the famous basso, as Rocquas, and Carl Bernard, the new German tenor, as Florestan. Madame Lichtmay was in excellent voice and her vocal powers were heard to great advantage. She possesses a splendid full soprano, of great power, considerable compass and sympathetic in quality, and, moreover, she is impressively dramatic in her style. In the second act, in which the gems of the opera were rendered, the performance was extremely effective, Herr Bernard mating a most favorable impression by his admirable acting as well as his vocal efforts, a call before the curtain being evidence of their success. The veteran basso was in excellent voice, and manifested much of his old fire and power. His brother, Wilhelm Formes, too, elicited considerable applause. The minor *roles* were creditably rendered, and the orchestration was excellent. The choruses were quite effective, considering the limited number. At the *matinee* on Saturday, the cast embraced Mlle. Rosetti, as Marguerite, *debutante* who made her first bow to an operatic audience on the 11th ult., at Philadelphia; Herr Franasch as Mephistophiles, Herr Himmer as Faust, and Wilhelm Formes as Valentine, with Mlle. Reems in the *role* of Seibel. Mlle. Rosetti presented quite an original interpretation of Marguerite, which, though not quite embodying the poetic ideal of Goethe, was never before a conception of character in which she displayed a life-like action and an intelligent comprehension of the demands of the *role*, which afforded ample evidence of her possession of high dramatic talent. Her vocal capabilities give great promise of future excellence, her voice being deeply sympathetic in quality, very flexible and pure in tone, besides being already well cultured. Herr Franasch's Mephistophiles was also an excellent dramatic effort, and vocally Hermanns alone has given us so good a rendering of the *role*. Himmer, too, was quite artistic, and the *role* of Valentine was admirably sung and acted by Wilhelm Formes.

Variety Halls.

MR. JAMES FOSTER, stage manager of the Metropolitan Hall, Washington, D. C., netted, on the occasion of his recent benefit, says our correspondent, "Novice," a very snug sum of money. The entire company, together with the attaches of the hall, volunteered their services, and, in order to show his appreciation of their efforts, Mr. Porter gave a sumptuous dinner to the members of the troupe and a few invited guests, at his residence on "D" street, on the evening of the 26th ultimo. After the cloth was removed toasts and speeches were given, and the festivities were kept up until a late hour. The CLIPPER was the target for many compliments, and the best of feeling and good humor prevailed. Mr. Harry Richmond, a retired professional, enlivened the company with some very amusing recitations, and Messrs. Porter, Shay, Clark, McIntyre and Reese contributed much to the enjoyment of the evening. Dick Clark closed his engagement at the Metropolitan on the 4th, and Ad. Wester commences on the 6th.

CHARLEY SHAY'S QUINQUPLICAL TROUPE gave 24 performances last week at Metzerott Hall, Washington, D. C., to excellent houses, although the weather during the early part of the week was very disagreeable. The Leopar Brothers, Dollie Satilla, Clara Garner, Harry Hart, Tim Fitch, Ben. Brown and Mr. Shay assumed the prominent characters in the laughable pantomime of "Hunky Punky,' besides appearing in various comical and amusing acts.

THE NEW OLYMPIC VARIETIES, New Orleans, La., has been doing very well since the late new additions to the company. On the 30th ult. Miss Annie Gibbons joined the company and pleased the audience by her clog dancing, as also did Master Eddie. In the vocal part Miss Flora Weston, Miss Lola Cullum and Miss Lotie Warren show to considerable advantage. In the terpsichorean line Miss Maggie Hunter and Maggie Lorraine carry off the honors, while Billy Kirby, Geo. Sisson and Charles White, in small negro acts and farces, are exceedingly good. So reports "Crescent."

SADI D'JALMA, contortionist, commences a two weeks' engagement at the National Theatre, Cincinnati, O., on Feb. 13th. Managers wishing to engage him can address Biggs and Fitzgerald.

THE BRUNNELLES, Addie, Emma and William, double song and dance performers, gymnasts, vocalists, &c., can be addressed at the Theatre Comique, Detroit, Mich.

THE DE LAVE FAMILY appeared at the Varieties Theatre, Pittsburgh, Pa., on Jan. 30th, to a house full. The double trapeze flight, by Ada and Zoe, was received with shouts of delight, and every night during the week Zoe's performances have been received with unstinted applause. George W. Herman's re-appearance was cordially greeted. Gus. Williams' songs and dances have met with decided favor. Walter Bray's Ethiopian eccentricities are nightly *encored*. Morrissey and Emerson, in their songs and dances, have become favorites. "The Fairies of the Silver Lake" has been presented this week, and has proven the most successful piece yet produced. The attendance has been uniformly large, and Manager Aims is being handsomely rewarded for his enterprise in giving us a first-class variety entertainment. Cool Burgess and the Empire Boys will be among the new people next week.

LUCY ADAMS, serio comic vocalist, of the Lawrence Troupe, can be addressed until Feb. 20th, at the Winter Garden Theatre, Chicago, Ill.

ON THE 27th inst., application was made to Judge Ludlow at the Court of Quarter Sessions, Philadelphia, by Wm. Mullen, the Prison Agent, of that city, to obtain possession of "Young Zephyr," the child performer, who was so badly used by D'Atalie, "The Man With the Iron Jaw." In the course of the hearing, it transpired that D'Atalie had forfeited his bail and left the city. The child was remanded to the custody of the Prison Agent until the British Consul could be consulted with in the matter, the child, "Young Zephyr," having been obtained by D'Atalie from a rope dancer in London, Eng.

THE PHILADELPHIA VARIETIES is the name of a new place of amusement in Philadelphia, which will be opened to the public of that city for the first time on the evening of Monday, the 6th inst. The "Varieties" is situated at Seventh and Jayne streets, with a frontage of 25 feet, and is being used for many years by circus companies. The interior has been remodeled and altered, so as to present a neat and tasty auditorium, well suited for the purposes of a variety theatre. The parquet now occupies the space formerly devoted to the ring, and a handsome stage, 32 by 30 feet, has been erected. The building has been leased and fitted under the superintendence of Messrs. J. M. Mortimer and Jas. Whilds, the former gentleman whose long experience in the variety business qualifies him to take charge of an enterprise of this nature. The company announced to appear on the opening night are as follows:—Miss Emma Alford, the Freeman Sisters, Sidney Franks, C. A. Gardner, Billy Barry, Johnny Morrissey, Lew Brimmer, Frank Wood, H. W. Williams, Frank Bennett, H. C. Andrews, Matthews and Hunting, and other artists, including *ballet* corps. The prices of admission will be fixed at 50 and 25 cents.

FROM CINCINNATI we have the following variety news through our correspondent, dated Feb. 3d:—"At the Race Street Theatre, Nellie Georgia opened this week. She was quite a favorite here last year, making a pretty stage appearance, and quite pleasing vocal and plays the guitar. Johnny Smith and Mollie Sommers closed here yesterday. Charles King, comedian, opened last night as tambo, John Weaver being bones and P. H. Seamon interlocutor. Katy St. Leon has withdrawn from the company, but is still in town. King is a clever banjoist. The farce of 'Cincinnati After Dark,' introducing most of the features of the Can-can, is the main attraction, of which Mary Melville is the Frality. 'The Peter Hontz Family' has just completed its twelfth week. The policy of keeping an act on so long is decidedly doubtful. Bis is reported very fair.....Mr. H. W. Collins' lease on the Academy of Music, on Sixth street, has expired; and, as Mr. Collins announces his intention of quitting the city, that theatre may be put down as a thing of the past.....Polly Daly, Charles Dobson, Johnny Smith, Mollie Sommers, and Emma De Voy went to Indianapolis yesterday. Miss Daly did not join the Elwood party, as she had intended.....A number of performers are playing in German halls in this city.....The Globe still remains closed, but there is some prospect of a re-opening next week.

"AT THE OLYMPIC THEATRE, St. Louis, Mo., the Gaite Comique Group of Specialties, a variety company, is drawing full houses. Several new features have been added since my last communication, consisting of Mons. D'Atalie, the 'Man with the Iron Jaw;' M'lle Angela, the 'Female Samson,' and Pete Lee, Ethiopian comedian. Besides these, the following powerful attractions nightly appear in their specialties:—Prince de la D'Jalma, the 'Man Serpent;' Sig. Lozado, juggler; Sheridan and Mack, character song and dance artists, in some very excellent changes; Billy Carter, banjoist; Collins and Daisey, with their Punch and Judy; Larry Tooley and Sam Collins, Dutch comedians, and Mons. A. Blandowski, *maitre de ballet*, assisted by the *corps de ballet*. The burlesque portion of the company is represented by B. Cravath, Jr., A. B. Kennedy, S. R. Norman, Harry Guion, W. Eunice, Miss Jennie Engel, Minnie Jackson, Ada Boshell, Hannah Birch, &c. Mr. Charles Davis, song and dance man, is with the party. The performances this week conclude with "The Female Minstrels," in which the above named people take parts.....At the Varieties Theatre the new attractions introduced by J. W. Berger, banjoist, and Charley Heywood, Ethiopian performer, who are both in their closing week, having been engaged for only two weeks. Johnny Redden closed last week. All the other favorites remain, and a splendid bill is nightly presented. Hen. Mason has become very popular, and his acts receive much and deserved applause. Clark Gibbs, as he comes on for his peculiar, old-fashioned dutch ways meets with a hearty reception. Miss Celia Ifert is very good in her characteristic songs. Sallie Mason sings 'Since I've Become a Blonde' this week, and is received with applause. The *ballet* arranged by Sig. Constantine is entitled *La Fleur d'Mai*, and is participated in by M'lles Brunetti, Oberti and Eveline. M'lle Bertha sang some German songs, which were well received. La Belle Ida performed a pretty song and dance, and La Petite Emma sang a few light songs beautifully. The drama, this week, is the 'Wept of the Wish-ton-wish.' Ht. Chapman as Conanchet, and Annie Hathaway as Narramattah, render their parts in a satisfactory manner. Mr. Birnard, as Uncas shows considerable ability. Capt. Heathcote is well played by J. W. Wilson, as are also Major Gough by L. M. McCormick, Content by W. J. Rankin, Lieutenance Mc Lisle by Langdon Langdon, and Wenona by Miss Kate Morris. Satisfaction Skunk receives a laughable portrayal at the hands of Frank Curtis.....At Carroll's New Varieties, the company consists of the following people:—W. Scott, stage manager; Fred. T. Shaw, actor; T. Grainger, song and dance; Nellie Belmont, vocalist; Minnie Rainforth, vocalist; Guilfoil and Rouke, song and dance; Billy Burton, comedian; Emma Hawley, song and dance; Jessie Veteh, song and dance. The latter gentleman is in his closing week, as he leaves for Indianapolis on Feb. 4th. On Sunday night next, the 5th inst., two new people are announced to appear, viz., Flora Bell, vocalist, and Minnie Baker, song and dance. The performances this week conclude with a piece written especially for this house by Mr. Fred. T. Shaw, entitled 'The Wood Demon,' in which the parts are sustained by the above named people.....At the Sixth street Varieties the latest appearances are Miss Delia Smith, vocalist and active gal,' and Marie Coleman, Irish delineator. Joe Gulick is still here, doing the Dutch business in the can-can and song and dance in the olio. Miss Lilia Melville is now doing Fraility and the *poses plastique* are rendered by Miss Flora Bazaline. Miss Claudia De Forre 4, vocalist, has joined the company since my last. La Petite Hennessy, one of the best jig dancers in the city, still remains. A. S. Caspar, formerly of Carroll's, is stage manager." So writes our correspondent, "Agra."

THE ADELPHI THEATRE, Boston, Mass., occupied as a Variety Theatre, was destroyed by fire on Feb. 4th near the hour of midnight. It was originally a place of amusement under the name of Andrew's Hall, and was honorably patronized by traveling entertainments of all descriptions. Afterwards it was leased by Mr. P. T. Barnum, who opened it as an Aquarium upon a large scale, there being a large tank in the centre in which a living white whale disported. After the death of the whale, business fell off and the place passed into the hands of a Mr. Wentworth, who ran it for a year or so. After this it was occupied irregularly by variety companies, magicians and dramatic companies. Mr. Horace Lingard, who had made a great hit in Boston with his entertainment, leased the building, and, at a considerable outlay, placed the auditorium in first class condition, and opened it with a burlesque company in connection with his own entertainment. The opening was brilliantly successful, but the audiences gradually decreased and Mr. Lingard retired from the management. It has since been occupied with varying success by a number of variety companies, but for some time past it has been in the hands of Jean Stetson, who runs it with the names of some of his employees at the head of the bills as managers. As their names were continually changed we cannot attempt to record them. The manager announced at the time of the conflagration was John L. Hall, the Australian comedian, late of the Lydia Thompson burlesque troupe and Lina Edwin's Theatre. The programme of the last performance was as follows:—

KIND TO A FAULT.
Comedy in two acts.

Frank Goldworthy.....John L. Hall	Parker.....Harry Josephs
Mr. Drewitt.....Chas. Waverley	Mrs. Drewitt.....Emily Wheaton
Alderman Black.....Jno. Whilds	Mrs. Chamberley.....Agg's Wood
Mr. Hamilton.....E. Beaver	Jessie Black.....Ellen Lewis
Johnson.....J. K. Kruger	Jennie.....Blanche Galton

To conclude with the celebrated Burlesque

FRA DIAVOLO; OR, THE BEAUTY AND THE BRIGANDS.

Lord Allcash.....Thos. Whilds	Giacomo.....John Morris
Fra Diavolo.....Emily Wheaton	Francesco.....J. K. Kruger
Matteo.....J. H. Curran	Antonio (1861 2).....Geo. Hooper
Lorenzo.....Harry Josephs	Zerlina.....Aggie Wood
Beppo.....John L. Hall	Lady Allcash.....Blanche Galton

In active preparation, the great Sensation Burlesque,

PARIS; OR, THE APPLE OF DISCORD.

JOHN DENIER'S GAIETY COMIQUE TROUPE performed in Washington, D. C., Feb. 1st and 2d; Circleville, 3d and 4th, and is announced to perform in Lancaster 6th and 7th, and Zanesville, 8th and 9th. Miss Nellie Devere, a soprano vocalist from Liverpool, Eng., recently joined this troupe, in which Miss Maggie Willett continues a great favorite.

MISS ANNIE HINDLE, the London mimic; Clara Burton, jig dancer; Harry Stanwood, Ethiopian comedian, and Frank Bell, song and dance, were the fresh attractions at Wild's Varieties, Syracuse, N. Y., during the past week.

BURT AND RIDGWAY'S CARNIVAL OF NOVELTIES performed in Aurora, Ill., during the week ending Feb. 4th.

ARTISTS desiring engagements at Trimble's Varieties, Pittsburgh, Pa., are referred to an advertisement in another column.

The night was raw and chilly, and a high wind prevailed. The flimsy hall gained such headway before the arrival of the engines that assistance was almost useless to quell them. The entire building was soon in ruins, and a number of the adjoining buildings were considerably damaged. The theatre was owned by W. T. Andrews, and leased by John Stetson, who, it is said, will l

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

FOR THEATRICAL, or other Advertisements coming under the head of AMUSEMENTS, *fifteen cents per line* for each and every insertion.
FOR MISCELLANEOUS AND BUSINESS Advertisements, *twenty cents per line* for each and every insertion.
FOR NOTICES—to be incorporated in our News Departments—such as extracts from other papers, etc., *thirty cents per line*, the same notice not to be inserted more than once.
OUR TERMS ARE CASH. Advertisements to be paid for at the time of insertion.
A LIBERAL DISCOUNT from these rates will be made for Advertisements when paid for three months or longer in advance.
ALL BUSINESS LETTERS or communications must be addressed to the undersigned,
FRANK QUEEN,
HOUSE AND PROPRIETOR NEW YORK CLIPPER,
Corner Centre and Leonard streets, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

TO MANAGERS
OF CIRCUSES AND VARIETY HALLS.

By advice of my attorney I have withheld from answering, until now, an article published in the issue of this paper dated January 14th, 1871, by Giles Pullman (alias Chas. Crawford). I now submit these already produced facts, which are substantially the following, viz.:—

This would-be "Friend of Managers" had the impudence to fall in love with me, and he had at different times offered me large sums of money, and, by future prospects, pictured in the most gorgeous style that I was to be the happiest woman in the world if I would leave my husband and live with him, but he failed in all his attempts. He then set his "clique" to work. A nice set they were, and the pretty piece of business they thought they had so well accomplished they may well be proud of. Pullman, who was in the habit of lending money to the show (Dr. Thayer's Circus), made proposals to the "clique" "That, if they would induce me to leave my husband, he would furnish a certain amount of money, together with what he had loaned the show, and would become a partner, thereby owning a third of the concern. Grasping at a straw, the work began by coaxing and begging me to leave my husband and telling me what Pullman thought of me, and what he would do for me. I listened to all their pleadings and at last accepted his offer, which was $2,000 cash, which I was to have for myself, but he only raised $1,700. $1,300 I was carrying for him and $400 he gave me th' morning I left, which was Oct. 14th, 1870. My husband was to be paid off by the company the day after I left, which was done, he (my husband) signing a receipt in full to James Anderson & Co. for all money due both of us. My husband was to be got rid of and I was to return to Raleigh Oct. 28th. He, Pullman, was to meet me there. He WAS there, BUT I WAS NOT. How the dupe of his own game must have looked STANDING ON THE PLATFORM WAITING FOR THE TRAIN. This was the first time he realized that all his future prospects were but a dream. That he had the power to keep or discharge us, or that he paid us our salary, or that he kept us until the end of the season, is as false to the public as he is false to his own.

All that I have stated is as true as were the words of Judge Swift to the jury, "TO FIND ME NOT GUILTY" (which they did without leaving their seats).

My husband has him under $1,000 bonds, and he was under the charge of an officer five days before he could find bail, his paste pin and filled case watch being of no more account to him than his HAIRY FACED WITNESS, the BEAR-DID woman, who remarked, when she came off the witness stand:—"I would not go through that again for no man or money."

On hearing that there was a warrant for our arrest we gave ourselves up at once and furnished bail on the instant, instead of paying ten dollars a day to an officer to keep us out of jail, as Pullman did.

Hoping that every woman who comes in contact with such weak minded "MASTERS" will teach them a similar lesson, it will, I think, be a benefit to our sex and a credit to our profession.

Yours truly,
MRS. SARAH JUDGE.
Detroit, January 28th, 1871. 45-1t*

NEW MUSIC.

"OH HUSH, OUR LITTLE ONE SLEEPS." Sung with great applause by the favorite tenor, D. S. Wambold, San Francisco Minstrels. Price 35c.
Just published by WM. HALL & SON,
45-1t* 543 Broadway.

ABBOTT, THE CLOWN,

AND HIS COMIC TRICK PANTOMIME TROUPE,
HAVE JUST CONCLUDED AN

EIGHT WEEKS' ENGAGEMENT, ENGAGED FOR FOUR,

AT THE HOWARD AND ADELPHI THEATRES, BOSTON.
OPEN AT HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE,
CHICAGO, JAN. 31st.

CARD.

Charles Abbott and Party take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to JOHN STETSON, Esq., for the kind manner in which they have been treated during their stay in Boston, also to the members of the company, for the support they have rendered in the different Pantomimes; also for the kind offer of a re-engagement at a future period. CHARLES ABBOTT AND PARTY.
45-1t Boston, Jan. 28th, 1871.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

FOR OGLESBY'S BELL RINGERS.
ONE LADY SOPRANO SINGER
AND ORGANIST,
one that can play Alto Horn preferred. Also one BASS SINGER that can play Tuba. We want people that understand their business. Address OGLESBY BROS., Decatur, Ill. Letter box, 688. 1t*

GIBSON HOUSE,

CINCINNATI, OHIO.

MOST CENTRAL LOCATION.
$3 PER DAY.
SPECIAL RATE
TO TRAVELING COMPANIES. 45-13t*

FOR SALE.

The following Side Show Poperty for Sale.
1 BAGGAGE WAGON,
1 PASSENGER WAGON,
1 BUGGY,
CANVASS 35 by 55, Higgins' make, nearly new; 1 ORGAN, 6 PAINTINGS, STAGES, CHANDELIERS, TORCHES, and everything complete for Side Show.
Also, 4 MULES, 3 HORSES
And 6 sets of HARNESS.
The above property can be seen at the farm of B. J. V. MILLER, Coatsville, Pa.
For terms apply to W. S. RAYMOND, Memphis, Tenn., or
C. S. BURROWS,
No. 729 Passyunk Road,
45-2t* Philadelphia, Pa.

JIG AND CLOG DANCING
INSTRUCTIONS.

New edition, giving a full explanation of 20 different steps, with the break and finish. Any one, without previous knowledge, can easily learn by a little practice. Sent, postpaid, to any address on receipt of 35c. C. J. BENTON, Box 415, Johnstown, Pa. 45-1t*

FIRE EATING! FIRE EATING!

How to eat live coals of fire; walk a red hot bar of iron; drink boiling whiskey; lick a red hot poker with your tongue, and handle fire in any shape or manner without injury. Enclose 25c., and address C. J. BENTON, Box 415, Johnstown, Pa. 45-1t*

TO MANAGERS,

All applications with reference to the production of the famous spectacle, the BLACK CROOK, must be made to the undersigned, author and sole proprietor. Address CHAS. M. BARRAS,
Care LOWELL & SUMMUNDS,
45-1t 609 Broadway, New York.

GRAND AND USEFUL IMPROVEMENTS ON THE BIRD IMITATOR.

Solomon C. PERRY has obtained, after much study, an article that old and young, ladies and gentlemen, can warble on. It is free from all metallic substances, and does not hurt the mouth. It can be concealed while eating, drinking or talking, and, after a little practice, any person can imitate all of the feathered tribe, from the Canary to the Wild Turkey, and it is the best Wild Turkey Caller that has ever been discovered. Ladies or gentlemen can teach the Canary, as well as other birds, rare and new sounds and play an accompaniment to all music. Seven thousand sold in four months. It is something new and highly appreciated. Price 25 cents, or five for $1. Reduced price to Agents. Address
45-1t* C. J. BENTON, Box 415, Johnstown, Pa.

LIVING WILD ANIMALS FOR SALE.

—A valuable collection of WILD ANIMALS, comprising LIONS, TIGERS, LEOPARDS, WHITE and BLACK BEARS, LAMA, DOMESTIC and FOREIGN BIRDS, &c., being the entire Menagerie of Animals in connection with WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Apply personally or by letter to GEORGE WOOD, at WOOD'S MUSEUM, New York City. 4 -1t

BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS

for JULE KENT, Clown and Comic Vocalist, recently arrived from California, must be addressed until further advices, in care of
[45-1t*] RUSSEL, MORGAN & CO., 20 College st., Cincinnati.

TO CIRCUS MANAGERS.

WILLIAMS & MANKIN,
ACROBATS AND GYMNASTS.
Tumbling, Posturing, Light and Heavy Balancing, Chair la Perche, Double Trapeze, &c.
MANAGERS CAN ADDRESS THEM AT
45-2t* ADRIAN, MICH.

GERALDINE,

FLYING TRAPEZE
AND BLACK ROPE ARTISTE,
at liberty for the coming Circus Season.
Responsible managers please address here,
Varieties Theatre,
45-1t* Detroit, Mich.

TO CIRCUS PROPRIETORS.

THE SANYEAHS,

SAMUEL AND MAUDE,
the great ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GYMNASTS are at liberty to arrange FOR THE COMING TENTING SEASON, for their SENSATION DOUBLE TRAPEZE, FEATS OF STRENGTH ON THE FLYING RINGS, DANCING BARRELL, &c. Address
45 1t SAMUEL SANYEAH, 96 Seneca street, Cleveland, Ohio.

TO MANAGERS OF VARIETY

HALLS, &c.—ADDIE, EMMA AND WILLIAM BRUNNELLE, Double Song and Dance (Female), Double Trapeze and Flying Leap, Flying Ring and Solo Vocalists, can be engaged by addressing them care Theatre Comique, Detroit, Mich., where they are now in their 15th week. 45-1t*

LIBERTY HALL,

WILKESBARRE,
LUZERNE COUNTY SEAT, PENN.
OPEN FOR ENGAGEMENTS AFTER FEBRUARY 19TH, 1871.
(For the Miners will resume work on the above date.)
NEW SCENERY.
RENT REASONABLE FOR THE NIGHT, WEEK, OR MONTH.
Address S. FRAUENTHAL, Proprietor,
45-2t* Liberty Hall, Wilkesbarre, Luzerne Co., Penn.

WANTED.

A situation as Drummer and Violinist, in some responsible circus or traveling company, for the season of 1871.
45-1t* N. E. STILLMAN, Berlin, Rensselaer county, N. Y.

TOWN HALL,

BAINESVILLE, O.
Largest hall in the place. Excellent stage, with good scenery and drop curtain. Will seat 850. Good show town. Terms moderate.
44-13t J. R. HUNT & BRO., Proprietors.

BANJO, JIG, SONG AND

DANCE. Irish Jig and Clog Dancing taught, and pupils fitted for the stage. Professional Banjos, Tambourines, Bones, &c., at all prices.
N. B.—On receipt of $1 I will send three written lessons on the Banjo or Dancing, which are simple and easily understood. For circular and price list of Musical Instruments send stamp. Address
44-2t* JOHN BOGAN. 100 East Houston st., N. Y.

TO AGENTS AND SHOWMEN

COMING SOUTH.—The Morning News Steam Printing Establishment, Savannah, Ga., is completely prepared to print Posters, Programmes, Dodgers, Tickets and other Show Work. Address
35-13t* J. H. ESTILL, 111 Bay street, Savannah, Ga.

TO MANAGERS OF VARIETY

HALLS, &c.—ADDIE, EMMA AND WILLIAM BRUNNELLE, Double Song and Dance (Female), Double Trapeze and Flying Leap, Flying Ring and Solo Vocalists, can be engaged by addressing them care Theatre Comique, Detroit, Mich., where they are now in their 15th week. 45-1t*

N. ROGERS,

GENERAL EQUESTRIAN PERFORMER, GYMNAST, &c., has recently arrived from South America with his two boys, and they can be engaged for the traveling season. Address care of Clipper office. 45-1t*

WILLIAM MORGAN,

BAREBACK HURDLE RIDER,
can be engaged for the season of 1871. Address 313 and 314 Market st., Philadelphia, Pa. 45-2t*

WALNUT STREET THEATRE,

PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Ladies and gentlemen desiring engagements for the season of 1871-72 will please apply by letter, stating business and salary, to
THOS. J. HUMPHRIE, Business Manager.
THREE DAYS' SILENCE will please be accepted as a respectful negative. 45-1t

THE GREAT

COMMONWEALTH CIRCUS.
GEORGE M. KELLY,
PETER CONKLIN,
JOHN CONKLIN, ... Proprietors.
WILLIAM LA RUE,
JOHN KEEGAN, General Agent.
Have completed their organization for the
TRAVELING SEASON OF 1871.
The SHOW is complete in every detail, having the best talent in the country at its head, and cannot fail to be the
GREAT SENSATION OF 1871.
Privileges to rent. For particulars address
PETER CONKLIN,
45-1t* No. 2,108 Redner street, Philadelphia, Pa.

NEW MUSIC.

"GOD BLESS THE LITTLE CHURCH," Song and Chorus. Words by George Cooper. Music by Charles E. Pratt. Price 35c. Just published by WM. HALL & SON,
45-1t* 543 Broadway.

WANTED

A FIRST CLASS LADY VOCALIST (Serio Comic), at the NATIONAL GARDEN, 104 Bowery. Address E. ROSINSKY, at the premises. 45-1t*

DISTIN'S

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
PRICE LIST
AND
DRAWINGS FREE.

I have used every maker's of note and have never been perfectly satisfied till now. M. ARBUCKLE.
Gilmore's Band, Boston.
They surpass every instrument of the same character that I have previously tried. J. LEVY.
The low notes, as well as the octaves, are equally easy of rendition. I find it faultless and like it better than any instrument I have ever tried. J. T. McKISSEN.
The most perfect instrument I ever owned. J. W. DYER,
Portland.
I would not exchange my Distin Cornet for any I have ever used, and I think I have tried as hard to find it as any one need to.
Jan. 12, 1871. L. W. DOUBLEDAY, Richfield Springs, N. Y.
The Distin Cornet is superior to any before the public. J. HARLOW, N. Y.
I am delighted with the Cornet. The tone is far superior to any other; it blows easier, and in fact I would not change it for any Cornet I have ever seen, and that is the opinion of all who have tried it. JOHN N. STOCKTON,
Jan. 9, 1870. Leader Stockton's Cornet Band, Poughkeepsie, N.Y.
The Instrument is the finest I have ever had in my hands. I am much pleased with it. LEWIS J. DAY, Green Bay, Wis.
HARTFORD, CONN., Sept. 19th, 1870.
GENTLEMEN.—The set of instruments received by our band from your house have, after a severe and thorough trial of three months, exceeded our most sanguine expectations. We knew that they would be good, but we have found them to be superb; and that is the universal verdict of musicians and all others who have heard them. They are remarkable for the PURITY AND SINGING QUALITY of their tones, and for possessing great remaining power, entirely devoid of harshness. We have never been able, on instruments that we have previously used, to so easily and completely master the extremes of Piano and Forte and the Crescendo.
The testimony of individual members of the band is, that after a long and arduous engagement, they feel much less fatigued than when they were using other instruments.
THE ELEGANT AND THOROUGH WORKMANSHIP exhibited in each and every instrument demands especial notice. They are models of SHAPE, STRENGTH AND DURABILITY.
The PATENT LIGHT VALVES are all that the most flattering testimonials from other sources have represented.
Among individual instruments particularly noticed by persons outside the band, may be mentioned the monster Champion Bass and Tenor Cors. The former is noticed for its smooth round tone, combined with immense power. The Tenor Cors were an experiment, but they have greatly exceeded what, from a careful description, we had been led to expect of them. They unite the qualities of the French Horn and Saxhorn; and from their great flexibility, they make an excellent substitute for the former instrument in orchestra (with the advantage of having the Saxhorn fingering); while in the brass band their tone, combined with the Trombones, gives to the middle instruments a quality rarely equaled in any bands in this country. Not the least desirable quality noticed by persons who listen to these instruments is the ease, in their use, in perfect tune in all keys. I do not think they can be excelled in temperament or tone.
Finally, each instrument is a model of its kind, and the combined effect of the whole all that could be desired.
Yours respectfully,
T. G. ADKINS, Leader Colt's Armory Band.
For Messrs. BOOSEY & CO., New York.
Sole Agents:—BOOSEY & CO., 4 Bond Street, New York. 43-1t

ALLEN'S NEW GLOBE THEATRE,

CHICAGO, ILL.
D. R. ALLEN & CO. ..... Proprietors
Now open for the regular season. First class stars will be treated with on liberal terms. Address communications to
43-4t D. R. ALLEN.

ALLIANCE MUSICALE.

LAFLEUR'S MUSICAL PUBLICATIONS,

For Orchestra, Octuor and Septet Music. Military and Brass Band Journals. The best and cheapest works out. Send for complete catalogue to T. ROSENSTEIN,
43-4t* 384 Bowery, N. Y.

METROPOLITAN,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.
FIRST CLASS VARIETY TALENT WANTED
at all times. Address H. D. HARRIS. 43-9t

WANTED.

TALENT
For Stowe's Southern Circus for the season of 1871. Finest street outfit on the road. None but first class artists need apply. Address care of Clipper Office, stating line of business and lowest salary. None but sober men need apply. JOHN STOWE.
43-4t* Proprietor.

WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN OF 17 desires to join a first class minstrel troupe with a view of learning the profession. Address
45-3t* A. B. ARDEN, Cambridge City, Ind.

FOR SALE.

An advertising wagon, built for the purpose, with hooks, straps, ladder and buckets, in good order; can be used with one or two horses. Address THOMAS BRUTON, 16 Chambers st., N. Y. 43-3t*

GEO. WAMBOLD,

CHAMPION CONTORTIONIST, and his Champion troupe of eight PERFORMING DOGS, also, HARRY WAMBOLD, the great GYMNAST. Business—Balancing Trapeze, Contortionist, Comic Feats, Horizontal Bar, Wambold's great Sensation act of Performing Dogs, concluding with Steeple Chase Dogs and Monkeys. Can be engaged for traveling season of 71. Responsible Circus Managers address GEO. WAMBOLD, 717 South 11th street, Philadelphia, Pa. 43-5t*

TO THE PROFESSION,

LAYSON HALL, Shelbyville, Ky. Seats for 500.
Population 3,000, with a rich surrounding country; on Shelby Railroad, thirty-one miles from Louisville, Ky.
THE BEST SHOW TOWN IN THE SOUTHWEST.
The Hall is now open for engagements. Address
J. LAYSON & BRO.,
43-13t Shelbyville, Ky.

HARLEM MUSIC HALL,

CORNER THIRD AVENUE AND 130TH STREET,
NEW YORK.
THIS SPLENDID NEW HALL
can be secured for
BALLS,
CONCERTS,
LECTURES, THEATRICALS,
or any first class entertainment.
HAS A FULL SET OF SCENERY
PROSCENIUM, STAGE, &C.
CAN BE SECURED FOR ONE DAY OR LONGER.
Apply on the premises from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M., or by letter to
43-1t S. D. CHASE, Agent.

KEYSTONE OPERA HOUSE,

POST OFFICE BUILDING,
READING, PA.
The most centrally located hall in the city. To let for all first class entertainments, except theatrical troupes. Hall will seat 1,000 people. Two fine dressing rooms. Terms moderate. Address
43-13t* FRANK STOUCH, Proprietor,
Michlu's Hotel, Reading, Pa.

MOZART HALL,

BUFFALO, N. Y.
FRANK ENGLE ..... Proprietor.
CHAS. CORIELL ..... Stage Manager.
Lady vocalists and danseuses wanted immediately. Salaries must be low but they are sure. No wine room connected with this establishment. No fares paid. Direct as above. 42-1t

CANTWELL'S HALL,

CHAUTAUQUA, N. Y.,
On line of Ogdensburg and Champlain R. R. Largest Hall in town; entirely new. Terms moderate. Address THOMAS W. CANTWELL, Chautauqua, N. Y. 44-13t*

TO RESPONSIBLE

CIRCUS MANAGERS ONLY.
BILL ROLLAND,
THE PRINCIPAL CLOWN,
Now traveling with C. W. Noyes,
CAN BE ENGAGED
FOR THE ENSUING SEASON
TO PLAY PRINCIPAL CLOWN.
Sings, does Comic Silli Act and Tumbles.
ALSO HIS WIFE, AS A VOCALIST FOR THE CONCERT.
Address him in care of Clipper office. 44-3t*

JOHNNY RENFORTH,

ONG AND DANCE MAN, can be engaged for the coming circus season. Address 107 Myrtle street, St. Louis, Mo. 44-4t*

TO CIRCUS MANAGERS,

THE BLISS BROTHERS,
CHARLES, ALBERT AND GEORGE,
Can be engaged for the coming tenting season of 1871. Business:—TRIPLE PARTERRE, MAGIC BARREL AND TUMBLING.
All first class. Address CHAS. BLISS,
44-2t* Madison, Wisconsin.

FRESH LAGER BIER

CAN ALWAYS BE FOUND AT
HERMAN GROBE'S, NO. 74 PRINCE STREET, N. Y.,
The favorite resort of the Theatrical Profession. 45-1t

TO THE PROFESSION.

Boosey's Complete Operas for voice and piano, in full score; words in English and Italian, or German. Price one dollar each. Now ready, "Don Juan," "Fidelio," "Il Barbiere," "Somnambula," "Martha," "Trovatore." Issued fortnightly. BOOSEY & CO. 4 Bond street, and W. A. POND & CO., 547 Broadway, N. Y. 43-1t

KLEIN'S OPERA HOUSE,

SCRANTON, PA.
This truly elegant TEMPLE OF AMUSEMENT is situated on LACKAWANNA AVENUE, SCRANTON, PA.,
And in direct communication by rail with New York and Philadelphia. Having been finished in the most elaborate style, both for the comfort of the company and the public. Also stocked with a full set of scenery and machinery, and, after having been opened for one week by the Richings' Opera Troupe, of eighty performers, with the most flattering success, is now for rent by night, week, or month to all first class and responsible troupes. For particulars address KLEIN'S OPERA HOUSE, Box 83, Scranton, Pa. 43-1t

CIRCUS TENTS.

SHOWMEN WILL DO WELL
by getting an estimate for their tents from
HENRY SPARKS, 173 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK,
as he can work for from 10 to 25 per cent less than any other party.
Reference—J. O'Brien, 28 Harrison st., Frankford st., Philadelphia, Pa. 43-3t*

HENRY C. TRYON,

SCENIC ARTIST.
Scenes and Drop Curtains painted for theatres, public halls, &c. Address 210 Clark street, Chicago. 43-13t

LINCOLN HALL,

CORNER MAIN AND PEARL STREETS, WELLSVILLE, N. Y.
Has an elegant stage, fine scenery, footlights and dressing rooms. It can be rented for Lectures, Concerts, Dramatic, Theatrical and other entertainments, on application to the proprietor.
43-13t* W. F. JONES.

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE,

89 SOUTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.
H. M. HOOLEY ..... PROPRIETOR
BUSINESS MANAGER ..... CHARLES WHITE
THIS NEW AND GORGEOUS TEMPLE OF AMUSEMENT,
THE BIJOU OF THE WEST,
NOW OPEN FOR THE SEASON.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENTS, consisting of Light Comedy, Vaudeville, Opera, Minstrelsy, Pantomime, Burlesque, Spectacular Pieces, etc., given in rotation. Liberal terms to parties in the above line. Nothing but first class material solicited. All communications strictly confidential. Address as above. 43-12t

E. STONE'S CIRCUS,

Which has been wintering at
WAUSEON, O.,
Has re-organized for the
TENTING SEASON OF 1871,
WITH NEW WAGONS, NEW CANVASS, TRAPPINGS, AND EVERYTHING APPERTAINING TO THE BUSINESS.
RIDERS AND GYMNASTS WANTED.
None but good sober men or people need apply.
E. STONE,
44-3t* Proprietor.

NEW SONGS.

All the latest, full music size, 10 cents each copy. Send postage stamp for catalogue. HARDING'S MUSIC OFFICE,
41-4t 288 Bowery, N. Y.

THE MILLER BROTHERS,

GYMNASTS AND FIRST CLASS TUMBLERS, now traveling in the south, will be at liberty to engage with circus managers for the coming tenting season. [42-3t*] Address Clipper office.

J. CARON,

Who traveled last season with J. M. FRENCH'S CIRCUS, can be engaged for the coming tenting season.
Business—Classic Groupings with his two sons, double comic act, French trick clowns, and comic fiddler, entire act, &c.
Address J. CARON,
42-4t* Care of Clipper Office.

TO CIRCUS MANAGERS.

JOHN CARROLL,
CLOWN AND COMEDIAN,
Late of Stowe & Orton's Southern Circus, can now be engaged for the coming summer season by responsible managers only.
43-5t* Address care CLIPPER OFFICE, New York.

CENTRAL HALL,

COSHOCTON, O.
On Second Floor. Furnished in GOOD STYLE for THEATRICAL AND OTHER TROUPES. On the P. C. and St. Louis R. R., West of Pittsburgh and Steubenville, East of Columbus and Newark.
41-13t* DRS. ANDERSON & STEVENSON, Proprietors.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.
FIRST CLASS
DRAMATIC STARS WANTED.
METROPOLITAN
TO RENT BY NIGHT, WEEK OR MONTH.
Combinations and Troupes played on shares at either place.
34-13t* LSAKE & DICKSON.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.
This well furnished theatre will be for rent for the months
JUNE, JULY AND AUGUST,
BY THE NIGHT OR WEEK.
UPON MOST REASONABLE TERMS.
Address JOHN A. ELLSLER, JR., Manager.
P. S.—Wanted a first class Minstrel Troupe to play here a month, on shares, or rent terms. 43-13t

NEW MASONIC HALL,

PHŒNIXVILLE, PA.
Seating capacity, one thousand (1,000). Well lighted, ventilated and warmed.
Stage, 43x16. Drop curtain. Population, five thousand (5,000).
43-1t* N. M. ELLIS, Agent.

MINARD LEWIS,

SCENERY, PANORAMAS, PHOTOGRAPHIC BACKGROUNDS, DISTEMPER PAINTING of all kinds, Banners, &c., &c.
42-26t* STUDIOS, 226 and 228 Sixth street, New York.

NEW WESTERN THEATRICAL STORE

129 Dearborn st., Chicago, Ill.
GEORGE S. THURBER,

Importer, Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer, respectfully calls the attention of Managers of Theatres, Circuses, Menageries, Pantomime and Opera Companies, to his extensive stock of THEATRICAL, MILITARY, REGALIA, SOCIETY, CHURCH, COSTUMERS' and all kinds of GOLD and SILVER TRIMMINGS, the best and largest assortment ever seen west of New York. Please call and examine. Opera Shoes, Sandals, and Theatrical Hosiery, Symmetries, or Padding, Dancing Clogs, Spangles, Concaves, Lacet Stars, Tassels, Beads, Point D'Espagne, Armor Cloth, Tights, Crotch Plumes, Bells, Foil Stones, Buttons, Orders, Swords, Stone Settings, Chapeaus, Costume Plates, Imitation Diamond Jewelry, Dominoes, Dirks, Masks, Brocades, Zinc Ornaments, Belts, Hosiery, Foil Paper, Oracine, Tarletons, Gold and Silver Leather, Theatrical Wigs, Swords (modern and antique), Stage Jewelry.
GOODS SENT C. O. D. TO ALL PARTS OF THE U. S. AND CANADAS. 35-26t*

SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM,

19 MAIDEN LANE.
Importers and Dealers in
THEATRICAL LACES, FRINGES, STARS,
CLOTHS, SPANGLES, Etc. 36-13t*

HARTZ' MAGICAL

REPOSITORY, 748 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
THE ONLY PLACE OF THE KIND IN THE UNITED STATES.
Send for the 64 page illustrated catalogue, 25c. Liberal discount to the profession. 43-1t*

ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS' CONCERT COMPANY.

All business communications should be addressed to ADELAIDE PHILLIPPS' CONCERT CO., Russell's Music Store, Boston, Mass. 37-10t*

FRANK'S HALL,

KANSAS CITY, MO.,
having recently been re-fitted, and being situated in the heart of a city of 33,000 inhabitants, is now for rent at reasonable rates to managers of first class companies of any kind. It is the only available Hall in the City. Seats 800 and had large Stage and a full set of scenery. Address R. B. HOWE WEST, Agent, and Bill Poster. E. CASE, Jr., and I. K. THACHER, Proprietors. 34-26t*

TO MANAGERS AND AGENTS.

STYER'S NEW OPERA HOUSE,
DACORAH, IOWA.
This new, beautiful and magnificent Opera House has just been completed on the latest improved plan, and is now ready to lease to all first class companies for the season. Stage 34½ feet high, front 42 feet wide, and 15 feet deep; new and gorgeous scenery, painted by Prof. Reynolds, from Drury Lane, Theatre, London. Splendidly lighted, and
SEATS NINE HUNDRED.
5,000 inhabitants, and a live, wide awake town, that patronizes a good Theatre handsomely. LICENSE LOW.
BILL POSTING
ATTENDED TO BY THE PROPRIETOR.
For terms address or apply to J. STYER,
36-13t* Proprietor.

HOLCOMBE HALL,

LYNCHBURG, VIRGINIA.
THE FINEST HALL IN THE STATE.
SEATS 600 PERSONS.
Good Stage, Drop Curtain, Foot and Border Lights, Scenery (flats) Dressing Rooms, Ticket Offices, &c., &c.
TO LET BY THE NIGHT OR WEEK
to First Class Entertainments only, and Good Companies can always do well here. Population of the city 15,000. For terms, &c., address S. R. DAWSON, Agent.
Office for sale of Reserved Seats at Emerson Bros. Book Store. 35-13t*

ELLIOTT'S OPERA HOUSE,

WOONSOCKET, RHODE ISLAND.
This new and beautiful hall will be let at reasonable rates for first class performances. It will accommodate about Eleven Hundred and Fifty Persons. It has full set of Scenery, and has been furnished and fitted up with a view of accommodating ALL TRAVELING TROUPES. This hall is connected with the Largest and Best Hotel in the city, so that it is not necessary for parties to go out of doors to communicate with the hall. All communications relative to procuring this hall will receive prompt attention. Address
L. W. ELLIOTT,
37-13t Woonsocket, R. I. Post Office Box 138.

MILTON, PENNA.,

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
NEW AND ELEGANTLY FINISHED.
Full set of Scenery. Stage, 28x50. LIGHTED BY GAS. Capacity 1,000. NO BETTER HALL IN THE STATE.
Address J. WOODS BROWN, Treasurer,
36-26t Milton, Northumberland Co., Penn.

CIRCUS TALENT WANTED

AT MRS. CHARLES WARNER'S GREAT CHAMPION CIRCUS, Tenth and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia, now in full tide of success. Performers of acknowledged ability, or parties having SENSATIONAL ACTS,
will address "MANAGER," Champion Circus, Tenth and Callowhill streets, Philadelphia. Silence a negative. 36-13t

PLAYS IN MSS. CAN BE PROCURED,

and on the application of stars plays are written for them on equitable terms, accurately adapted to their individual idiosyncrasy. H. Abbot, room 25, 149 S. Clark st., Chicago. Enclose stamp. [36-13t*]

DOBSON'S

GREAT PATENT PARLOR BANJOS have no equal in the world for loud, sweet and brilliant tone. Rosewood, beautifully polished, twenty silver screws, transparent head, patent fastenings, silver tail piece, etc., price $20; No. 2, $30; fancy banjos, $50, $75 and $100. My new banjo instruction book will teach you to play perfectly without a master; price, $5. Book and Banjo sent C. O. D. to all parts of the United States, separate if desired. Also, general dealer in all kinds of Musical Instruments, brass, string and reed, Guitars, Violins, snare, bass and orchestra Drums, Concertinas, Accordeons, Tambourines, etc. All orders addressed to
38-1f HENRY C DOBSON, 260 Bowery, N. Y.

TO CIRCUS AND SIDE SHOW MANAGERS.

JAMES MARTIN & SON,
manufacturers of Circus and Show Canvases, Bunting, Flags, &c., 124 Commercial street, Boston.
33-13t* PRICE LIST SENT FREE.

ALICE PLACIDE,

TRAGKDIENNE AND COMEDIENNE For Season of 1871-2
34-13t* Address COL. T. ALLSTON BROWN, N. Y.

MRS. ELIZA KENYON (FORMERLY MISS ELIZA GARDNER),

Premiere Equestrienne; Mr. CHAS. KENYON, Ringmaster, etc.; Mr. DAN GARDNER, Clown and Equestrian Director; Master EDDIE GARDNER, General Performer, can be engaged for the tenting season of 71, either separately or together. Address DANIEL GARDNER, corner 33d and Bridge streets, West Philadelphia, Pa. 43-4t

MAURICE DESOLLA,

(Tenor Robusto) of the Parepa Rosa Opera Troupe. All letters to permanent address, care of WILLIAM HALL & SON,
45-2t* Music Store, 543 Broadway.

THEATRICAL PLAYS.

We always have in stock
ALL THAT ARE PUBLISHED IN THE COUNTRY,
and a large assortment of Italian and English Operas. Also all FOREIGN PLAYS AND MANUSCRIPTS
to order. Send for a catalogue. Orders sent by mail free of postage. R. BURNTON, 92 Fourth avenue, N. Y. 41-1f

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN,
CORNER OF BROADWAY AND BLEECKER STREET,
HEADQUARTERS OF SHOWMEN AND MEMBERS OF ALL PROFESSIONS.
One hundred good rooms at $1 per day. Hotel thoroughly renovated and meals served at all hours.
36-26t* GEORGE S. LELAND, Proprietor.

LONG'S HALL,

ILION, HERKIMER CO., N. Y.
W. W. LONG ..... PROPRIETOR.
The only SAFE, established and popular resort in the place, with scenery, drop, border lights, footlights, etc.
BEST BILL BOARDS AND ONLY POSTER SECURED.
GOOD SHOW TOWN. 41-sow-52t*

ELLIOT'S
ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

WILLIAMSPORT, PA.
The attention of Theatrical managers is specially called to this new and beautiful Hall, opened Dec. 7th, 1870. Divided into Parquette, Parquette Circle and Balcony Circle. Containing one thousand of the latest improved upholstered folding chairs. Well lighted and well heated. Stage, thirty feet by fifty feet, with full stock of sliding and set scenery. Four dressing-rooms, two on stage and two below, with rear entrance to stage.
41-7t*sow* All applications address W. G. ELLIOT, Proprietor.

FOR SALE,

The entire CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE of the late COL. C. T. AMES. The animals are well known as the finest performing animals in America. For terms address MRS. C. T. AMES,
41 8t Crescent City Museum, New Orleans, La.

TO MANAGERS OF THEATRES:—THE WONDERFUL

"SAPPHO"
ENGLISH OPERA COMBINATION
Have played in every Theatre from New York to Savannah.
Managers desiring to play this party on shares will write to
43-1. H. DORSAY OGDEN,
Box 787, Savannah, Geo.

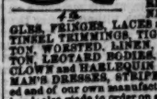
TAYLOR & BLAKE'S HALL,

IN OTTUMWA, IOWA.
WILL SEAT EIGHT HUNDRED.
Has good Stage and Dressing Rooms with the requisite scenery. Ottumwa has a population of six to eight thousand people.
40-30t* TAYLOR & BLAKE,
Proprietors.

NEW THEATRICAL STORE

SHANNON, MILLER & CRANE

No. 46 Malden Lane, New York.



Importers of and Manufacturers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in CIRCUS and THEATRICAL GOODS of every Description. COSTUMERS and FANCY DRESS MATERIALS, MILITARY and REGALIA TRIMMINGS, FLAGS, BANNERS, &c., in every variety. SPANGLES, FRINGES, LACES and all kinds of GOLD, SILVER and TINSEL TRIMMINGS, TIGHTS of every variety in SILK, COTTON, WORSTED, LINEN, LISLE THREAD and FINE COTTON, LEOTARD BODIES, SHIRTS, TIGHTS, CAPS, TRUNKS, CLOWN and HARLEQUIN SUITS, BEAR, MONKEY and WILD MAN'S DRESSES, STRIPED STOCKINGS, &c., &c., both imported and of our own manufacture. A large assortment constantly on hand; also made to order on short notice. THEATRICAL HOSIERY, PADDINGS and SYMMETRIES a specialty. CLOGS, SHOES, HATS and WIGS, every pattern. Goods sent C. O. D. to any part of the UNITED STATES or CANADAS. 40-24t*

KEYSTONE HALL,

CARBONDALE, PENN.
The attention of Managers and Agents is invited to the merits of this
NEW AND FIRST CLASS BRICK HALL.
Capacious and airy, with high ceilings, well lighted with gas and furnished with comfortable seats capable of accommodating eight hundred persons, they will find it one of the most commodious in their travels. It connects by a side door with the Keystone Hotel, a first class house in every respect, and in the centre of a population numbering twelve thousand. MIKESELL & ELSBECHT, Carbondale, Pa. 37-36t*

CLARRY & REILLEY,

PRINTERS AND ENGRAVERS,
13, 14 AND 15 SPRUCE STREET,
NEW YORK.
THE LARGEST SHOW BILL PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT IN THE WORLD
THIS FIRM
Pays particular attention to getting up all kinds of FANCY SHOW BILLS
For traveling companies, and have on hand a large and splendid assortment of large and small WOOD CUTS
Suitable for Circuses, Menageries, Acrobatic Performers, Gymnasts, Magicians &c., &c., which can be printed in one or more colors, to suit customers.
A design furnished on all work ordered 40-1f

THE BANJO TAUGHT

BY GEORGE H. BISBEE.
REFERS BY PERMISSION TO
FRANK B. CONVERSE.
Pupils prepared